

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations  
and is not a part of the Official Record

## **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

**IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.**

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,  
please do not report the images to the  
Image Problem Mailbox.**



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>7</sup> : <b>C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, C12Q 1/68, A61K 39/395, G01N 33/68, 33/574, C07K 16/30, C12N 15/62, 5/02 // A61P 35/00</b>		A2	(11) International Publication Number: <b>WO 00/04149</b>
			(43) International Publication Date: 27 January 2000 (27.01.00)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838		(74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US).	
(22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99)			
(30) Priority Data:		(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).	
09/115,453 14 July 1998 (14.07.98) US 09/116,134 14 July 1998 (14.07.98) US 09/159,822 23 September 1998 (23.09.98) US 09/159,812 23 September 1998 (23.09.98) US 09/232,880 15 January 1999 (15.01.99) US 09/232,149 15 January 1999 (15.01.99) US 09/288,946 9 April 1999 (09.04.99) US			
(71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US).			
(72) Inventors: DILLON, Davin, Clifford; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). HARLOCKER, Susan, Louise; 6203 20th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98107 (US). YUQIU, Jiang; 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA 98032 (US). XU, Jiangchun; 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). MITCHAM, Jennifer, Lynn; 16677 Northeast 88th Street, Redmond, WA 98052 (US).		<b>Published</b> <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>	
(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER			
(57) Abstract			
<p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>			

**FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY**

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece			TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon			PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

## COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

### TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present



invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of  $\gamma$ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8<sup>+</sup> cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a <sup>51</sup>Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16  
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1  
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9  
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4  
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17  
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17  
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862  
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862  
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13  
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13  
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19  
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19  
SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25  
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25  
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24  
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24  
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58  
SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58  
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63  
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63  
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4  
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4  
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14  
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14  
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16  
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21  
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48  
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55  
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2  
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6  
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858  
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860  
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864  
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5  
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8  
SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9  
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18  
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20  
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29  
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30  
SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34  
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36  
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38  
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39  
SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for P42  
SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for P47  
SEQ ID NO: 54 is the determined cDNA sequence for P49  
SEQ ID NO: 55 is the determined cDNA sequence for P50  
SEQ ID NO: 56 is the determined cDNA sequence for P53  
SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for P55  
SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for P60  
SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for P64  
SEQ ID NO: 60 is the determined cDNA sequence for P65  
SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for P73  
SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for P75  
SEQ ID NO: 63 is the determined cDNA sequence for P76  
SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for P79  
SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84  
SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for P68  
SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for P80  
SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for P82  
SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3064  
SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3065  
SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3692  
SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1A-3905  
SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686  
SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330  
SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976  
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

SEQ ID NO: 77 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4736  
SEQ ID NO: 78 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4738  
SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4741  
SEQ ID NO: 80 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4744  
SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4734  
SEQ ID NO: 82 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4774  
SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4781  
SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785  
SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787  
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796  
SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807  
SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810  
SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4811  
SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876  
SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4884  
SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4896  
SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4761  
SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4762  
SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4766  
SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4770  
SEQ ID NO: 97 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4771  
SEQ ID NO: 98 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4772  
SEQ ID NO: 99 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4297  
SEQ ID NO: 100 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4309  
SEQ ID NO: 101 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278  
SEQ ID NO: 102 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4288  
SEQ ID NO: 103 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4283  
SEQ ID NO: 104 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4304  
SEQ ID NO: 105 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4296  
SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280  
SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S)  
SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17  
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-1862  
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17

SEQ ID NO: 113 is the predicted amino acid sequence for L1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 114 is the predicted amino acid sequence for N1-1862  
SEQ ID NO: 115 is the determined cDNA sequence for P89  
SEQ ID NO: 116 is the determined cDNA sequence for P90  
SEQ ID NO: 117 is the determined cDNA sequence for P92  
SEQ ID NO: 118 is the determined cDNA sequence for P95  
SEQ ID NO: 119 is the determined cDNA sequence for P98  
SEQ ID NO: 120 is the determined cDNA sequence for P102  
SEQ ID NO: 121 is the determined cDNA sequence for P110  
SEQ ID NO: 122 is the determined cDNA sequence for P111  
SEQ ID NO: 123 is the determined cDNA sequence for P114  
SEQ ID NO: 124 is the determined cDNA sequence for P115  
SEQ ID NO: 125 is the determined cDNA sequence for P116  
SEQ ID NO: 126 is the determined cDNA sequence for P124  
SEQ ID NO: 127 is the determined cDNA sequence for P126  
SEQ ID NO: 128 is the determined cDNA sequence for P130  
SEQ ID NO: 129 is the determined cDNA sequence for P133  
SEQ ID NO: 130 is the determined cDNA sequence for P138  
SEQ ID NO: 131 is the determined cDNA sequence for P143  
SEQ ID NO: 132 is the determined cDNA sequence for P151  
SEQ ID NO: 133 is the determined cDNA sequence for P156  
SEQ ID NO: 134 is the determined cDNA sequence for P157  
SEQ ID NO: 135 is the determined cDNA sequence for P166  
SEQ ID NO: 136 is the determined cDNA sequence for P176  
SEQ ID NO: 137 is the determined cDNA sequence for P178  
SEQ ID NO: 138 is the determined cDNA sequence for P179  
SEQ ID NO: 139 is the determined cDNA sequence for P185  
SEQ ID NO: 140 is the determined cDNA sequence for P192  
SEQ ID NO: 141 is the determined cDNA sequence for P201  
SEQ ID NO: 142 is the determined cDNA sequence for P204  
SEQ ID NO: 143 is the determined cDNA sequence for P208  
SEQ ID NO: 144 is the determined cDNA sequence for P211  
SEQ ID NO: 145 is the determined cDNA sequence for P213  
SEQ ID NO: 146 is the determined cDNA sequence for P219  
SEQ ID NO: 147 is the determined cDNA sequence for P237  
SEQ ID NO: 148 is the determined cDNA sequence for P239  
SEQ ID NO: 149 is the determined cDNA sequence for P248



SEQ ID NO: 150 is the determined cDNA sequence for P251  
SEQ ID NO: 151 is the determined cDNA sequence for P255  
SEQ ID NO: 152 is the determined cDNA sequence for P256  
SEQ ID NO: 153 is the determined cDNA sequence for P259  
SEQ ID NO: 154 is the determined cDNA sequence for P260  
SEQ ID NO: 155 is the determined cDNA sequence for P263  
SEQ ID NO: 156 is the determined cDNA sequence for P264  
SEQ ID NO: 157 is the determined cDNA sequence for P266  
SEQ ID NO: 158 is the determined cDNA sequence for P270  
SEQ ID NO: 159 is the determined cDNA sequence for P272  
SEQ ID NO: 160 is the determined cDNA sequence for P278  
SEQ ID NO: 161 is the determined cDNA sequence for P105  
SEQ ID NO: 162 is the determined cDNA sequence for P107  
SEQ ID NO: 163 is the determined cDNA sequence for P137  
SEQ ID NO: 164 is the determined cDNA sequence for P194  
SEQ ID NO: 165 is the determined cDNA sequence for P195  
SEQ ID NO: 166 is the determined cDNA sequence for P196  
SEQ ID NO: 167 is the determined cDNA sequence for P220  
SEQ ID NO: 168 is the determined cDNA sequence for P234  
SEQ ID NO: 169 is the determined cDNA sequence for P235  
SEQ ID NO: 170 is the determined cDNA sequence for P243  
SEQ ID NO: 171 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE1  
SEQ ID NO: 172 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE1  
SEQ ID NO: 173 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE2  
SEQ ID NO: 174 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE6  
SEQ ID NO: 175 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE13  
SEQ ID NO: 176 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE13  
SEQ ID NO: 177 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE14  
SEQ ID NO: 178 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE14  
SEQ ID NO: 179 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4736  
SEQ ID NO: 180 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4738  
SEQ ID NO: 181 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4741  
SEQ ID NO: 182 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4744  
SEQ ID NO: 183 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4774  
SEQ ID NO: 184 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4781  
SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4785  
SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4787

SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4796  
SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1I-4807  
SEQ ID NO: 189 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4810  
SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4811  
SEQ ID NO: 191 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1J-4876  
SEQ ID NO: 192 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4884  
SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4896  
SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4761  
SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4762  
SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4766  
SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4770  
SEQ ID NO: 198 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4771  
SEQ ID NO: 199 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4772  
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4309  
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278  
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4288  
SEQ ID NO: 203 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4283  
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4304  
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4296  
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4280  
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-d8fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-H10con  
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11-C8rev  
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6rev  
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5rev  
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev  
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev  
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev  
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev  
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev  
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S  
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5  
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11  
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6  
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7  
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13  
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14  
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23  
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24  
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25  
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30  
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34  
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35  
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36  
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38  
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39  
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40  
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41  
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42  
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45  
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46  
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51  
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56  
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64  
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65  
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67  
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76  
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84  
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85  
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86  
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87  
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88  
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1  
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2  
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2  
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1  
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3  
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4  
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5  
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6  
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6  
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5  
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6  
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8  
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7  
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9  
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10  
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9  
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12  
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12  
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11  
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11  
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12  
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12  
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12  
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2  
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1  
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2  
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3  
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4  
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3  
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4  
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6  
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6  
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5  
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8  
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7  
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7  
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8  
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7  
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8  
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8  
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10  
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9  
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10  
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9  
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9  
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12  
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11  
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12  
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12  
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P  
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P  
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23  
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P  
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P  
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P  
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P  
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P  
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P  
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes  
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5  
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5  
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26  
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26  
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23  
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23  
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S  
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)  
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P  
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)  
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P  
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10  
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5  
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S  
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P  
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P  
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.  
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.  
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.  
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.  
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.  
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.  
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.  
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.  
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.  
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.  
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.  
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.  
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.  
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.  
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.  
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.  
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.  
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.  
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.  
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.  
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.  
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.  
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.  
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.  
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.  
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.  
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.  
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.  
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.  
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.  
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.  
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.  
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.  
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.  
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.  
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.  
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.



SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.  
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.  
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.  
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.  
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.  
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.  
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.  
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.  
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.  
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.  
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.  
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.  
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.  
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

#### PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenesis pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with  $^{32}\text{P}$ ) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (e.g., promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl- methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

#### PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, <sup>125</sup>I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.



Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are

*E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

#### BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about  $10^3$  L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (*e.g.*, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats*). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest*). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include  $^{90}\text{Y}$ ,  $^{123}\text{I}$ ,  $^{125}\text{I}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^{186}\text{Re}$ ,  $^{188}\text{Re}$ ,  $^{211}\text{At}$ , and  $^{212}\text{Bi}$ . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, *Shigella* toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

#### T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience



(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup>. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4<sup>+</sup> or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

#### PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998,

and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextran), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- $\gamma$ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- $\beta$ ) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF $\alpha$  to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF $\alpha$ , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc $\gamma$  receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

#### CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8<sup>+</sup> cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4<sup>+</sup> T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100  $\mu$ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

#### METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding



agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10  $\mu$ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see*, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

#### DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

## EXAMPLES

### EXAMPLE 1

#### ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A<sup>+</sup> RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A<sup>+</sup> RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained  $1.64 \times 10^7$  independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained  $3.3 \times 10^6$  independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70  $\mu$ g) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100  $\mu$ l of

H<sub>2</sub>O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100  $\mu$ l (100  $\mu$ g) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50  $\mu$ l) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23  $\mu$ l H<sub>2</sub>O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10  $\mu$ g prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5  $\mu$ l H<sub>2</sub>O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15  $\mu$ l driver DNA and 20  $\mu$ l of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12  $\mu$ l H<sub>2</sub>O, mixed with 8  $\mu$ l driver DNA and 20  $\mu$ l of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK<sup>+</sup> (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human



autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted

amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

## EXAMPLE 2

### DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2  $\mu$ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR,  $\beta$ -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using  $\beta$ -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the  $\beta$ -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the  $\beta$ -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney). The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the microarray technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.



Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX\_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.

Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

#### EXAMPLE 4 SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

#### EXAMPLE 5

##### FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

#### EXAMPLE 6

##### PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100µg of P2S#12 and 120µg of an I-A<sup>b</sup> binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at  $6 \times 10^6$  cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL),  $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml  $\beta$ 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells ( $5 \times 10^5$ /ml) were restimulated with  $2.5 \times 10^6$ /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and  $3 \times 10^6$ /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells ( $1 \times 10^4$  cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 $\mu\text{g}$  of P1S #10 and 120 $\mu\text{g}$  of an I-A<sup>b</sup> binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at  $6 \times 10^6$  cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2 $\mu\text{g/ml}$  P1S#10 and 10mg/ml  $\beta$ 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 $\mu\text{g/ml}$  dextran sulfate and 25 $\mu\text{g/ml}$  LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells ( $5 \times 10^5$ /ml) were restimulated with  $2.5 \times 10^6$ /ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and  $3 \times 10^6$ /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells ( $1 \times 10^4$  cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

#### EXAMPLE 7

##### ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a  $\gamma$ -interferon ELISPOT assay (*see* Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on  $10^4$  fibroblasts in the presence of 3  $\mu$ g/ml human  $\beta_2$ -microglobulin and 1  $\mu$ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml  $\gamma$ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a  $\gamma$ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of  $\gamma$ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of  $\gamma$ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

#### EXAMPLE 8

##### PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

#### EXAMPLE 9

##### GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8+ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and



priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- $\gamma$  when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- $\gamma$  in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

#### EXAMPLE 10

##### IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100  $\mu$ g of p5 peptide together with 140  $\mu$ g of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis

with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

#### EXAMPLE 11

##### EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

#### EXAMPLE 12

##### ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GMCSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8<sup>+</sup> cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8<sup>+</sup> lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays ( $^{51}\text{Cr}$  release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above* and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

### EXAMPLE 13

#### IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I  
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

#### EXAMPLE 14

##### IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

**Table II**  
**Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs**

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III  
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV  
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P



403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

## EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS  
BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

## EXAMPLE 16

## FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

## CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.



43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;  
wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
  - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
  - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or
  - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
  - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
  - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
  - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and
  - (ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
  - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
  - (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
  - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
  - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

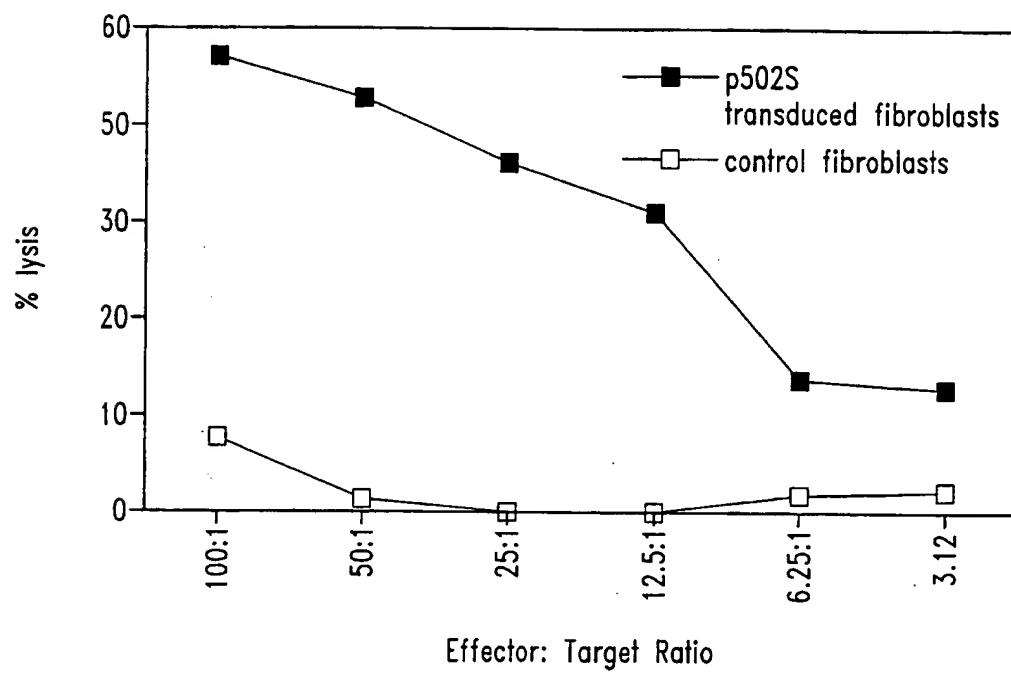
77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

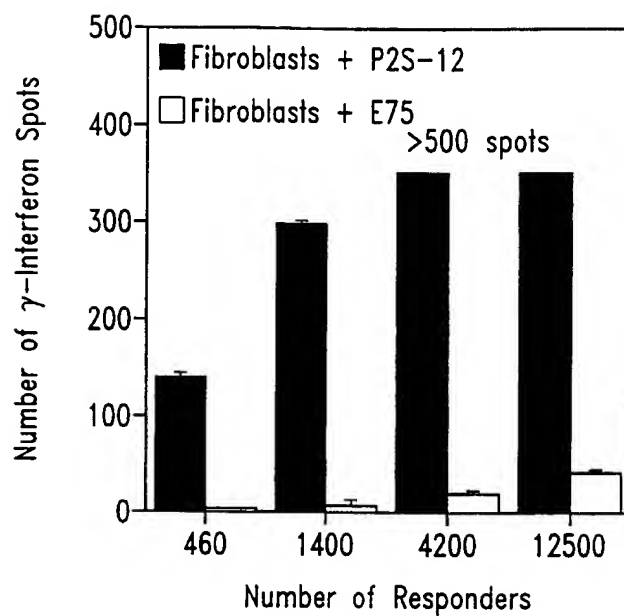
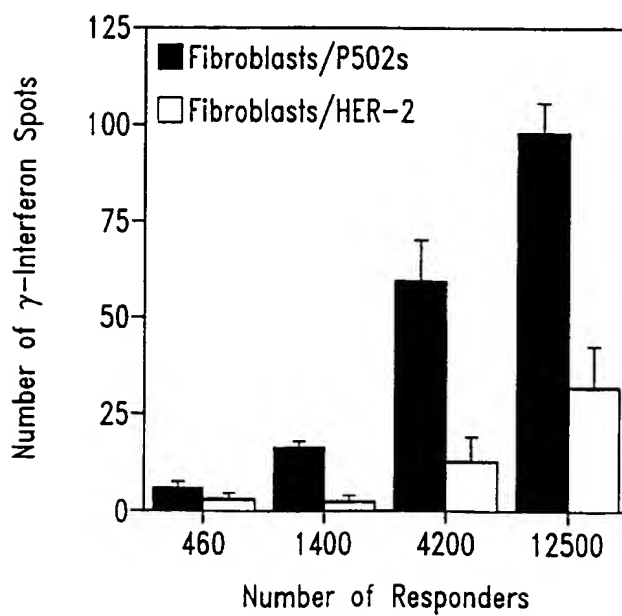
79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and
- (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

1/5

*Fig. 1*

2/5

*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*



3/5

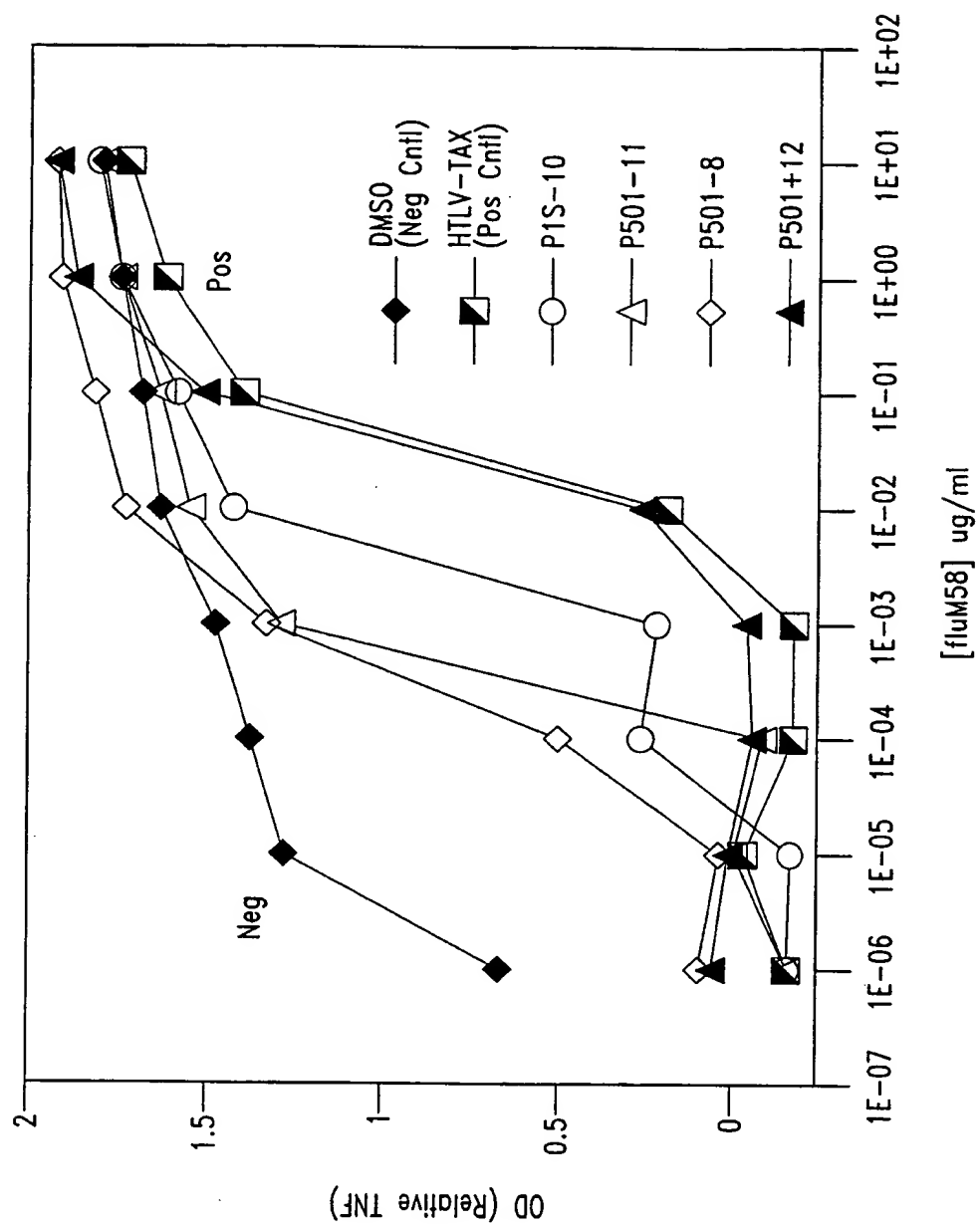
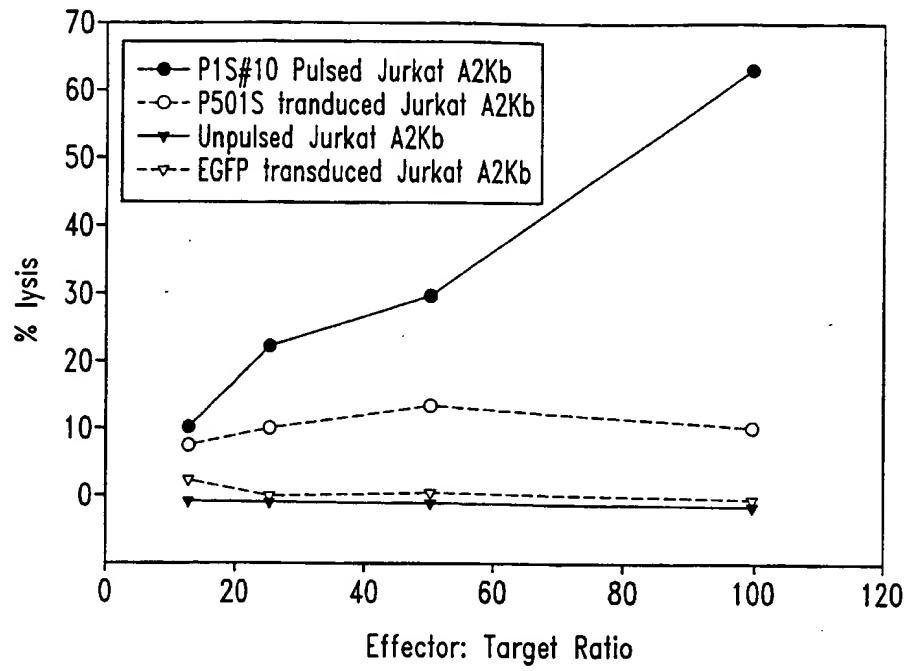
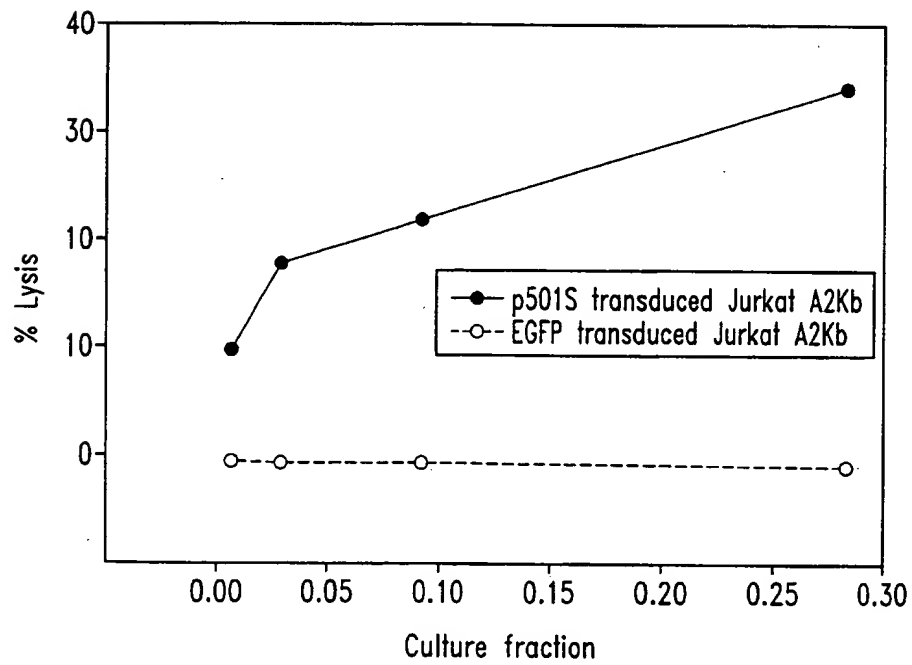
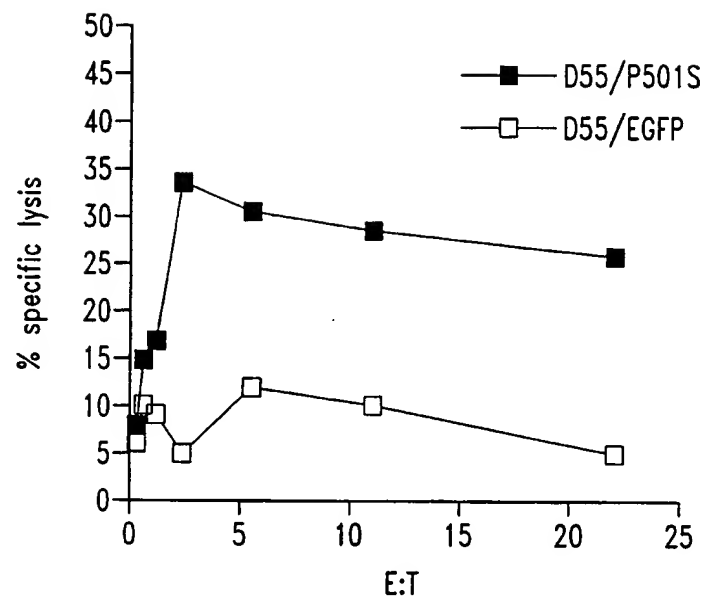
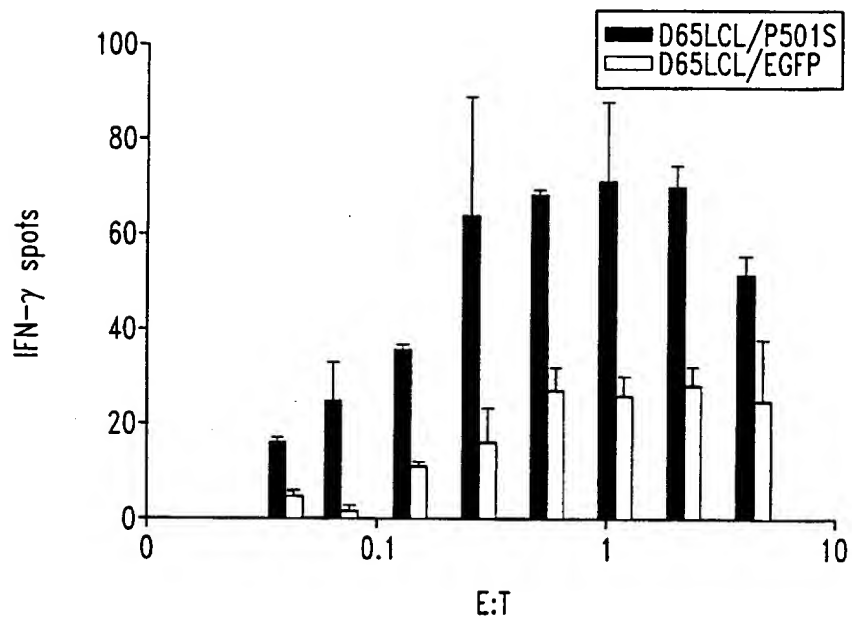


Fig. 3

4/5

*Fig. 4**Fig. 5*

5/5

*Fig. 6**Fig. 7*

## SEQUENCE LISTING

&lt;110&gt; Corixa Corporation

<120> COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS  
OF PROSTATE CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

&lt;130&gt; 210121.42701PC

&lt;140&gt; PCT

&lt;141&gt; 1999-07-08

&lt;160&gt; 472

&lt;170&gt; FastSEQ for Windows Version 3.0

&lt;210&gt; 1

&lt;211&gt; 814

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(814)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 1

tttttttttt	tttttcacag	tataacagct	ctttatttct	gtgagttcta	ctaggaaatc	60
atcaaatctg	agggttgtct	ggaggacttc	aatacacctc	cccccatagt	gaatcagctt	120
ccaggggggc	cagtccctct	ccttacttca	tccccatccc	atgccaaagg	aagaccctcc	180
ctccttggct	cacagccttc	tctaggcttc	ccagtgcctc	caggacagag	tgggttatgt	240
tttcagctcc	atccttgctg	tgagtgtctg	gtgcgttggtg	cctccagctt	ctgctcagtg	300
cttcatggac	agtgtccagc	acatgtcact	ctccactctc	tcagtgtgga	tccactagtt	360
ctagagcggc	cgccaccgcg	gtggagctcc	agcttttgtt	cccttttagtg	agggttaatt	420
gcgcgcttgg	cgtaatcatg	gtcataactg	tttcctgtgt	gaaattgtta	tccgctcaca	480
attccacaca	acatacgagc	cggaagcata	aagtgtaaag	cctgggggtgc	ctaattgagtg	540
anctaactca	cattaattgc	gttgcgctca	ctgnccgctt	tccagtcnng	aaaactgtcg	600
tgccagctgc	attaatgaat	cggccaacgc	ncggggaaaa	gcggtttgcg	ttttgggggc	660
tcttccgctt	ctcgctcact	nantcctgcg	ctcggtcntt	cggctgcggg	gaacgggtatc	720
actcctcaaa	ggnggtatta	cggttatccn	naaatcnngg	gatacccnng	aaaaaanttt	780
aacaaaaggg	cancaaaggg	cngaaacgta	aaaa			814

&lt;210&gt; 2

&lt;211&gt; 816

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(816)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 2

acagaaatgt	tggatgggtg	agcacctttc	tatacgactt	acaggacagc	agatggggaa	60
ttcatggctg	ttggagcaat	agaacccccag	ttctacgagc	tgctgatcaa	aggacttggg	120

```

ctaaagtctg atgaacttcc caatcagatg agcatggatg attggccaga aatgaagaag      180
aagtttgcag atgtatttgc aaagaagacg aaggcagagt ggtgtcaa atttgacggc      240
acagatgcct gtgtgactcc ggttctgact tttgaggagg ttgttcatca tgatcacaac      300
aaggaacggg gctcgtttat caccagttag gagcaggacg tgagcccccg ccctgcacct      360
ctgctgttaa acaccccagc catcccttct ttcaaaaggg atccactagt tctagaagcg      420
gccgccaccg cgggtggagct ccagcttttg ttcccttttag tgagggttaa ttgcgcgctt      480
ggcgtaatac tgggtcatagc tgtttcctgt gtgaaattgt tatccgctca caattccccc      540
aacatacgag ccggaacata aagtgttaag cctgggggtgc ctaatgantg agctaactcn      600
cattaattgc gttgcgctca ctgcccgtt tccagtcggg aaaactgtcg tgccactgcn      660
ttantgaatc ngccaccccc cgggaaaagg cggttgcntt ttgggcctct tccgctttcc      720
tcgctcattg atcctngcnc ccggtcttcg gctgcggnga acggttcaact cctcaaaggc      780
ggtntnccgg ttatcccaa acnnggggata cccnga                                816

```

<210> 3

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (773)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 3

```

cttttgaaaag aagggtatggc tgggggtgttt aacagcagag gtgcagggcg ggggctcacg      60
tcctgtctcct cactgggtgat aaacgagccc cgcttccttgt tgtgatcatg atgaacaacc      120
tcctcaaaag tcagaaccgg agtcacacag gcatctgtgc cgtcaaagat ttgacaccac      180
tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca      240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagtccatca gacttttagtc canntccttt gatcagcagc      300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgctccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgtcctgtaa      360
gtcgtataga aagggtgctcc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctgcaggggg ggcccggtac      420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgtcggt ttacaacgct      480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgct tgcagcacat ccccttttcg      540
ccagctgggc gtaatanca aaaggcccgc accgatcgcc ctccaacag ttgcgcacct      600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttacg cgcattnaac ccccgcnngg tttngttgtt      660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgccg gcgccttanc gcccgctccc tttcnccttt      720
cttcccttcc tttcncncn ctttcccccg ggggtttcccc cntcaaacc cna                                773

```

<210> 4

<211> 828

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (828)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

```

cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggtgc taggaaaagg      60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctcct      120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag      180
acgtgggtga ccatgttgtt tgtgggggtg agagatggga ggggtggggc ccaccctgga      240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc      300
acaatgcatt aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct      360

```

```

gnngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagcanaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt      420
ctanagcggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc ancttttgtt cccttttagtg aggggttaatt      480
gcgcgcttgg cntaatcatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca      540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaaacata aantgtaaac ctgggggtgcc taatgantga      600
ctaactcaca ttaattgcgt tgcgctcact gcccgctttc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg      660
ccncttgcat tnatgaatcn gccaaccccc ggggaaaagc gtttgcgttt tgggcgctct      720
tccgcttcc cnetcantta ntccctncnc tcggtcattc cggctgcngc aaaccggttc      780
accnctcca aagggggtat tccggtttcc ccnaatccgg gganancc      828

```

&lt;210&gt; 5

&lt;211&gt; 834

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(834)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 5

```

ttttttttt tttttactga tagatggaat ttattaagct tttcacatgt gatagcacat      60
agttttaatt gcatccaaag tactaacaaa aactctagca atcaagaatg gcagcatgtt      120
attttataac aatcaacacc tgtggctttt aaaatttggt tttcataaga taatttatac      180
tgaagtaaat ctagccatgc ttttaaaaaa tgcttttaggt cactccaagc ttggcagtta      240
acatttgcca taaacaataa taaaacaatc acaatttaat aaataacaaa tacaacattg      300
taggccataa tcatatacag tataaggaaa aggtggtagt gttgagtaag cagttattag      360
aatagaatac cttggcctct atgcaaatat gtctagacac tttgattcac tcagccctga      420
cattcagttt tcaaagtagg agacaggttc tacagtatca ttttacagtt tccaacacat      480
tgaaaacaag tagaaaatga tgagttgatt tttattaatg cattacatcc tcaagagtta      540
tcaccaaccc cttagttata aaaaattttc aagttatatt agtcatataa cttgggtgtgc      600
ttatttttaa ttagtgctaa atggattaag tgaagacaac aatgggtccc taatgtgatt      660
gatattggtc atttttacca gcttctaaat ctnaactttc aggcttttga actggaacat      720
tgnatnacag tgttccanag ttncaaccta ctggaacatt acagtgtgct tgattcaaaa      780
tgttattttg ttaaaaatta aattttaacc tgggtgaaaa ataatttgaa atna      834

```

&lt;210&gt; 6

&lt;211&gt; 818

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(818)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 6

```

ttttttttt tttttttttt aagaccctca tcaatagatg gagacataca gaaatagtca      60
aaccacatct acaaaaatgcc agtatcaggc ggcggcttcg aagccaaagt gatgtttgga      120
tgtaaagtga aatattagtt ggcggatgaa gcagatagtg aggaaagttag agccaataat      180
gacgtgaagt ccgtggaagc ctgtggctac aaaaaatgtt gagccgtaga tgccgtcgga      240
aatgggtgaag ggagactcga agtactctga ggcttgtagg agggtaaaat agagaccag      300
taaaattgta ataagcagtg cttgaattat ttggtttcgg ttgttttcta ttagactatg      360
gtgagctcag gtgattgata ctctgatgac gagtaatacg gatgtgttta ggagtgggac      420
ttctagggga tttagcgggg tgatgcctgt tgggggccag tgccctccta gttggggggt      480
aggggctagg ctggagtggg aaaaaggctca gaaaaatcct gcgaagaaaa aaacttctga      540

```

ggtaataaat	aggattatcc	cgtatcgaag	gccttttttg	acagggtggtg	tgtggtggcc	600
ttggtatgtg	ctttctcgtg	ttacatcgcg	ccatcattgg	tatatgggta	gtgtgttggg	660
ttantanggc	ctantatgaa	gaacttttgg	antggaatta	aatcaatngc	ttggccggaa	720
gtcattanga	nggctnaaaa	ggccctgtta	nggggtctggg	ctnggtttta	cccnacccat	780
ggaatncncc	ccccggacna	ntgnatccct	attcttaa			818

&lt;210&gt; 7

&lt;211&gt; 817

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(817)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 7

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tggctctaga	gggggtagag	ggggtgctat	agggtaaata	60
cgggccctat	ttcaaagatt	tttaggggaa	ttaattctag	gacgatgggt	atgaaactgt	120
ggtttgctcc	acagatttca	gagcattgac	cgtagtatac	ccccggtcgt	gtagcggtgga	180
aagtggtttg	gttttagacgt	ccgggaattg	catctgtttt	taagcctaata	gtggggacag	240
ctcatgagtg	caagacgtct	tgtgatgtaa	ttattatacn	aatgggggct	tcaatcggga	300
gtactactcg	attgtcaacg	tcaaggagtc	gcaggtcgcc	tggttctagg	aataatgggg	360
gaagtatgta	ggaattgaag	attaatccgc	cgtagtcggg	gttctcctag	gttcaataacc	420
attgggtggcc	aattgatttg	atggtaaggg	gagggatcgt	tgaactcgtc	tgttatgtaa	480
aggatncctt	ngggatggga	aggcnatnaa	ggactangga	tnaatggcgg	gcangatatt	540
tcaaacngtc	tctanttcct	gaaacgtctg	aaatgttaat	aanaattaan	tttngttatt	600
gaatnttnng	gaaaagggct	tacaggacta	gaaaccaaata	angaaaanta	atnntaangg	660
cnttatctntn	aaaggtnata	accnctccta	tnatcccacc	caatngnatt	ccccacncnn	720
acnattggat	nccccanttc	canaaanggc	cnccccccg	tgnannccnc	cttttggtcc	780
cttnantgan	ggttattcnc	ccctngcntt	atcance			817

&lt;210&gt; 8

&lt;211&gt; 799

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(799)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 8

catttccggg	tttactttct	aaggaaagcc	gagcgggaagc	tgctaactgtg	ggaatcgggtg	60
cataaggaga	actttctgct	ggcacgcgct	agggacaagc	gggagagcga	ctccgagcgt	120
ctgaagcgca	cgtcccagaa	ggtggacttg	gcactgaaac	agctgggaca	catccgcgag	180
tacgaacagc	gcctgaaagt	gctggagcgg	gagggtccagc	agtgtagccg	cgtcctggggg	240
tgggtggccg	angcctganc	cgctctgcct	tgtctgcccc	angtgggccc	ccaccccttg	300
acctgcctgg	gtccaaacac	tgagccctgc	tggcggactt	caagganaac	ccccacangg	360
ggattttgct	cctanantaa	ggctcatctg	ggcctcggcc	ccccaccttg	gttggccttg	420
tctttgagnt	gagcccatg	tccatctggg	ccactgtcng	gaccaccttt	ngggagtgtt	480
ctccttacaa	ccacannatg	cccggctcct	cccggaaacc	antcccance	tgngaaggat	540
caagnccctg	atccactnnt	nctanaaccg	gccnccnccg	cngtggaaacc	cnccttntgt	600
tccttttctt	tnagggttaa	tnnccgcttg	gccttnccan	ngtcctncnc	nttttccnnt	660
gttnaaattg	ttangcnccc	nccntncccn	cnnccnnan	cccgaaccnn	annttnnann	720

ncctgggggt nccnncgat tgaccnnc nccctntant tgcnttnggg nncnntgccc 780  
ctttccctct nggganncg 799

<210> 9  
<211> 801  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien  
  
<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(801)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9  
acgccttgat cctcccaggc tgggactggt tctgggagga gccgggcatg ctgtgggttg 60  
taangatgac actcccaaag gtggtcctga cagtggccca gatggacatg gggctcacct 120  
caaggacaag gccaccaggt gcgggggccc aagcccatat gatccttact ctatgagcaa 180  
aatccctgt gggggcttct ccttgaagtc cgccancagg gctcagtctt tggaccang 240  
caggtcatgg ggtgtngnc caactggggg ccncaacgca aaanggcna gggcctcngn 300  
caccatccc angacgaggc tacactnctg gacctccnc tccaccactt tcatgcgctg 360  
ttcntacccg cgnatntgtc ccantgttt cngtgcenac tccancttct nggacgtgcg 420  
ctacatacgc cgggancnc nctcccgtt tgtccctatc cagtnccan caacaaattt 480  
cncntantg caccnatte cacttttnc agntttcnc nncngcttc cttntaaaag 540  
ggttgancgc cgaaaatnc cccaaagggg gggggccngg tacccaactn cccctnata 600  
gctgaantcc ccatnaccnn gntcnaagg anccntcct ttaannacn tctnaactt 660  
gggaanance ctcgncntn ccccnntaa tccnccctg cnangnnct ccccnntcc 720  
nccnntng gcntntnann cnaaaaaggc ccnnancaa tctcctnnn cctcanttcg 780  
ccanccctg aaatcgccn c 801

<210> 10  
<211> 789  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien  
  
<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(789)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10  
cagtctatnt ggccagtgtg gcagctttcc ctgtggctgc cggtgccaca tgcctgtccc 60  
acagtgtggc cgtggtgaca gcttcagccg ccctcaccgg gttcaccttc tcagccctgc 120  
agatcctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accaccggga gaagcagggt ttcctgccca 180  
aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc 240  
caggccctaa gcctggagct ccctcccta atggacacgt ggggtgctgga ggcagtggcc 300  
tgctcccacc tccaccgag ctctgcgggg cctctgctg tgatgtctcc gtacgtgtgg 360  
tggtgggtga gccaccgan gccagggtgg ttccgggccc gggcatctgc ctggacctcg 420  
ccatcctgga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca ngtggcccca tccctgttta tgggtccat 480  
tgtccagctc agccagtctg tactgccta tatggtgtct gccgcaggcc tgggtctggt 540  
cccatttact ttgctacaca ggtantattt gacaagaacg anttggccaa atactcagcg 600  
ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc 660  
tcctgttaac ccatggggc tgccggcttg gccgcaatt tctgttctg ccaaanatnat 720  
gtggtctct gctgccacct gttgctggct gaagtgcnta cngcncanct nggggggtng 780  
ggngttccc 789



<210> 11  
 <211> 772  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(772)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11  
 cccaccctac ccaaatatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60  
 tttgttaaat aaataagtta aatattttaa tgcctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120  
 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180  
 tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240  
 actttcatat gttcaaatec catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300  
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggttaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360  
 tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420  
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa cccttctggc 480  
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540  
 aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan cccccagctg tgcantacg cacctcaaca 600  
 gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca 660  
 accccggcac ccnangggg gttaacagga ancnnggnaa cntggaaccc aattnaggca 720  
 gggccnccac ccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctccc ctaaattntt tc 772

<210> 12  
 <211> 751  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(751)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12  
 gcccgaattc cagctgccac accaccacag gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60  
 agctgattga agcaaccctc tacttttttg tctgtgagct tttgcttggg gcagggtttca 120  
 ttggctgtgt tggtagctgt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180  
 aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc 240  
 atggtgggtg tccacacttg agtgaagtct tccctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca 300  
 ggactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac 360  
 agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc 420  
 acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna 480  
 cnccggctgc gatgaagaaa tnacccncg ttgacaaact tgcattggcag tggganccac 540  
 agtggcccn aaaaatcttca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gacccccaa atgcccactg 600  
 ccaacagggg gatccccacn cncnnaacga tgancnatt gnacaagatc tncntggctc 660  
 tnatnaacnt gaacccctgcn tngtggctcc tgttcaggnc cnnggcctga cttctnaann 720  
 aangaactcn gaagncacca cngganannc g 751

<210> 13  
 <211> 729  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(729)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 13

gagccaggcg	tcctctgcc	tgccactca	gtggcaacac	ccgggagctg	ttttgtcctt	60
tgtggancct	cagcagtncc	ctctttcaga	actcantgcc	aaganccctg	aacaggagcc	120
accatgcagt	gcttcagctt	cattaagacc	atgatgatec	tcttcaattt	gtcatctttt	180
ctgtgtggtg	cagccctggt	ggcagtgggc	atctgggtgt	caatcgatgg	ggcatccttt	240
ctgaagatct	tcgggccact	gtcgtccagt	gccatgcagt	ttgtcaacgt	gggctacttc	300
ctcatcgagc	ccggcggtgt	ggtcttagct	ctaggtttcc	tgggctgcta	tgggtgctaag	360
actgagagca	agtggtgccct	cgtgacgttc	ttcttcaccc	tcctcctcat	cttcattgct	420
gaggttgcaa	tgctgtggtc	gccttggtgt	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgctggtaat	gcctgccatc	aanaaaagat	tatgggttcc	caggaanact	tcactcaagt	540
gttggaacac	caccatgaaa	gggctcaagt	gctgtggctt	cnnccaacta	tacggatttt	600
gaagantcac	ctacttcaaa	gaaaanagtg	cctttccccc	atttctgttg	caattgacaa	660
acgtccccaa	cacagccaat	tgaaaacctg	cacccaaccc	aaanggggtcc	ccaaccanaa	720
attnaaggg						729

&lt;210&gt; 14

&lt;211&gt; 816

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(816)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 14

tgctcttcct	caaagttggt	cttggtgcca	taacaaccac	cataggtaaa	gcgggagcag	60
tgttcgctga	aggggttgta	gtaccagcgc	gggatgctct	ccttgacagag	tcctgtgtct	120
ggcaggtcca	cgcagtggcc	tttgtcactg	gggaaatgga	tgcgctggag	ctcgtaaaag	180
ccactcgtgt	atttttcaca	ggcagcctcg	tccgacgcgt	cggggcagtt	gggggtgtct	240
tcacactcca	ggaaactgtc	natgcagcag	ccattgctgc	agcggaaactg	ggtgggctga	300
cangtgccag	agcacactgg	atggcgcttt	tccatgnnan	gggcccctgng	ggaaagtccc	360
tganccccan	anctgcctct	caaangcccc	accttgacac	ccccgacagg	ctagaatgga	420
atcttcttcc	cgaaaggtag	ttnttcttgt	tgcccaancc	anccccntaa	acaaactctt	480
gcanatctgc	tccngggggg	tcntantacc	ancgtgggaa	aagaacccca	ggcngcgaac	540
caancttggt	tggatncaaa	gcnaataatc	nctnttctgc	ttggtggaca	gcaccantna	600
ctgtnnanct	ttagnccttg	gtcctcntgg	gttgnncttg	aacctaatcn	ccnntcaact	660
gggacaaggt	aantngccnt	cctttnaatt	cccnancntn	ccccctgggt	tgggggttttn	720
cncnctccta	ccccagaaan	nccgtgttcc	cccccaacta	ggggccnaaa	ccnnttnttc	780
cacaacctn	ccccaccac	gggttcngnt	ggttng			816

&lt;210&gt; 15

&lt;211&gt; 783

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(783)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 15

ccaaggcctg	ggcaggcata	nacttgaagg	tacaacccca	ggaaccctg	gtgctgaagg	60
atgtggaaaa	cacagattgg	cgctactgc	ggggtgacac	ggatgtcagg	gtagagagga	120
aagacccaaa	ccaggtggaa	ctgtggggac	tcaaggaang	cacctacctg	ttccagctga	180
cagtgactag	ctcagaccac	ccagaggaca	cggccaacgt	cacagtcaact	gtgctgtcca	240
ccaagcagac	agaagactac	tgcctcgcat	ccaacaangt	gggtcgctgc	cggggctctt	300
tcccacgctg	gtactatgac	cccacggagc	agatctgcaa	gagtttcgtt	tatggaggct	360
gcttgggcaa	caagaacaac	taccttcggg	aagaagagt	cattctancc	tgtcnggggtg	420
tgcaagggtg	gcctttgana	ngcanctctg	gggtcangc	gactttcccc	cagggcccct	480
ccatggaaag	gcgccatcca	ntgttctctg	gcacctgtca	gcccacccag	ttccgctgca	540
ncaatggctg	ctgcactnac	antttcctng	aattgtgaca	acacccccca	ntgcccccaa	600
ccctcccaac	aaagcttccc	tgttnaaaaa	taacccantt	ggcttttnac	aaacnccccg	660
cncctccttt	ttccccntn	aacaaagggc	nctngcnttt	gaactgcccn	aaccnnggaa	720
tctnccnngg	aaaaantncc	ccccctggtt	cctnnaancc	cctccncaaa	anctncccc	780
ccc						783

&lt;210&gt; 16

&lt;211&gt; 801

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(801)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 16

gccccaatc	cagctgccac	accaccacag	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttggt	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagttaggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtgggtg	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	gaagtgtctc	gccattgtgg	tgtacaccaa	ggcgaccaca	360
gcagctgcaa	cctcagcaat	gaagatgagg	aggaggatga	agaagaacgt	cncgagggca	420
cacttgctct	ccgtcttagc	accatagcag	cccangaaac	caagagcaaa	gaccacaacg	480
ccngctgcga	atgaaaagaa	ntaccacagt	tgacaaactg	catggccact	ggacgacagt	540
tgcccgaan	atcttcagaa	aagggatgcc	ccatcgattg	aacacccana	tgcccactgc	600
cnacagggct	gcncncncn	gaaagaatga	gccattgaag	aaggatcntc	ntggtcttaa	660
tgaactgaaa	ccntgcatgg	tggccctgtg	tcagggtctc	tggcagtga	ttctganaaa	720
aaggaacngc	ntnagcccc	ccaaangana	aaacaccccc	gggtgttgcc	ctgaattggc	780
ggccaaggan	ccctgccccn	g				801

&lt;210&gt; 17

&lt;211&gt; 740

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(740)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 17

gtgagagcca	ggcgtccctc	tgctgcccc	ctcagtggca	acaccgggga	gctgttttgt	60
------------	------------	-----------	------------	------------	------------	----

cctttgtgga	gcctcagcag	ttccctcttt	cagaactcac	tgccaagagc	cctgaacagg	120
agccaccatg	cagtgcctca	gcttcattaa	gaccatgatg	atcctcttca	atttgctcat	180
ctttctgtgt	ggcgcagccc	tggtggcagt	gggcattctg	gtgtcaatcg	atggggcatc	240
ctttctgaag	atcttcgggc	cactgtcgtc	cagtgccatg	cagtttgtca	acgtgggcta	300
cttcctcatc	gcagccggcg	ttgtggtcct	tgctcttggg	ttcctgggct	gctatgggac	360
taagacggag	agcaagtgtg	ccctcgtgac	gttcttcttc	atcctcctcc	tcattctcat	420
tgctgaagtt	gcagctgctg	tggtcgcctt	gggtgacacc	acaatggctg	aaccattcct	480
gacgttgctg	gtantgcctg	ccatcaanaa	agattatggg	ttcccaggaa	aaattcactc	540
aantntggaa	caccnccatg	aaaagggtc	caatttctgn	tggttcccc	aactataccg	600
gaattttgaa	agantcnc	tacttccaaa	aaaaaanant	tgcttttnc	ccntttctgt	660
tgcaatgaaa	acntcccaan	acngccaatn	aaaacctgcc	cnnncaaaaa	ggntcncaaa	720
caaaaaaant	nnaagggttn					740

&lt;210&gt; 18

&lt;211&gt; 802

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(802)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 18

ccgctgggtg	cgctgggtcca	gnagnagccac	gaagcacgtc	agcatacaca	gcctcaatca	60
caaggtcttc	cagctgccgc	acattacgca	gggcaagagc	ctccagcaac	actgcatatg	120
ggatacactt	tacttttagca	gccagggtga	caactgagag	gtgtcgaagc	ttattcttct	180
gagcctctgt	tagtggagga	agattccggg	cttcagctaa	gtagtacg	tatgtcccat	240
aagcaaacac	tgtgagcagc	cgaaggttag	aggcaaagtc	actctcagcc	agctctctaa	300
cattgggcat	gtccagcagt	tctccaaaca	cgtagacacc	agnggcctcc	agcacctgat	360
ggatgagtg	ggccagcgct	gcccccttgg	ccgacttggc	taggagcaga	aattgctcct	420
ggttctgccc	tgtcaccttc	acttccgcac	tcactactgc	actgagtgtg	ggggacttgg	480
gctcaggatg	tccagagacg	tggttccgcc	ccctcnctta	atgacaccgn	ccanncaacc	540
gtcggctccc	gccgantgng	ttcgtcgtnc	ctgggtcagg	gtctgtgtgc	cnctacttgc	600
aancctcgtc	nggccccatg	aattcaccnc	accggaactn	gtangatcca	ctnnttctat	660
aaccggnccg	caccgcnnnt	ggaactccac	tcttnttnc	tttacttgag	ggtaagggtc	720
acccttnncc	ttaccttggg	ccaaacctn	ccntgtgtcg	anatngtnaa	tcngnccna	780
tnccancnc	atangaagcc	ng				802

&lt;210&gt; 19

&lt;211&gt; 731

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(731)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 19

cnaagcttcc	aggtnacggg	ccgcnaancc	tgacccnagg	tancanaang	cagnncggg	60
gagcccaccg	tcacngngng	gngtctttat	nggagggggc	ggagccacat	cnctggacnt	120
cntgaccca	actcccncc	ncncantgca	gtgatgagtg	cagaactgaa	ggtnacgtgg	180
caggaaccaa	gancaaannc	tgctccnntc	caagtccgcn	nagggggcgg	ggctggccac	240
gcncatccnt	cnagtgtgn	aaagccccnn	cctgtctact	tgtttgaga	acngcnnga	300

catgcccagn	ggtanataac	nggcngagag	tnantttgcc	tctcccttcc	ggctgcgcan	360
cngtntgct	tagnggacat	aacctgacta	cttaactgaa	cccnngaate	tnccnccct	420
ccactaagct	cagaacaaaa	aacttcgaca	ccactcantt	gtcacctgnc	tgctcaagta	480
aagtgtaccc	catncccaat	gtntgctnga	ngctctgncc	tgcnttangt	tcggctcctgg	540
gaagacctat	caattnaagc	tatgtttctg	actgcctctt	gctccctgna	acaancnacc	600
cnnnntcca	agggggggnc	ggcccccaat	ccccccaacc	ntnaattnan	tttancccn	660
ccccnggcc	cggcctttta	cnancntcnn	nnacngggna	aaaccnnngc	tttncccaac	720
nnaatecncc	t					731

&lt;210&gt; 20

&lt;211&gt; 754

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (754)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 20

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	taaaaacccc	ctccattnaa	tgnaaacttc	cgaaattgtc	60
caacccccctc	ntccaaatnn	ccntttccgg	gnggggggttc	caaacccaan	ttanntttgg	120
annttaaatt	aaatnttnt	tgngggnnna	anccnaatgt	nangaaagtt	naaccanta	180
tnancctnaa	tnccctgaaa	ccngtngntt	ccaaaaatnt	ttaaccctta	antccctccg	240
aaatngttna	nggaaaaccc	aantttctnt	aagggttgtt	gaaggntnaa	tnaaaaancc	300
nnccaattgt	ttttngccac	gcctgaatta	attggnttcc	gntgttttcc	nttaaaanaa	360
ggnnancccc	ggttantnaa	tccccccnnc	cccaattata	ccganttttt	ttngaattgg	420
gancccnccg	gaattaacgg	ggnnnnntccc	tnttgggggg	cnggnncccc	ccccntccgg	480
ggttngggnc	aggncnnaat	tgtttaaggg	tccgaaaaat	ccctccnaga	aaaaaanctc	540
ccaggntgag	nntnggggtt	nccccccccc	cangggccct	ctcgnaagtt	tgggggtttg	600
ggggcctggg	atttnttttc	ccctnttnc	tccccccccc	ccnggganag	aggttngngt	660
tttgntcnn	ggccccnccn	aaganccttt	ccganttnan	ttaaatccnt	gcctnggcga	720
agtcnnttgn	agggntaaan	ggccccctnn	cggg			754

&lt;210&gt; 21

&lt;211&gt; 755

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (755)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 21

atcancccat	gacccnaac	nngggaccnc	teanccggnc	nnncnaccnc	cgcccnatca	60
nngtnagnnc	actncnnttn	natacncccc	cncnactac	gcccncnanc	cnacgcnceta	120
nncanatncc	actganngcg	cgangtngan	ngagaaanct	nataccanag	ncaccanacn	180
ccagctgtcc	nanaangcct	nnnatacngg	nnnatccaat	ntgnancctc	cnaagtattn	240
nncnncan	gattttcctn	anccgattac	ccntncccc	tanccctcc	cccccaacna	300
cgaaggcnct	ggncnnaagg	nngcgncc	ccgctagntc	cccnnaagt	cncncnccta	360
aactcancn	nattacncgc	ttcntgagta	tactccccg	aatctcacc	tactcaactc	420
aaaaanacn	gatacaaat	aatncaagcc	tgnttatnac	actntgactg	ggtctctatt	480
ttagnggtcc	ntnaancntc	ctaatacttc	cagtctncct	tcnccaattt	ccnaanggct	540
ctttcngaca	gcantttttg	gttcccnntt	gggttcttan	ngaattgccc	ttcntngaac	600

gggctcttct	tttccctcgg	ttancctggn	ttcnnccggc	cagttattat	ttcccntttt	660
aaattcttnc	cntttanttt	tggcnttcna	aacccccggc	cttgaaaacg	gccccctggt	720
aaaaggttgt	tttganaaaa	tttttgttt	gttcc			755

&lt;210&gt; 22

&lt;211&gt; 849

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(849)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 22

tttttttttt	tttttangtg	tngtcgtgca	ggtagaggct	tactacaant	gtgaanacgt	60
acgctnggan	taangcgacc	cgantttctag	ganncnccct	aaaatcanac	tgtgaagatn	120
atcctgnnna	cggaanggtc	accggnggat	nntgctaggg	tgncnctcc	cannncnttn	180
cataactcng	nggcccctgcc	caccaccttc	ggcggcccng	ngnccggggc	cgggtcattn	240
gnnttaaccn	cactnngcna	ncggtttccn	cccccnng	accnnggcga	tccggggtnc	300
tctgtcttcc	cctgnagncn	anaaantggg	ccncggnccc	ctttaccctt	nnacaagcca	360
cngccttcta	nccnengccc	ccctccant	nnnggggact	gccnanngt	ccgttctnng	420
nnaccccnnn	gggtncctcg	gttgctcgant	cnaccgnang	ccanggatc	cnaaggaagg	480
tgcgttnttg	gccccctacc	ttcgtctnccg	nnaccccttc	ccgacnanga	nccgctcccg	540
cnncnngnng	cctcncctcg	caacacccgc	netctctngt	ncggnnnccc	ccccacccgc	600
nccctcncnc	ngnecgnancn	ctccnccncc	gtctcannca	ccaccccgcc	ccgccaggcc	660
ntcanccacn	ggngnacnng	nagcncnttc	gcncgcgcgn	gcgncnccct	cgcncngaa	720
ctnctcngg	ccantnncgc	tcaancnna	cnaaacgcgc	ctgcgcggcc	cgnagcgncc	780
ncctcncga	gtcctcccg	cttcenaccc	angnnttccn	cgaggacacn	nnaccccgcc	840
nncangcgg						849

&lt;210&gt; 23

&lt;211&gt; 872

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(872)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 23

gcgcaaaacta	tacttcgctc	gnactcgtgc	gcctcgtctc	tcttttcttc	cgcaaccatg	60
tctgacnanc	ccgattnggc	ngatatacnan	aagntcganc	agtcctaaact	gantaacaca	120
cacacncnan	aganaaatcc	nctgccttcc	anagtanacn	attgaacnng	agaaccangc	180
nggggaatcg	taatnaggcg	tgccgcgcga	atntgtcncc	gtttattntn	ccagctcnc	240
ctnccnacc	tactctcttc	nagctgtcnn	accctngtn	cgnaccccc	naggtcggga	300
tccgggtttn	nntgaccng	cnccctcc	ccccctccat	nacganccnc	ccgcaccacc	360
nanngcncgc	ncccggnct	cttcgccncc	ctgtctcttn	cccctgtngc	ctggcnngn	420
accgcattga	ccctcgccnn	ctnncngaaa	ncgnanacgt	ccgggttggn	annancgctg	480
tcgggnngcg	tctgcncgc	gttccttccn	nccncttcca	ccatcttctt	tacngggtct	540
ccnccctc	tcnnncacnc	cctgggacgc	tnctctngc	cccccttnac	tccccctt	600
cgnctgtgcc	cgncccccacc	ntcatttnca	nacgntcttc	acaannncc	ggnntnctcc	660
cnancngnnc	gtcanccnag	ggaagggngg	ggnnccnntg	nttgacgttg	ngngangtc	720
cgaanantcc	tcnccntcan	cnctacccct	cgggcgnnct	ctcngttnc	aacttancaa	780

ntctcccccg ngngcnctc tcagcctenc ccccccnct ctctgcantg tctctctctc 840  
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cncctctctt cc 872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcatgcaagc	ttgagtattc	tatagngtca	cctaaatanc	ttggcntaat	catggtcnta	60
nctgncttcc	tgtgtcaa	gtatacna	tanatatgaa	tctnatntga	caaganngta	120
tctnccatta	gtaacaantg	tnntgtccat	cctgtcngan	canattccca	tnnattnccgn	180
cgcattcn	gcn cantatn	taatngggaa	ntcnntnnn	ncaccnncat	ctatcntncc	240
gcnccctgac	tgg nagagat	ggatnanttc	tnntntgacc	nacatgttca	tcttggattn	300
aanancccc	cgcngnccac	cgg ttngnng	cnagecnntc	ccaagacctc	ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc	aganncatca	aacntgggaa	acccgcnncc	angtnnaagt	ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgctc	aggnttnacc	atcccttcnc	agcgccccct	ttngtgcctt	anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc	cnetcaacat	ganacgcgcc	agnccanccg	caattnggca	caatgtcgnc	540
gaaccccta	gggggantna	tncaaanccc	caggattgtc	cncncangaa	atccncanc	600
ccnccctac	ccncttttg	gacngtgacc	aantcccgga	gtncaggtcc	ggccngnctc	660
ccccaccgt	nncntgggg	gggtgaanct	cngnntcanc	cngncgaggn	ntcgnaagga	720
accggnccn	ggncgaanng	ancnntcnga	agngccnct	cgtataacce	cccctcncca	780
nccnacngnt	agntcccccc	cngggtncgg	aangg			815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

ccgagatgtc	tcgctccgtg	gccttagctg	tgtctcgct	actctctctt	tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca	gcgtactcca	aagattcagg	tttactcacg	tcatccagca	gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaattt	cctgaattgc	tatgtgtctg	ggtttcatcc	atccgacatt	gaanttgcact	180
tactgaagaa	tgganagaga	attgaaaaag	tggagcattc	agacttgtct	ttcagcaagg	240
actggtcttt	ctatctcntg	tactacactg	aattcacccc	cactgaaaaa	gatgagtatg	300
cctgccgtgt	gaaccatgtg	actttgtcac	agcccaagat	agttaagtgg	gatcgagaca	360
tgtaagcagn	cnnatggaa	gtttgaagat	gccgcatttg	gattggatga	attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt	gcntttta	antgatatgc	ntatacaccc	taccctttat	gncccccatt	480
tgtaggggtt	acatnantgt	tcnctnngga	catgatcttc	ctttataant	ccnccnttcg	540
aattgccgt	ncccnngtn	ngaattgttc	cnaaaccacg	gttggtctcc	ccaggtcncc	600
tcttacggaa	gggcctgggc	cnccttncaa	ggttggggga	accnaaaatt	tcncttntgc	660
ccnccncca	cnntcttng	nncncanttt	ggaaccttc	cnattccct	tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta	anaaaacttn	aaancgtngc	naaaantttt	acttcccccc	ttacc	775

<210> 26

<211> 820  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(820)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26  
 anattantac agtgtaatct ttccccagag gtgtgtanag ggaacggggc ctagaggcat 60  
 cccanagata ncttatanca acagtgtctt gaccaagagc tgctgggcac atttcctgca 120  
 gaaaagggtg cggtcccat cactcctcct ctcccatagc catcccagag gggtagtag 180  
 ccatcangcc ttcggtggga gggagtcang gaaacaacan accacagagc anacagacca 240  
 ntgatgacca tgggcgggag cgagcctctt ccctgnaccg gggtaggana nganagccta 300  
 nctgaggggt cacactataa acgttaacga ccnagatnan cacctgcttc aagtgcaccc 360  
 ttcctacctg acnaccagng accnnnaact gcngcctggg gacagcctg ggancagcta 420  
 acnnagcact cacctgcccc cccatggcgg tncgcntccc tggctcctgnc aagggaagct 480  
 ccctgttgga attncgggga naccaaggga nccccctcct ccancgtgtga aggaaaaann 540  
 gatggaattt tncctctccg gccnntcccc tcttctctta cagccccct nntactctc 600  
 tccctctntt ntcctgncnc acttttnacc ccnnnatctt ccttnattga tcggannctn 660  
 ganattccac tnnccctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna ccnggggat 720  
 gggnnccctg ntcactctct cttttctcct accncnntt ctttgctct ccttngatca  
 780tccaaccctc gntggccntn ccccccnntt tcttttncce  
 820

<210> 27  
 <211> 818  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(818)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27  
 tctgggtgat ggcctcttcc tcctcagggg cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct 60  
 tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcgggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga 120  
 ctgaggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aatagggtcc cagggtccag ggaggggcgc 180  
 ctgctgagca ctccgcctcc tcacctgcc cagccctgct catgagctct gggctgggtc 240  
 tccgcctcca gggttctgct ctccangca ngccancaag tggcgtctgg ccacactggc 300  
 ttctctctgc cccntccctg gctctgante tctgtcttcc tgcctgtgc angcncctg 360  
 gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt 420  
 tatnaccnan tggncctgnc tgctnnactt taatgggcn gaccggctaa tccctccctc 480  
 nctcccttcc anttcnnna accngcttnc cntctctcc cntancccg ccngggaanc 540  
 ctcttttgc ctnaccangg gccnnnaccg cccntnnctn ggggggcnng gtnctncnc 600  
 ctgntnnccc cncctcncnt tncctcgtcc cncnncgcn nngcannttc ncngtcccn 660  
 tnnctcttcn ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngcnc ngntntnctn tccctctcnc 720  
 cnnntgnang tnnntnnnc ncngnncccc nnnncnnnnn nggnntnnn tctncncngc 780  
 cccnncccc ngnattaagg cctccnntct ccggccnc 818

<210> 28  
 <211> 731  
 <212> DNA



<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

aggaagggcg	gagggatatt	gtangggatt	gagggatagg	agnataangg	gggaggtgtg	60
tcccaacatg	anggtgnngt	tctcttttga	angagggttg	ngtttttann	ccnggtgggt	120
gattnaaccc	cattgtatgg	agnnaaaggn	tttnagggat	ttttcggtc	ttatcagtat	180
ntanattcct	gtnaatcggg	aaatnatntt	tcnncnggaa	aatnttgctc	ccatccgnaa	240
attnctcccg	ggtagtgcg	nttngggggg	cngccangtt	tcccaggctg	ctanaatcgt	300
actaaagntt	naagtggan	tncaaagaa	aacctnnac	agagnatccn	tacccgactg	360
tnnnttnect	tcgccctntg	actctgcnn	agcccaatac	ccnngngnat	gtcncccn	420
nnngcgcnc	tgaaannnnc	tcngggctnn	gancatcang	gggtttcgca	tcaaaagcnn	480
cgtttcncat	naaggcactt	tngcctcatc	caaccnctng	ccctcncca	tttngccgtc	540
nggttcnct	acgctnntng	cncctnnntn	ganattttnc	ccgctnngg	naancctcct	600
gnaatgggta	gggncttntc	tttnaccnn	gnggtntact	aatcnctnc	acgcntnctt	660
tctnacccc	ccccctttt	caatcccanc	ggcnaatggg	gtctccccnn	cgangggggg	720
nnnccannnc	c					731

<210> 29

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(822)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

actagtccag	tgtggtggaa	ttccattgtg	ttggggncnc	ttctatgant	antnttagat	60
cgctcanacc	tcacancctc	ccnacnangc	ctataangaa	nannaataga	nctgtncnnt	120
atntntacnc	tcatanncct	cnnnaccac	tcctcttaa	ccctactgt	gcctatngcn	180
tnnctantct	ntgccgcctn	cnaaccacn	gtgggcnac	cncnngnatt	ctcnatctcc	240
tcnccatntn	gcctananta	ngtncatacc	ctatacctac	nccaatgcta	nnnctaancn	300
tccatnantt	annntaacta	ccactgaent	ngactttcnc	atnanctcct	aatttgaatc	360
tactctgact	cccacngcct	annnattagc	ancntcccc	nacnatntct	caaccaaadc	420
ntcaacaacc	tatctanctg	ttcnccaacc	nttnccctcg	atccccnnac	aacccccctc	480
ccaaataccc	nccacctgac	ncctaaccn	caccatccc	gcaagccnan	ggncatttan	540
ccactggaat	cacnatngga	naaaaaaac	ccnaactctc	tancncnnat	ctccctaana	600
aatnctcctn	naatttactn	ncantnccat	caancccaac	tgaaacnnaa	ccccgtttt	660
tanatccctt	ctttcgaaaa	ccnacccttt	annncccaac	ctttngggcc	cccccnctnc	720
ccnaatgaag	gncncccaat	cnangaaacg	nccntgaaaa	ancnaggcna	anannntccg	780
canatccctat	cccttanttn	ggggncctt	nccnggggcc	cc		822

<210> 30

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (787)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 30

cgccgcgctg	ctctggcaca	tgctcctga	atggcatcaa	aagtgatgga	ctgcccattg	60
ctagagaaga	ccttctctcc	tactgtcatt	atggagccct	gcagactgag	ggctcccctt	120
gtctgcagga	tttgatgtct	gaagtcgtgg	agtgtggctt	ggagctcctc	atctacatna	180
gctggaagcc	ctggagggcc	tctctcgcca	gcctccccct	tctctccaag	ctctccangg	240
acaccagggg	ctccaggcag	ccattatttc	ccagnangac	atggtgtttc	tccacgcgga	300
cccatggggc	ctgnaaggcc	agggctcctt	ttgacaccat	ctctcccgtc	ctgcctggca	360
ggcgtgga	tccactantt	ctanaacggn	cgccaccncg	gtgggagctc	cagcttttgt	420
tccnttaat	gaaggttaat	tgncgcttg	gcgtaatcat	nggtcanaac	tnttctctgt	480
gtgaaattgt	ttntcccctc	ncnatccnc	ncnacatacn	aacccggaan	cataaagtgt	540
taaagcctgg	gggtngcctn	nngaanaac	tnaactcaat	taattgcgtt	ggctcatggc	600
ccgttttccn	ttcnggaaaa	ctgtctcccc	ctgcnttntt	gaatcgcca	ccccccnggg	660
aaaagcggtt	tgcnttttng	ggggntcctt	cncttcccc	cctcnctaan	ccctnccct	720
cggtcgttnc	nggtngcggg	gaangggnat	nnnctccnc	naagggggng	agnnngntat	780
ccccaaa						787

&lt;210&gt; 31

&lt;211&gt; 799

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (799)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 31

tttttttttt	tttttttggc	gatgctactg	tttaattgca	ggaggtgggg	gtgtgtgtac	60
catgtaccag	ggctattaga	agcaagaagg	aaggaggagg	ggcagagcgc	cctgctgagc	120
aacaaaggac	tcctgcagcc	ttctctgtct	gtctcttggc	gcaggcacat	ggggaggcct	180
cccgagggt	gggggccacc	agtccagggg	tgggagcact	acanggggtg	ggagtgggtg	240
gtggctggtg	cnaatggcct	gncacanatc	cctacgatcc	ttgacacctg	gatttcacca	300
ggggaccttc	tggtctccca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttgggtaca	420
tatggttccg	gcccacctct	cccntcnaan	aagtaattca	ccccccccc	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggccct	taantacceca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatcnccn	cetgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	agggcacgcc	gtncnctc	cccatagnan	600
nttttntcnt	canctaatgc	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	ttccccccc	tgggggcccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgntcgc	ggnnnccngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggntctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	cccgacgca	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnncnac	780
ctcgcccccc	ccnnccngng					799

&lt;210&gt; 32

&lt;211&gt; 789

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (789)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 32

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tttttncnag	ggcagggttta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcgggc	gcggcgggcg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgctcccgct	tgatnttcct	ctgcagctgc	aggatgccnt	aaaacagggc	ctcggccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aattttccag	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	ccnccnccg	ttggcncact	ccccntggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggctccgg	catctgggtc	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gccctctttt	tggttantnt	420
nccngccaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaancn	ccccaaaacc	480
ggnccatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgctgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnc	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagtgc	ttgngggccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcatc	600
ccccttggcc	cccaaatacct	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggngggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccgggtggc	ccnnctctaa	ngaaaaacnc	720
ntcctnnnca	ccatccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

&lt;210&gt; 33

&lt;211&gt; 793

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(793)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 33

gacagaacat	ggtggatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggtggagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtat	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggtgttcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcggtt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggnccgccacc	gcgggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgaggggta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atgggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaatttt	aaagcctggg	ggtngccta	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtcgggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncctccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtcttttcg	cttgcggcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

&lt;210&gt; 34

&lt;211&gt; 756

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(756)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 34

gccgcgaccg	gcatgtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcgagtggg	accgtaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagttc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120

ccaaccacag	ggaccaagct	gaccaaacag	cagctaattc	tggcccggtga	catactggag	180
atcgggggcc	aatggagcat	cctacgcaan	gacatcccc	ccttcgagcg	ctacatggcc	240
cagctcaaat	gctactactt	tgattacaan	gagcagctcc	ccgagtcagc	ctatatgcac	300
cagctcttgg	gcctcaacct	cctcttcctg	ctgtcccaga	accgggtggc	tgantnccac	360
acgganttgg	ancggctgcc	tgcccaanga	catacanacc	aatgtctaca	tcnaccacca	420
gtgtcctgga	gcaatactga	tgganggcag	ctaccncaaa	gtnttcctgg	ccnagggtaa	480
catccccgc	cgagagctac	accttcttca	ttgacatcct	gctcgacact	atcagggatg	540
aaaatcgcn	ggttgctcca	gaaaggctnc	aanaanatcc	tttctnctga	aggcccccg	600
atnncntagt	nctagaatcg	gcccgccatc	gcggtgganc	ctccaacctt	tcgttnccct	660
ttactgaggg	ttnattgccg	cccttggcgt	tatcatggtc	acnccngttn	cctgtgttga	720
aattnttaac	ccccacaat	tccacgccna	cattnng			756

&lt;210&gt; 35

&lt;211&gt; 834

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(834)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 35

ggggatctct	anatchacct	gnatgcatgg	ttgtcgggtg	ggtcgctgtc	gatgaanatg	60
aacaggatct	tgcccttgaa	gctctcggct	gctgtnttta	agttgctcag	tctgccgtca	120
tagtcagaca	cncctctggg	caaaaaacan	caggatntga	gtcttgattt	cacctccaat	180
aatcttcngg	gctgtctgct	cggtgaactc	gatgacnang	ggcagctggg	tgtgtntgat	240
aaantccanc	angttctcct	tggtgacctc	cccttcaaag	ttgttcgggc	cttcatcaaa	300
cttctnnaan	angannancc	canccttgct	gagctggnat	ttgganaaca	cgtcacrgtt	360
ggaaactgat	cccaaattgg	atgtcatcca	tcgcctctgc	tgccctgcaa	aaacttgctt	420
ggcncaaata	cgaactcccn	tccttgaaag	aagccnatca	cacccccctc	cctggactcc	480
nncaangact	ctnccgctnc	cccntccnng	cagggttggg	ggcannccgg	gccntgcgc	540
ttcttcagcc	agttcacnat	nttcacagc	ccctctgcc	gctgttntat	tccttggggg	600
ggaanccgtc	tctcccttcc	tgaannaact	ttgaccgtng	gaatagccgc	gcntcnccnt	660
acntnctggg	cgggttcaa	antccctccn	ttgncnntcn	cctcgggcca	ttctggattt	720
nccnaacttt	tctcttccc	cncctccnng	ngtttgntt	tttcatnggg	ccccaaactc	780
gctnttggcc	antccctggg	gggcntntan	cncctccnt	ggtcccntng	ggcc	834

&lt;210&gt; 36

&lt;211&gt; 814

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(814)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 36

cgngcgtttt	cngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacnn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgtctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgccca	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaag	gaagaaaggc	tgggtctctc	acccctgta	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanaggtttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360

```

ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc 420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc 480
aggggangtc ntttncagtg gatctgcca anantaccn tatcatcnnt gaataaaaag 540
gcccctgaac ganatgcttc cancanctt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccattggtgcc 600
cttccgggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttctt ggggtccant ccttcctttg ttntttacgt 660
tgtnttggaac cntgtctn gn atnaccaan tganatcccc ngaagcacc tccccctggc 720
atntganntt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcncnnaan 780
gngnaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn 814

```

&lt;210&gt; 37

&lt;211&gt; 760

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(760)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 37

```

gcatgctgct cttcctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg 60
gcgcagtggt cgctgaaggg gttgtagtac cagcgcggga tgctctcctt gcagagtcct 120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgccctttg tctactggga aatggatgcg ctggagctcg 180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtattt ttcacangca gcctcctccg aagcntccgg gcagttgggg 240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt 300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac aactggatn ggcctttcca tggaagggcc tgggggaaat 360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgcaca ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc 420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aacccaaanc 480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggcatnnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccggcngn 540
ganccnctt gtttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaanagca 600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggccnggttc cncnnggtg gtctgaaact aatcacgcgc 660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgaat tcccaaantt cccctngntt tgggtntttt 720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc cntanggcg 760

```

&lt;210&gt; 38

&lt;211&gt; 724

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(724)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 38

```

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttaaaaa cccctccat tgaatgaaaa 60
cttccnaaat tgtccaaccc cctcnccaa atnnccattt ccgggggggg gttccaaacc 120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaatn tnatnngggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa 180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatnccn gaaacccntg gnttccaaa atttttaacc 240
cttaaatccc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaaggtt 300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cnnngctnaa ntatttngnt tccggtgttt 360
tcctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccngtaat gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt 420
tttttgaatt ggaaattccn ngggaattna ccgggggttt tcccnttttg gggccatncc 480
ccncttttcg ggggtttgggn ntagggtgaa tttttnnang nccccaaaaa ncccccaana 540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaantnc ccccttccca ggccttttgg gaaaggnggg 600

```

```

tttntggggg ccngggantt cnttcccccn ttncnccccc ccccccnggt aaanggttat 660
ngnntttggt ttttgggccc cttnanggac ctcccggaatn gaaattaaat ccccggnncg 720
gccg 724

```

```

<210> 39
<211> 751
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(751)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 39
tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttatatt tgattttttt taatgctgca 60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt 120
tttatttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga actttttgtg ccttttttcc tttttctgta 180
ggcgcgctta agctttctaa atttggaaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt 240
cgcaaaatca ctccgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga 300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc ttttaattana 360
cttggggggt ccctcccccac accaaccnccn ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg 420
tccccgcnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccnccnc caggtnaaaa 480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacactcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn 540
ccctcaancn aattnctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnnngtc cncgggggt cggggaantn 600
cacccccnga anncnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tccnntcnc tcaattcccc 660
cnnagactnt cctcnnncn cncaattttt ttttntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaaatgn 720
nnnnncctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c 751

```

```

<210> 40
<211> 753
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(753)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 40
gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttctt ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat 60
agatgaaaac ccccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcc aagcagccggg gtaggagggg 120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ctttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa 180
tgggtctggaa gcggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcaggggcc accaggaaact 240
tctcaaagtt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtgatn agcttggggg 300
cggtcataan cgcggtggcg tcgtcgttg gagctggcag ggctccccg aggaaggcna 360
ataaaagggt cgcccccgca ccgttcant cgcaattctc naanaccatg angttgggct 420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc 480
ttctnctgat gccctantg gtgcccngn atgccaanca nccccaancc ccgggggtcct 540
aaanacccn cctcctcntt tcatctgggt tntntcccc ggacntggg tccctcaag 600
ggancccata tctcnaccn tactcaacct nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn 660
tcccncccg ncctctggcc cntcaaan gcttnacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc 720
tnccctatct gnacccnncn tttgtctcan tnt 753

```

```

<210> 41

```

&lt;211&gt; 341

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 41

actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt	60
agtgaaccca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac	120
ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt	180
tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag	240
tgttaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat	300
ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t	341

&lt;210&gt; 42

&lt;211&gt; 101

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 42

acttactgaa tttagttctg tgctcttctt tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat	60
gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a	101

&lt;210&gt; 43

&lt;211&gt; 305

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 43

acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttctctg gtcttcaccc	60
tccagggtgg tctcacactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat	120
tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgttt cagaaagtct aagaaaccca	180
cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat	240
tggatacaga acgagagtta tcctggataa ctcagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggccgc	300
tcgaa	305

&lt;210&gt; 44

&lt;211&gt; 852

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(852)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 44

acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagt tttgtttct	60
gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt ggtttgtgtc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatatt	120
ctctccatcc tcgggcattc tccccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct	180
ccagaatttc tctttttag tagtatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc	240
tgctgttgtt cttcttttta ccccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga	300
agacgccctc agatcgggtc tcccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga	360
ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttggtgtggc	420
acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcttttttca tatcagggtga ctctgcaaca ggaaggtgac	480
tggtgggtgt catggagatc tgagcccggc agaaagtttt gctgtccaac aaatctactg	540
tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag	600

gctcagtttg	ttcagtccttg	acaatgacat	tgtgtgtgga	ctggaacagg	tcactactgc	660
actggccggt	ccacttcaga	tgctgcaagt	tgctgtagag	gagntgcccc	gccgtccctg	720
ccgcccgggt	gaactcctgc	aaactcatgc	tgcaaagggtg	ctcgccgttg	atgtcgaaact	780
cntggaaagg	gatacaattg	gcatccagct	ggttggtgtc	caggaggtga	tggagccact	840
cccacacctg	gt					852

<210> 45  
 <211> 234  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 45						
acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttggacgaa	tccgtgtccg	60
agtctgacac	catccggagc	atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	120
gcctcgtttc	tggttggggg	ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	180
tgaacgtgtc	ggtggtgtct	gaggaggtct	gcagtaagct	ctatgaccgc	ctgt	234

<210> 46  
 <211> 590  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (590)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46						
acttttttatt	taaatgttta	taaggcagat	ctatgagaat	gatagaaaac	atggtgtgtga	60
atttgatagc	aatattttgg	agattacaga	gttttagtaa	ttaccaatta	cacagttaaa	120
aagaagataa	tatattccaa	gcanatacaa	aatatctaata	gaaagatcaa	ggcaggaaaa	180
tgantataac	taattgacaa	tggaaaatca	attttaatgt	gaattgcaca	ttatccttta	240
aaagctttca	aaanaanaaa	ttattgcagt	ctanttaatt	caaacagtgt	taaatggat	300
caggataaan	aactgaagg	canaaaagaat	taattttcac	ttcatgtaac	ncacccanat	360
ttacaatggc	ttaaatgcan	ggaaaaagca	gtggaagtga	ggaagtantc	aaggtctttc	420
tggtctctaa	tctgccttac	tctttgggtg	tggctttgat	cctctggaga	cagctgccag	480
ggctcctgtt	atatccacaa	tcccagcagc	aagatgaagg	gatgaaaaag	gacacatgct	540
gccttccttt	gaggagactt	catctcactg	gccaacactc	agtcacatgt		590

<210> 47  
 <211> 774  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (774)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47						
acaagggggc	ataatgaagg	agtggggana	gatttttaaag	aaggaaaaaa	aacgaggccc	60
tgaacagaat	tttcctgnac	aacggggcctt	caaaataatt	ttcttgggga	ggttcaagac	120
gcttcactgc	ttgaaactta	aatggatgtg	ggacanaatt	ttctgtaatg	accctgaggg	180
cattacagac	gggactctgg	gaggaaggat	aaacagaaaag	gggacaaaag	ctaataccaa	240
aacatcaaa	aaaggaagg	ggcgtcatat	ctcccagcct	acacagttct	ccagggtctt	300



```

cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg      360
ctgggtccctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc      420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccagggt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt      480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc      540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcttg attactccag catcttggaa caatccctga      600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggt gttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc      660
agggtgctgg cttcaaattt tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct      720
tcactttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt          774

```

&lt;210&gt; 48

&lt;211&gt; 124

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(124)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 48

```

canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt      60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact      120
tggt                                              124

```

&lt;210&gt; 49

&lt;211&gt; 147

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(147)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 49

```

gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggagggt ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt      60
tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtct gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt      120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt                                              147

```

&lt;210&gt; 50

&lt;211&gt; 107

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 50

```

acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttgggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatatatattgc      60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt                      107

```

&lt;210&gt; 51

&lt;211&gt; 204

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 51

```

gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg      60

```

cggggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaaag gaaaatcaag 120  
gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttgGCCA 180  
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt 204

<210> 52

<211> 491

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(491)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52

acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaàaaa tttgatagtt ttaaagggtta gtattgtgta 60  
gggtatttttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca 120  
ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa 180  
aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaatatt 240  
tcanaaacac ttctcàaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca 300  
atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc 360  
atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat 420  
caattttatt tggataacaa agggctctcca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat 480  
atcactcttg t 491

<210> 53

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53

acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga 60  
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggattttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac 120  
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct 180  
caatcaaadc tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct 240  
gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc 300  
agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttggt gcctctccct 360  
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncc 420  
tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc 480  
cant 484

<210> 54

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54

actaaacctc gtgcttggtga actccataca gaaaacgggt ccatccctga acacggctgg 60  
ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag 120  
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t 151

<210> 55  
<211> 91  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 55  
acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60  
gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56  
<211> 133  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 56  
ggcggatgtg cgttggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60  
tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cgggccagga accaatacc catggatacc 120  
aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57  
<211> 147  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(147)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57  
actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60  
gactgggagc tgagcccttc ctttgccgcc tgcctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120  
tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58  
<211> 198  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(198)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58  
acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60  
tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccatctatta 120  
atttaccat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180  
ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59  
<211> 330  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 59  
acaacaaatg ggttgtagg aagtcttata agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat 60  
ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt 120  
cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa 180  
tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acagggtggtt tccagacttt ccagacccag 240  
cagaaggaat ctattttatc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt 300  
tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt 330

<210> 60  
<211> 175  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60  
accgtgggtg cttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctggtt ctacttcggc 60  
gtcgtgggtc cttctctctt catctctatc cagctggtgc tgctcatcga ctttgcgac 120  
tcctggaacc agcgggtggc gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt 175

<210> 61  
<211> 154  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 61  
accccacttt tcctcctgtg agcagctctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtagt 60  
ggttggtgct cttcaacagt atctccctt tcccgatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc 120  
tggactgcac agccccgggg ctccacattg ctgt 154

<210> 62  
<211> 30  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 62  
cgctcgagcc ctatagtgag tcgtattaga 30

<210> 63  
<211> 89  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 63  
acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc 60  
ctgtatgaat aaaaatggtt atgtcaagt 89

<210> 64  
<211> 97  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64  
accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag 60  
aatcagtgc tccaggattg gtccttgat ctggggt 97

<210> 65  
<211> 377  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (377)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65  
acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60  
gcatggcgtc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120  
ccaaccctgg tctaccaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggg 180  
tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa 240  
ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300  
tgggggtgaa ctaccccccag gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360  
gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66  
<211> 305  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 66  
acgcctttcc ctccagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgcttg ccttcctccg ttgttgctg 60  
agaacccgtg tgcccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120  
aggaactaac tgcaccctgg tcctctcccc agtccccagt tcaccctcca tccctcacct 180  
tcctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggttt 240  
ttatatattt ttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300  
tgttt 305

<210> 67  
<211> 385  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 67  
actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtagaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60  
ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcaggt ctgagagttc 120  
cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180  
tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240  
ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300  
cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatat 360  
catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68  
<211> 73  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 68  
acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60  
gttttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69  
 <211> 536  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(536)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69  
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggggctc tcaccctcct ctctgcagc 60  
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120  
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180  
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240  
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggg 300  
 actaagagcc aggcaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagagggtggg 360  
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420  
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480  
 gaangtcctt gggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70  
 <211> 477  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 70  
 atgaccctta acaggggccc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60  
 tcacttccac tccataacgc tcttcatact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120  
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180  
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240  
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccctccaa ctaggaggggc 300  
 actggccccc aacaggcatc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360  
 ccgtattact cgcatacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420  
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71  
 <211> 533  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(533)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71  
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60  
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataattgtaa gattgggtta 120  
 tgtgatttta gtggattttt tggcaccctt atatattgtt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180  
 attattttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtgtt aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcattctcatt 240  
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300  
 aaatagggtg gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360  
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcctaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420  
 ctctgtaatt ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480  
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacacac agtatataag gctgtaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72  
<211> 511  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(511)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72  
tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60  
aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120  
aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180  
aaacatggan agattggtgc tgganatcgc cgtggctatt cctcattggt attacanagt 240  
gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300  
cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360  
gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420  
atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480  
aaatacaccc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73  
<211> 499  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(499)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73  
cagtgccagc actggtgcca gtaccagtag caataacagt gccagtgcc gtgccagcac 60  
cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120  
tggccttggt ggagctggtg ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctecta 180  
caagttagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtccttc tcttcaagcc aggtgcatc 240  
ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300  
ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360  
antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420  
catctgttgt ttgccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgacct tggaaagtgc cactccact 480  
gtcctttcct aantaaat 499

<210> 74  
<211> 537  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(537)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74  
tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaatth ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

```

ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
tccaggccca cggctcaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tcctaccact ctaatcaaga 240
aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
ggcttttgat ttataanact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
cagtttgctt gatataattg ttgatattaa gattcttgac ttatatattg aatgggttct 420
actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgccc caaattgtat ggtgataaaa gtcccgt 537

```

&lt;210&gt; 75

&lt;211&gt; 467

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (467)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 75

```

caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatga tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
tgcatattac acgtacctcc tcctgctcct caagtagtgt ggtctatatt gccatcatca 120
cctgctgtct gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttctcatcgt gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
tctagttggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcatgtgtg tactattcta 300
tcattattgt ataacgggtt tcaaaccngt gggcagncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
caatgaggaa tagccacggt gatctccagc accaaatctc tccatgttnt tccagagctc 420
ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccctgn 467

```

&lt;210&gt; 76

&lt;211&gt; 400

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (400)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 76

```

aagctgacag cattcggggc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctgcgctac 60
tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcaggtt tactcacgtc 120
atccagcaga gaatggaaag tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg ttcatccat 180
ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagtg gagcattcag 240
acttgtcttt cagcaaggac tgggtctttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttcaccccca 300
ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggaggt 400

```

&lt;210&gt; 77

&lt;211&gt; 248

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 77

```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60

```



```

ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc 120
caggcactgt tcatctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgctccc ggcaagcgt tctgctgaaa 180
gttcatactc ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaagggtcc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaaa 240
aaaaaaaaa 248

```

```

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 78
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgcccac cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac 120
tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataatgcct 180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 201

```

```

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 79
tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg 60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt 120
cctctttcct ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag 180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt 240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact 300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga 360
taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaaatttta 420
ttcccaggaa tatgggggtc atttatgaat antaccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac 480
cngttttggt taatacgta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaa aa 552

```

```

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga 60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct 120
cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggacacagc cactgaagca ggccctgttt 180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcacta 240
aggttaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac 300
tcttctaagt cctcttcag cctcactttg agtcctcctt ggggggttgat aggaantntc 360

```

tcttggttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat 420  
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatggt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476

<210> 81

<211> 232

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(232)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81

tttttttttg tatgcctnctn ctgtggngtt attgttgctg ccaccctgga ggagcccagt 60  
ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggatc ttcttggtc tgccctcca tcccagcct 120  
ctcatcccca tcttgcaactt ttgctagggt tggaggcgt ttcttggtag cccctcagag 180  
actcagtcag cgggaataag tcttaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232

<210> 82

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82

aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60  
agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgcc gtgccagcac cagtggaggc ttcagtgtg 120  
gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggt ggagctggtg 180  
ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat ttagatatt 240  
gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcagaaacc tactcaacac 300  
agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360  
ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383

<210> 83

<211> 494

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(494)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83

accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcctc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60  
gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgaccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc 120  
ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180  
acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc gcgcctgtc ctctgagggt ccttaaactg 240  
atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctcgg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300  
agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggctcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360

```
tatgcttggtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494
```

<210> 84

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84

```
gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttcttg 180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggcgggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 380
```

<210> 85

<211> 481

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(481)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

```
gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggctctctgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg ttgccacca cctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgctcga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagtgag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtggggggg gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtccnt tggtggnngc gcntnccttt 480
t 481
```

<210> 86

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

```

aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttggaata gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaacactt     120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taagggtatg     180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga     240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gttagccaat tcactttctt     300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg     360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cttttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga     420
tgttnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg              472

```

<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

```

agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggtg gacctaatTT tgtgtgctg      60
tgtgtgtgct cgcatattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttTgt aaagcttatg     120
cctcttttgt atctatatct gtgaaagtTt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct     180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggT actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagtTngt     240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa ttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg     300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaattn cctggtgaga aattncataa     360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanang catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt              413

```

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

```

cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgctg cccactccc cgcgtcccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggccg ggccccctgc cgccccgctg ctctgctgg ccacctggc     120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggcccg ctccagtcct ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt     180
gggaggccca tggacccccg gtggaagaag aaggtgtgct gcgtgcactg gactttgccg     240
tcggcnanta caacaaaccc gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgtgcag gttgtgccgc     300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaaantaa ttcttggaa ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng     360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt nccccctcat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg     420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaatTTt

```

<210> 89

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(463)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 89

gaattttgtg	cactggccac	tgtgatggaa	ccattgggcc	aggatgcttt	gagtttatca	60
gtagtgattc	tgccaaagtt	ggtgttgtaa	catgagtatg	taaaatgtca	aaaaattagc	120
agaggtctag	gtctgcatat	cagcagacag	tttgtccgtg	tattttgtag	ccttgaagtt	180
ctcagtgaca	agttntttct	gatgôgaagt	tctnattcca	gtgttttagt	cctttgcatc	240
tttnatggtt	agacttgccct	ctntnaaatt	gcttttgtn	tctgcaggta	ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa	tagaannact	tctctgcttn	gaanatttga	atatcttaca	tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc	ccatannaaa	acccangccc	ttggganaat	ttgaaaaang	gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana	anttcagntn	tcatacaaca	naacngganc	ccc		463

&lt;210&gt; 90

&lt;211&gt; 400

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(400)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 90

agggattgaa	ggtctnttnt	actgtcggac	tgttcanca	ccaactctac	aagttgctgt	60
cttccactca	ctgtctgtaa	gcntnttaac	ccagactgta	tcttcataaa	tagaacaat	120
tcttcaccag	tcacatcttc	taggaccttt	ttggattcag	ttagtataag	ctcttccact	180
tcctttgtta	agacttcctc	tggtaaagtc	ttaggttttg	tagaaaaggaa	tttaattgct	240
cgttctctaa	caatgtcttc	tccttgaagt	atttggctga	acaaccacc	tnaagtcct	300
ttgtgcatcc	attttaaata	tacttaatag	ggcattggtn	cactagggtta	aattctgcaa	360
gagtcactctg	tctgcaaaag	ttgcgttagt	atatctycca			400

&lt;210&gt; 91

&lt;211&gt; 480

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(480)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 91

gagctcggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt	gactaccgtg	tgccagtgtc	ggtgattctc	acacacctcc	nncgcgtctt	180
tgtggaaaaa	ctggcacttg	nctggaacta	gcaagacatc	acttacaaat	tcacccacga	240
gacacttgaa	aggtgtaaca	aagcgactct	tgcattgtct	tttgtccctc	cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaatact	aacctgctgg	tttgccctcca	tcacatttgt	gatctgtagc	tctggataca	360
tctcctgaca	gtactgaaga	acttcttctt	ttgtttcaaa	agcaactctt	ggtgcctgtt	420
ngatcaggtt	cccatctccc	agtcggaatg	ttcacatggc	atatnttact	tcccacaaaa	480

&lt;210&gt; 92

&lt;211&gt; 477

&lt;212&gt; DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

atacagccca	natcccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttggtgact	gagaacctga	tgcgggtcact	60
ggtcccgcgtg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccggtcaat	gaactccact	cgtggccttg	ggttgacggg	180
taantgcagg	aagaggctga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccgaact	gtgcgggacc	240
tgcagcgaaa	ctcctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaaccttccg	cctgttctct	ggcgtcacct	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcacgga	tgcccantgt	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	caggtcaatg	tcggtgaanc	ctccgcgggt	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	accttgctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctctgg	ccttccccctc	120
cgcctcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgtttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtn	180
tgattttact	tgggaatttc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgctaata	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatggt	tgcctgttna	gttggtataaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttctg	tatttattgg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggtc	cagttcccag	tggaagaaac	aggccaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgaccc	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgaccctt	120
ccaaggaaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttccccgag	gaggaaggga	aggggctctg	tgtgcccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacacccctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggtccc	ctctcagtc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acaccacccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgttct	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tcccnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480

aaaaaaaaana aaaaaa

495

<210> 95  
 <211> 472  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(472)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95  
 gggtacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc 60  
 cctctggaag ccttgcgcag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt 120  
 tagctgtttt gagttgattc gcaccactgc accacaactc aatatgaaaa ctatttnact 180  
 tatttattat cttgtgaaaa gtatacaatg aaaattttgt tcatactgta tttatcaagt 240  
 atgatgaaaa gcaatagata tatattcttt tattatgttn aattatgatt gccattatta 300  
 atcggaacaaa tgtggagtgt atgttctttt cacagtaata tatgcctttt gtaacttcac 360  
 ttgggtattt tattgtaaat gaattacaaa attcttaatt taagaaaatg gtangttata 420  
 ttantttcan taatttcttt ccttgttttac gttaattttg aaaagaatgc at 472

<210> 96  
 <211> 476  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(476)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96  
 ctgaagcatt tcttcaaact tntctacttt tgtcattgat acctgtagta agttgacaat 60  
 gtggtgaaat ttcaaaatta tatgtaactt ctactagttt tactttctcc cccaagtctt 120  
 ttttaactca tgatttttac acacacaatc cagaacttat tatatagcct ctaagtcttt 180  
 attcttcaca ttagatgatg aaagagtcct ccagtgtcct gngcanaatg ttctagntat 240  
 agctggatac atacngtggg agttctataa actcatacct cagtgggact naaccaaaat 300  
 tgtgttagtc tcaattccta ccacactgag ggagcctccc aaatcactat attcttatct 360  
 gcaggtactc ctccagaaaa acngacaggg caggcttgca tgaaaaagtn acatctgcgt 420  
 taaaaagtct atcttctcta nangtctgtg aaggaacaat ttaatcttct agcttt 476

<210> 97  
 <211> 479  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(479)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97  
 actctttcta atgctgatat gatcttgagt ataagaatgc atatgtcact agaatggata 60  
 aaataatgct gcaaacttaa tgttcttatg caaatggaa cgctaataa acacagctta 120

caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgtctca	tctgtttag	atttagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgtc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttg	gcaatnttcc	ttagtcaa	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	attggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatttttaa	naatacactt	300
gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatttccact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnnttttta	natcaaagta	ttttgtgttt	ggaantgttn	aaatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttnatctta	ttttttcccn	gacnactant	tnctttttta	gggnctattc	tganccatc	479

&lt;210&gt; 98

&lt;211&gt; 461

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 98

agtgacttgt	cctccaacaa	aaccccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc	tgatcatctat	tgcctactaa	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaactctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttcctctac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatatcctca	tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	tggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaat	300
ttacctggag	aaaagaggct	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaaccttct	cttaaggact	360
ttaagaaaaa	ctaccacatg	ttgtgtatcc	tggtgccggc	cgtttatgaa	ctgaccaccc	420
tttggaataa	tcttgacgct	cctgaacttg	ctcctctgca	a		461

&lt;210&gt; 99

&lt;211&gt; 171

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 99

gtggccgcgc	gcaggtgttt	cctcgtaccg	cagggccccc	tccttcccc	aggcgtccct	60
cggcgccctc	gcgggcccga	ggaggagcgg	ctggcggggtg	gggggagtg	gacccaccct	120
cggtgagaaa	agccttctct	agcgatctga	gaggcgtgcc	ttgggggtac	c	171

&lt;210&gt; 100

&lt;211&gt; 269

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 100

cgcccgcaag	tgcaactcca	gctggggccg	tgccgacgaa	gattctgcca	gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac	gacggcgccg	gcgacagtcg	caggtgcagc	gcgggcgcct	ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggctcgtgt	cacgtccac	gaccttgacg	ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac	agagcccgg	gaagcgggag	gcctcgggga	gcccctcggg	aaggcgggcc	240
cgagagatac	gcaggtgcag	gtggccgc				269

&lt;210&gt; 101

&lt;211&gt; 405

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 101

tttttttttt	ttttggaatc	tactgcgagc	acagcaggtc	agcaacaagt	ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg	taacagggtg	gggcatgggt	acatgttcag	gtcaacttcc	tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt	tgtctttatg	ggggcggggt	ggggtagggg	aaacgaagca	aataacatgg	180
agtgggtgca	ccctccctgt	agaacctggt	tacaaagctt	ggggcagttc	acctggtctg	240
tgaccgtcat	tttcttgaca	tcaatgttat	tagaagtcag	gatatctttt	agagagtcca	300



ctgttctgga gggagattag ggtttcttgc caaatccaac aaaatccact gaaaaagttg 360  
gatgatcagt acgaataccg aggcatattc tcatatcggg ggcca 405

<210> 102  
<211> 470  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 102  
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60  
ggcacttaat ccattttttat ttcaaaatgt ctacaaattt aatcccatta tacggatttt 120  
tcaaaatcta aattattcaa attagccaaa tccttaccaa ataataccca aaaatcaaaa 180  
atatacttct ttcagcaaac ttgttacata aattaaaaaa atatatacgg ctgggtgtttt 240  
caaagtacaa ttatcttaac actgcaaaca ttttaaggaa ctaaaataaa aaaaaacact 300  
ccgcaaagggt taaagggaac aacaaattct ttacaacac cattataaaa atcatatctc 360  
aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacgg gatcttaact ttactcact ttgtttattt 420  
ttttaaacca ttgtttgggc ccaacacaat ggaatcccc ctggactagt 470

<210> 103  
<211> 581  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 103  
tttttttttt ttttttttga cccccctctt ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact 60  
tacacatatt ttttttataa ttggtatttag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120  
taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180  
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240  
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300  
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360  
agggaaaaca ggaagagaaa tggcacacaa aacaacatt ttatattcat atttctacct 420  
acgttaataa aatagcattt tgtgaagcca gctcaaaaga aggcttagat ccttttatgt 480  
ccattttagt cactaaacga tatcaaagtg ccagaatgca aaagggttgt gaacatttat 540  
tcaaaagcta atataagata tttcacatac tcatctttct g 581

<210> 104  
<211> 578  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 104  
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttctctt cttttttttt gaaatgagga tcgagttttt 60  
cactctctag atagggcatg aagaaaactc atctttccag ctttaaaaata acaatcaaat 120  
ctcttatgct atatcatatt ttaagttaaa ctaatgagtc actggcttat cttctcctga 180  
aggaaatctg ttcattcttc tcattcatat agttatatca agtactacct tgcattattga 240  
gagggtttttc ttctctattt acacatatat ttccatgtga atttgatatca aacctttatt 300  
ttcatgcaaa ctagaaaata atgtttcttt tgcataagag aagagaacaa tatagcatta 360  
caaaactgct caaattgttt gttaagttat ccattataat tagttggcag gagctaatac 420  
aaatcacatt tacgacagca ataataaac tgaagtacca gttaaatata caaaataatt 480  
aaaggaacat ttttagcctg ggtataatta gctaattcac tttacaagca tttattagaa 540  
tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105  
<211> 538  
<212> DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 105

tttttttttt	tttttcagta	ataatcagaa	caatatTTtat	ttttatatTTt	aaaattcata	60
gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttta	taaaagtttg	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	atacaccaaa	atacattaag	taaattattt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aatccacta	ttagcaaata	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgtactttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcttttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaaccc	538

&lt;210&gt; 106

&lt;211&gt; 473

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 106

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagtttctat	ttttattata	attaaagtct	tggtcatttc	60
atttatttagc	tctgcaactt	acatatttta	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taagggtgcca	ttattgagta	atatatttct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatcccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aaatgatctg	acctatcctc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttcttc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgtttca	aaa	473

&lt;210&gt; 107

&lt;211&gt; 1621

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 107

cgccatggca	ctgcagggca	tctcggtcat	ggagctgtcc	ggcctggccc	cgggcccgtt	60
ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	cggtgtggta	cgctgggacc	ggcccggctc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgctcg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcgggga	gccgcgctgc	tgcggcgctc	gtgcaagcgg	tcggatgtgc	tgctggagcc	240
cttcgcgcgc	ggtgtcatgg	agaaactcca	gctgggccc	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atttatgcca	ggctgagtg	atttggccag	tcagggaagc	tctgccggtt	360
agctggccac	gatatcaact	atttggtttt	gtcaggtgtt	ctctcaaaaa	ttggcagaag	420
tggtgagaat	ccgtatgccc	cgctgaatct	cctggctgac	tttgctgggt	gtggccttat	480
gtgtgactg	ggcattataa	tggctctttt	tgaccgcaca	cgactgaca	agggtcaggt	540
cattgatgca	aatatggtgg	aaggaacagc	atatttaagt	tcttttctgt	ggaaaactca	600
gaaatcgagt	ctgtgggaag	cacctcgagg	acagaacatg	ttggatgggt	gagcaccttt	660
ctatacgact	tacaggacag	cagatgggga	attcatggct	gttggagcaa	tagaacccca	720
gttctacgag	ctgctgatca	aaggacttgg	actaaagtct	gatgaacttc	ccaatcagat	780
gagcatggat	tattggccag	aaatgaagaa	gaagtttgca	gatgtatttg	caaagaagac	840
gaaggcagag	tgggtgtcaa	tctttgacgg	cacagatgcc	tgtgtgactc	cggttctgac	900
ttttgaggag	gttggttcac	atgatcacia	caaggaacgg	ggctcgttta	tcaccagtga	960
ggagcaggac	gtgagccccc	gccctgcacc	tctgctgtta	aacaccccag	ccatcccttc	1020
tttcaaaagg	gaccccttca	taggagaaca	cactgaggag	atacttgaag	aatttggatt	1080
cagccgcgaa	gagatttatc	agcttaactc	agataaaatc	attgaaagta	ataaggtaaa	1140
agctagtctc	taacttccag	gccacggct	caagtgaatt	tgaatactgc	atttacagtg	1200
tagagtaaca	cataacattg	tatgcatgga	aacatggagg	aacagtatta	cagtgtccta	1260

```

ccactctaatt caagaaaaga attacagact ctgattctac agtgatgatt gaattctaaa 1320
aatgggtatc attagggctt ttgatttata aaactttggg tacttatact aaattatggt 1380
agttattctg ccttccagtt tgcttgatat atttggtgat attaagattc ttgacttata 1440
ttttgaatgg gttctagtga aaaaggaatg atatattctt gaagacatcg atatacattt 1500
atttacctc ttgattctac aatgtagaaa atgaggaaat gccacaaatt gtatggtgat 1560
aaaagtcacg tgaacaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1620
a 1621

```

&lt;210&gt; 108

&lt;211&gt; 382

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 108

```

Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
1 5 10 15
Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Met Val Leu Ala Asp Phe Gly Ala Arg Val Val
20 25 30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35 40 45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50 55 60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65 70 75 80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85 90 95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100 105 110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115 120 125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130 135 140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145 150 155 160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165 170 175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180 185 190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
195 200 205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210 215 220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225 230 235 240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245 250 255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260 265 270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275 280 285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290 295 300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305 310 315 320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

```

	325		330		335										
Ile	Pro	Ser	Phe	Lys	Arg	Asp	Pro	Phe	Ile	Gly	Glu	His	Thr	Glu	Glu
	340		345		350										
Ile	Leu	Glu	Glu	Phe	Gly	Phe	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Asn
	355		360		365										
Ser	Asp	Lys	Ile	Ile	Glu	Ser	Asn	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	Ser	Leu		
	370		375		380										

<210> 109  
 <211> 1524  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 109

ggcacgaggc	tgcgccaggg	cctgagcggg	ggcgggggca	gcctcgccag	cggggggcccc	60
gggcctggcc	atgcctcact	gagccagcgc	ctgcgcctct	acctcgccga	cagctggaac	120
cagtgcgacc	tagtggctct	cacctgcttc	ctcctgggcg	tgggctgccg	gctgaccccg	180
ggtttgtacc	acctgggccc	cactgtcctc	tgcacgact	tcattggttt	cacggtgccg	240
ctgcttcaca	tcttcacggt	caacaaacag	ctggggccca	agatcgctcat	cgtgagcaag	300
atgatgaagg	acgtgttctt	cttctctctc	ttcctcgccg	tgtggctggt	agcctatggc	360
gtggccacgg	aggggctcct	gaggccacgg	gacagtact	tcccaagtat	cctgcccgcg	420
gtcttctacc	gtccctacct	gcagatcttc	gggcagattc	cccaggagga	catggacgtg	480
gcccctcatgg	agcacagcaa	ctgctcgctc	gagcccggt	tctgggcaca	ccctcctggg	540
gcccaggcgg	gcacctgctg	ctcccagtat	gccaaactgg	tgggtggctg	gctcctcgct	600
atcttctctg	tcgtggccaa	catectgctg	gtcaacttgc	tcattgccat	gttcagttac	660
acattcggca	aagtacaggg	caacagcgat	ctctactgga	aggcgccagc	ttaccgcctc	720
atccgggaat	tccactctcg	gcccgcgctg	gcccggagcc	cccagccgtc	ctcccggccc	780
cgctcctctg	tcaggcaatt	gtgcaggcga	ccccggagcc	cccagccgtc	ctcccggccc	840
ctcgagcatt	tccgggttta	ccttttctaag	gaagccgagc	ggaagctgct	aaagtgggaa	900
tcggtgcata	aggagaactt	tctgctggca	cgcgctaggg	acaagcggga	gagcgactcc	960
gagcgtctga	agcgcacgtc	ccagaagggtg	gacttggcac	tgaacacagc	gggacacatc	1020
cgcgagtacg	aacagcgcc	gaaagtgtctg	gagcgggagg	tccagcagtg	tagccgcgtc	1080
ctgggggtggg	tggccgaggg	cctgagccgc	tctgccttgc	tgcccccagg	tgggcccggc	1140
ccccctgacc	tgcttgggtc	caaagactga	gcctgctggt	cggacttcaa	ggagaagccc	1200
ccacagggga	ttttgtcct	agagtaaggc	tcctctgggc	ctcgcccccc	gcacctgggtg	1260
gccttgtcct	tgaggtgagc	cccatgtcca	tctggggccac	tgtcaggacc	acctttggga	1320
gtgtcatcct	tacaaaccac	agcatgcccc	gctcctccca	gaaccagtcc	cagcctggga	1380
ggatcaaggc	ctggatcccc	ggccgttacc	catctggagg	ctgcagggtc	cttggggtaa	1440
cagggaccac	agaccctcca	ccactcacag	attcctcaca	ctggggaaat	aaagccattt	1500
cagaggaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa				1524

<210> 110  
 <211> 3410  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 110

gggaaccagc	ctgcacgcgc	tggctccggg	tgacagccgc	gcgcctcggc	caggatctga	60
gtgatgagac	gtgtccccac	tgaggtgccc	cacagcagca	ggtgttgagc	atgggctgag	120
aagctggacc	ggcaccaaa	ggctggcaga	aatgggcgcc	tggctgattc	ctaggcagtt	180
ggcggcagca	aggaggagag	gccgcagctt	ctggagcaga	gccgagacga	agcagttctg	240
gagtgcctga	acggccccct	gagccctacc	cgcttggccc	actatgggtc	agaggctgtg	300
ggtgagccgc	ctgctgcggc	accggaaagc	ccagctcttg	ctgggtcaacc	tgctaacctt	360
tggcctggag	gtgtgttttg	ccgcaggcat	cacctatgtg	ccgcctctgc	tgctggaagt	420
gggggtagag	gagaagttca	tgaccatggt	gctgggcatt	ggtccagtgc	tgggcctggt	480

ctgtgtcccg	ctcctaggct	cagccagtga	ccactggcgt	ggacgctatg	gccgcgcg	540
gcccttcac	tgggcactgt	ccttgggcat	cctgctgagc	ctctttctca	tcccaagggc	600
cggctggcta	gcagggctgc	tgtgcccga	tcccaggccc	ctggagctgg	cactgctcat	660
cctgggcgtg	gggctgctgg	acttctgtgg	ccaggtgtgc	ttcactccac	tggaggccct	720
gctctctgac	ctcttccggg	acccggaaca	ctgtcgccag	gcctactctg	tctatgcctt	780
catgatcagt	cttgggggct	gcctgggcta	cctcctgcct	gccattgact	gggacaccag	840
tgccctggcc	ccctacctgg	gcacccagga	ggagtgcctc	tttggcctgc	tcaccctcat	900
cttcctcacc	tgcgtagcag	ccacactgct	ggtggctgag	gaggcagcgc	tgggccccac	960
cgagccagca	gaagggctgt	cggccccctc	cttgtcgccc	cactgctgtc	catgccgggc	1020
ccgcttggtc	ttccggaacc	tgggcgcctc	gcttccccgg	ctgcaccagc	tgtgctgccg	1080
catgccccgc	accctgcgcc	ggctcttcgt	ggctgagctg	tgcagctgga	tggcactcat	1140
gaccttcacg	ctgtttttaca	cggatttcgt	ggcgagggg	ctgtaccagg	gcgtgcccag	1200
agctgagccg	ggcaccgagg	cccggagaca	ctatgatgaa	ggcgttcgga	tgggcagcct	1260
ggggctgttc	ctgcagtgcg	ccatctccct	ggtcttctct	ctggtcattg	accggctggt	1320
gcagcgattc	ggcactcgag	cagtctatct	ggccagtgtg	gcagctttcc	ctgtggctgc	1380
cggtgccaca	tgcctgtccc	acagtgtggc	cgtggtgaca	gcttcagccg	ccctcaccgg	1440
gttcaccttc	tcagccctgc	agatcctgcc	ctacacactg	gcctccctct	accaccggga	1500
gaagcaggtg	ttcctgccc	aataccgagg	ggacactgga	ggtgctagca	gtgaggacag	1560
cctgatgacc	agcttctctg	caggccctaa	gcctggagct	cccttcccta	atggacacgt	1620
gggtgctgga	ggcagtggcc	tgtctccacc	tccaccgcg	ctctgcgggg	cctctgcctg	1680
tgatgtctcc	gtacgtgtgg	tgggtgggtga	gcccaccgag	gccagggtgg	ttccgggccg	1740
gggcatctgc	ctggacctcg	ccatcctgga	tagtgccctc	ctgctgtccc	aggtggcccc	1800
atccctgttt	atgggctcca	ttgtccagct	cagccagctc	gtcactgcct	atatggtgtc	1860
tggcgcaggc	ctgggtcttg	tcgccattta	ctttgtctaca	caggtagtat	ttgacaaga	1920
cgacttggcc	aaatactcag	cgtagaaaac	ttccagcaca	ttgggggtgga	gggcctgcct	1980
cactgggtcc	cagctccccg	ctcctgttag	ccccatgggg	ctgcggggct	ggccgccagt	2040
ttctgttgct	gccaaagtaa	tgtggctctc	tgtctgccac	ctgtgctgct	gaggtgcgta	2100
gctgcacagc	tgggggctgg	ggcgtccctc	tcctctctcc	ccagtctcta	gggtgccc	2160
actggaggcc	ttccaagggg	gtttcagctc	ggacttatac	agcgaggcca	gaagggtccc	2220
atgcactgga	atgcggggac	tctgcaggtg	gattaccacg	gctcagggtt	aacagctagc	2280
ctcctagtgt	agacacacct	agagaagggt	ttttgggagc	tgaataaact	cagtcaactg	2340
gtttcccatc	tctaagcccc	ttaacctgca	gcttcgttta	atgtagctct	tgcattgggag	2400
ttcttaggat	gaaacactcc	tccatgggat	ttgaacatat	gacttatattg	taggggaaga	2460
gtcctgaggg	gcaacacaca	agaaccaggt	cccctcagcc	cacagcactg	tctttttgct	2520
gatccacccc	cctcttacct	tttatcagga	tgtggcctgt	tggtccttct	gttgccatca	2580
cagagacaca	ggcattttaa	tatttaactt	atttatttta	caaagtagaa	gggaatccat	2640
tgtagctttt	tctgtgttgg	tgtctaatat	ttgggtaggg	tgggggatcc	ccaacaatca	2700
ggccccctga	gatagctggt	cattgggctg	atcattgcca	gaatcttctt	ctcctggggg	2760
ctggcccccc	aaaatgccta	accagggacc	ttggaaattc	tactcatccc	aaatgataat	2820
tccaaatgct	gttaccacaag	gttaggggtg	tgaaggaagg	tagagggtgg	ggcttcagggt	2880
ctcaacggct	tccctaacca	cccctcttct	cttggcccag	cctgggtccc	cccacttcca	2940
ctccccctta	ctctctctag	gactgggctg	atgaaggcac	tgcacaaaat	ttccccctacc	3000
cccaactttc	ccctaccccc	aactttcccc	accagctcca	caaccctgtt	tggagctact	3060
gcaggaccag	aagcacaaaag	tgcgggtttc	caagcctttg	tccatctcag	ccccagagt	3120
atatctgtgc	ttggggaatc	tcacacagaa	actcaggagc	acccctgccc	tgaagctaagg	3180
gaggtcttat	ctctcagggg	gggttttaagt	gccgtttgca	ataatgtcgt	cttatattatt	3240
tagcgggggtg	aatattttat	actgtaagtg	agcaatcaga	gtataatgtt	tatgggtgaca	3300
aaattaaagg	ctttcttata	tgttttaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	3360
aaaaaaaaara	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaataa	aaaaaaaaaa		3410

&lt;210&gt; 111

&lt;211&gt; 1289

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 111

```

agccaggcgt ccctctgcct gccactcag tggcaacacc cgggagctgt tttgtccttt 60
gtggagcctc agcagttccc tctttcagaa ctactgcca agagccctga acaggagcca 120
ccatgcagtg cttcagcttc attaagacca tgatgatcct cttcaatttg ctcactcttc 180
tgtgtggtgc agccctggtg gcagtgggca tctgggtgtc aatcgatggg gcaccccttc 240
tgaagatctt cgggccactg tcgtccagtg ccatgcagtt tgtcaacgtg ggctacttcc 300
tcacgcagc cggcgttgtg gtctttgtct ttggtttcct gggctgctat ggtgctaaga 360
ctgagagcaa gtgtgccctc gtgacgttct tcttcactc cctcctcctc ttcattgctg 420
aggttgtagc tgctgtggtc gccttgggtg acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt 480
tgctggtagt gcctgccatc aagaaagatt atggttccca ggaagacttc actcaagtgt 540
ggaacaccac catgaaaggg ctcaagtgtg gtggcttcac caactatacg gatattgagg 600
actcacccta cttcaaagag aacagtgcct ttccccatt ctgttgcaat gacaacgtca 660
ccaacacagc caatgaaacc tgcaccaagc aaaaggctca cgaccaaaaa gtagagggtt 720
gcttcaatca gcttttgtat gacatccgaa ctaatgcagt caccgtgggt ggtgtggcag 780
ctggaattgg gggcctcgag ctggctgcca tgattgtgtc catgtatctg tactgcaatc 840
tacaataagt ccacttctgc ctctgccact actgctgcca catgggaact gtgaagaggc 900
accctggcaa gcagcagtga ttgggggagg ggacaggatc taacaatgtc acttgggcca 960
gaatggacct gccctttctg ctccagactt ggggctagat agggaccact ccttttagcg 1020
atgcctgact ttccttccat tgggtgggtg atgggtgggg ggcattccag agcctctaag 1080
gtagccagtt ctggtgcca ttccccagt ctattaaacc cttgatatgc cccctaggcc 1140
tagtggtgat cccagtgtc tactggggga tgagagaaag gcattttata gcctgggcat 1200
aagtgaatc agcagagcct ctgggtggat gtgtagaagg cacttcaaaa tgcataaacc 1260
tgttacaatg ttaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1289

```

&lt;210&gt; 112

&lt;211&gt; 315

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 112

```

Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
1          5          10          15
Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
20          25          30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
35          40          45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
50          55          60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
65          70          75          80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
85          90          95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100         105         110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Val Ile Phe
115         120         125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
130         135         140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
145         150         155         160
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
165         170         175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
180         185         190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu

```

195	200	205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr		
210	215	220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp		
225	230	235
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val		
245	250	255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg		
260	265	270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly		
275	280	285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly		
290	295	300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp		
305	310	315

&lt;210&gt; 113

&lt;211&gt; 553

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 113

Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala		
1	5	10
Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu		
20	25	30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val		
35	40	45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly		
50	55	60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly		
65	70	75
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile		
85	90	95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu		
100	105	110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly		
115	120	125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu		
130	135	140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala		
145	150	155
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr		
165	170	175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu		
180	185	190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu		
195	200	205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly		
210	215	220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His		
225	230	235
Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu		
245	250	255
Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg		

```

      260      265      270
Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
      275      280      285
Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
      290      295      300
Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
      305      310      315      320
Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
      325      330      335
Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
      340      345      350
Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
      355      360      365
Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
      370      375      380
Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
      385      390      395      400
Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
      405      410      415
Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
      420      425      430
Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
      435      440      445
Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
      450      455      460
Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
      465      470      475      480
Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
      485      490      495
Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
      500      505      510
Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
      515      520      525
Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
      530      535      540
Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
      545      550

```

&lt;210&gt; 114

&lt;211&gt; 241

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 114

```

Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
  1           5           10           15
Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
      20           25           30
Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
      35           40           45
Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
      50           55           60
Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
      65           70           75           80
Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile

```



[illegible]

```
<210> 115
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400> 115						
gctctttctc	tcccctcctc	tgaatttaat	tctttcaact	tgcaatttgc	aaggattaca	60
catttcactg	tgatgtatat	tgtgttgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	gtgtctttgt	ttaaaattac	120
ttgggtttgtg	aatccatctt	gctttttccc	cattggaact	agtcattaac	ccatctctga	180
actggtagaa	aaacatctga	agagctagtc	tatcagcatc	tgacagggtga	attggatggg	240
tctcagaacc	atttcaccca	gacagcctgt	ttctatcctg	tttaataaat	tagtttgggt	300
tctctacatg	cataacaaac	cctgctccaa	tctgtcacat	aaaagtctgt	gacttgaagt	360
ttagtc						366

```
<210> 116
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```
<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

<400> 116							
acaaagatga	accatttcct	atattatagc	aaaattaaaa	tctacccgta	ttctaataatt		60
gagaaatgag	atnaaacaca	atnttataaa	gtctacttag	agaagatcaa	gtgacctcaa		120
agacttttact	attttcatat	tttaagacac	atgattttatc	ctatttttagt	aacctgggttc		180
atacgttataa	caaaggataa	tgtgaacacg	agagaggatt	tgttggcaga	aaatctatgt		240
tcaatctnga	actacttana	tcacagacat	ttctattcct	tt			282

<210> 117  
<211> 305

<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(305)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117  
acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctgggtca acatanagga acagggacca 60  
tatttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa 120  
aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacagggtc tctgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga 180  
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaattgcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt 240  
gactgcccc gcttactgcc tctagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat 300  
tgggt 305

<210> 118  
<211> 71  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(71)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118  
accaagggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa 60  
aantcctggg t 71

<210> 119  
<211> 212  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(212)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119  
actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca 60  
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac 120  
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaaggttt ctcactaanc ggaattaant 180  
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt 212

<210> 120  
<211> 90  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(90)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120  
actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tggctcttgcc 60  
ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctggggtggt 90

<210> 121  
<211> 218  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(218)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121  
tgtancgtga anacgacaga nagggttgct aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga 60  
gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttggggcta aaacatgggt attgggagac atttctgaag 120  
atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat gggtcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180  
agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122  
<211> 171  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 122  
taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60  
catttgtag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtgggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120  
caccaccccg gcggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123  
<211> 76  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(76)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123  
tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atgggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60  
ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124  
<211> 131  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 124  
acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60  
caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt atttctcttg 120  
ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125  
<211> 432  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 125  
acttttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggg ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60  
cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttggtgact ttgtctcaga tgctgaagaa 120  
ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180  
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240  
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300  
catggtgggg gtcttgcac tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360  
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaaccctc agtgccctctc 420  
ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126  
<211> 112  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 126  
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60  
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaatttt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127  
<211> 54  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 127  
accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128  
<211> 323  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 128  
acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60  
acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca 120  
ttctctctga agtctagggt acccattttg gggaccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc 180  
ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240  
ttcctgcaaa aggtcactc agtcccttgc ttgctcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300  
aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129  
<211> 192  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(192)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129  
acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaataatca cttttgtatc actctgactt ttttagcatac 60  
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc 120  
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg 180  
gataaacaaa gt 192

<210> 130

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (362)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130  
ccctttttta tggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca 60  
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggg tcagtttatg cccctgacaa 120  
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggg atcctccatg ttattagtaa 180  
ttctgtattc cattttgtta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata 240  
cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtgggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat 300  
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg gggtgggtgt aaagctcttt gctaacttta aaaagtaatg 360  
gg 362

<210> 131

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131  
ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttggt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca 60  
gtangactgg tatgggttgc gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga 120  
gttctcccag gttegccttg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc 180  
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaa atctgatgtgat ttgggtttatt atccaactaa 240  
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactccccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggg 300  
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt 332

<210> 132

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (322)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132  
acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc 60

```

agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat    120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt    180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg    240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct    300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca                                           322

```

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

```

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt    60
cttgtttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta    120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacaa atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg    180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt    240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg                               278

```

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

```

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca    60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatttt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg    120
t                                           121

```

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

```

acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc    60
atancaggtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaaggtcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc    120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtagtcca    180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct    240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag    300
ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt                350

```

<210> 136  
 <211> 399  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(399)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136  
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60  
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntccctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120  
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180  
 cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttcct tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240  
 aaaactgcag aggccagggt tcaggtgtga gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccaggtgc 300  
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgccac tggcgtgatg 360  
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137  
 <211> 165  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(165)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137  
 actggtgtgg tnggggggtga tgctgggtgg anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60  
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120  
 ttggctggtc ccactgggtg tcactgtcat tggtgggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138  
 <211> 338  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(338)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138  
 actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60  
 ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gtaaacagcc acatgcccac 120  
 tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggctt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180  
 tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaaggtgc ttgggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240  
 cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gttccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300  
 aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139  
 <211> 382

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 139

gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctgggttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccgaa gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag acctcgtcac tcttgggtgt agcctgggtc gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc	180
atttgcctta ctcaggtgct accggactct ggccccgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc ccctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tccttcacgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt	382

&lt;210&gt; 140

&lt;211&gt; 200

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(200)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 140

accaaanctt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat	60
acttttcatt taacancttt tgtaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctccat anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatattt	180
atattcagca taaaggagaa	200

&lt;210&gt; 141

&lt;211&gt; 335

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(335)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 141

actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc aggggttgtt	120
atgcatgtag agaaccctaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actantcca atgggggaaa agcaagatgg	300
attcacaaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt	335

&lt;210&gt; 142

&lt;211&gt; 459

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(459)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G



<400> 142  
accagggttaa tattgccaca tatatccttt ccaattgctg gctaaacaga cgtgtattta 60  
gggttggtta aagacaaccc agcttaatat caagagaaat tgtgacctt catggagtat 120  
ctgatggaga aaacactgag ttttgacaaa tcttatttta ttcagatagc agtctgatca 180  
cacatgggtcc aacaacactc aaataataaa tcaaataatna tcagatgtta aagattggtc 240  
ttcaaacatc atagccaatg atgccccgct tgcctataat ctctccgaca taaaaccaca 300  
tcaacacctc agtggccacc aaaccattca gcacagcttc cttaactgtg agctgtttga 360  
agctaccagt ctgagcacta ttgactatnt ttttcangct ctgaatagct ctagggatct 420  
cagcangggg gggaggaacc agtcaacct tggcgant 459

<210> 143  
<211> 140  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143  
acatttcctt ccaccaagtc aggactcctg gcttctgtgg gagttcttat cacctgaggg 60  
aatccaaac agtctctcct agaaaggaat agtgtcacca accccaccca tctccctgag 120  
accatccgac ttcctgtgt 140

<210> 144  
<211> 164  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(164)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144  
acttcagtaa caacatacaa taacaacatt aagtgtatat tgccatcttt gtcattttct 60  
atctatacca ctctcccttc tgaaaacaan aatcactanc caatcactta taaaatttg 120  
aggcaattaa tccatatttg ttttcaataa ggaaaaaaag atgt 164

<210> 145  
<211> 303  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(303)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145  
acgtagacca tccaactttg tatttgtaat ggcaaacatc cagnagcaat tcctaaacaa 60  
actggagggg atttataccc aattatccca ttcattaaca tgccctctc ctcaggctat 120  
gcaggacagc tatcataagt cggcccaggc atccagatac taccatttgt ataaacttca 180  
gtaggggagt ccatccaagt gacaggtcta atcaaaggag gaaatggaac ataagcccag 240  
tagtaaaatn ttgcttagct gaaacagcca caaaagactt accgccgtgg tgattaccat 300  
caa 303

<210> 146

<211> 327  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(327)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146  
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60  
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctggtt gggtgagaga gtccttttgc caacaggcct 120  
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180  
 cctgaacagg gaggggtgga ggagccagca tgggaacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240  
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300  
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147  
 <211> 173  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(173)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147  
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60  
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120  
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148  
 <211> 477  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(477)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148  
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcactgtgcc tttctatcct 60  
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcactact 120  
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180  
 gtggctctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240  
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccatcctctt acacagctac ctccttgctc tctaacccca 300  
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccgg acatgtccag 360  
 caccactggg aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420  
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atgggtgg 477

<210> 149  
 <211> 207  
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

```
acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcattttaag agggaagaac      60
taacgtatatt tagagagcca aggaagggtt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct      120
gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca      180
tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa                                           207
```

<210> 150

<211> 111

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (111)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

```
accttgatatt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg      60
cacttaaatg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t                111
```

<210> 151

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

```
agcgcggcag gtcatatga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac      60
agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat      120
ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccga cagcccactg tgggtcccccac tgtctacgag      180
gtgcatccgg ctcagt                                                         196
```

<210> 152

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

```
acagcacttt cacatgtaag aaggagaaa ttcctaaatg taggagaaaag ataacagaac      60
cttccccctt tcatctagtg gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag      120
gagggagttt gt                                                         132
```

<210> 153

<211> 285

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (285)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153

```
acaanaccca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag      60
```

cttctgctct	tatgtcctca	tctgacaact	ctttaccatt	tttatcctcg	ctcagcagga	120
gcacatcaat	aaagtccaaa	gtcttggaact	tggccttggc	ttggaggaag	tcacaaacac	180
cctggctagt	gagggtgcgg	cgccgctcct	ggatgacggc	atctgtgaag	tcgtgcacca	240
gtctgcaggc	cctgtggaag	cgccgtccac	acggagtnag	gaatt		285

&lt;210&gt; 154

&lt;211&gt; 333

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 154

accacagtcc	tggtgggcca	gggcttcatg	accctttctg	tgaaaagcca	tattatcacc	60
accccaaatt	tttccttaa	tatctttaac	tgaaggggtc	agcctcttga	ctgcaaagac	120
cctaagccgg	ttacacagct	aactccact	ggccttgatt	tgtgaaattg	ctgctgcctg	180
attggcacag	gagtcgaagg	tggtcagctc	ccctcctccg	tggaacgaga	ctctgatttg	240
agtttcacaa	attctcgggc	cacctegtca	ttgctcctct	gaaataaaat	ccggagaatg	300
gtcaggcctg	tctcatccat	atggatcttc	cgg			333

&lt;210&gt; 155

&lt;211&gt; 308

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(308)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 155

actggaaata	ataaaaccca	catcacagtg	ttgtgtcaaa	gatcatcagg	gcatggatgg	60
gaaagtgctt	tggaactgt	aaagtgccta	acacatgata	gatgattttt	gttataatat	120
ttgaatcacg	gtgcatacaa	actctcctgc	ctgctcctcc	tgggccccag	ccccagcccc	180
atcacagctc	actgctctgt	tcatccaggc	ccagcatgta	gtggctgatt	cttcttggtt	240
gcttttagcc	tccanaagtt	tctctgaagc	caaccaaacc	tctangtgta	aggcatgctg	300
gccctggt						308

&lt;210&gt; 156

&lt;211&gt; 295

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 156

accttgctcg	gtgcttgga	catattagga	actcaaaata	tgagatgata	acagtgccta	60
ttattgatta	ctgagagaac	tgtagacat	ttagttgaag	atcttctaca	caggaactga	120
gaataggaga	ttatgtttgg	ccctcatatt	ctctcctatc	ctccttgcc	cattctatgt	180
ctaataatatt	ctcaatcaaa	taaggtttagc	ataatcagga	aatcgaccaa	ataccaatat	240
aaaaccagat	gtctatcctt	aagattttca	aatagaaaac	aaattaacag	actat	295

&lt;210&gt; 157

&lt;211&gt; 126

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 157

acaagtttaa	atagtgctgt	cactgtgcat	gtgctgaaat	gtgaaatcca	ccacatttct	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120  
cttagt 126

<210> 158

<211> 442

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(442)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158

accactggt cttggaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat tttctgtcg tgtgaaatg 60  
aanccagcag gctgcccta gtcagtcctt ccttcagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120  
gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatat 180  
ctggtggttc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240  
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300  
ccaaccctgt tttccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360  
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420  
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159

<211> 498

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(498)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

acttcaggt aacgttgttg tttccgttga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtaggttc 60  
tccaacaaga actgaggttg cagagcgggt agggagagat gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120  
gctgctgtgg actgttgttg attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaag 180  
gtgtgttgtt gganttgagc tcgggcggct gtggtaggtt gtgggctctt caacaggggc 240  
tgctgtggtg ccgggangtg aangtgttgt gtcacttgag cttggccagc tctggaaagt 300  
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgttgtt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360  
cgaaccagtg ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420  
tcaggtaana atgtggtttc agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaaggttgta nattgtcacc 480  
aagggaataa gctgtggt 498

<210> 160

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

```

acctgcatcc agcttccttg ccaaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac      60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct      120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tggggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc      180
cactagacat ctcacagcc acttggtgga agagatgccc catgacccca gatgcctctc      240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg      300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa      360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga                                     380

```

```

<210> 161
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 161
actccacatc cctctgagc aggcgggtgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca      60
cactgtccac tggccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt          114

```

```

<210> 162
<211> 177
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 162
actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa      60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt      120
tgggatata taacttgga ataaccaggt ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt          177

```

```

<210> 163
<211> 137
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(137)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 163
catttatata gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac      60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt      120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

```

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 164
cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta      60
tgcaatgcat catgctattt catacctaag gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa      120

```

tgcattggtc	tcaaaggaaa	caaacaccca	ataaactcgg	agtggcagac	tgacaactgt	180
gagacatgca	cttgctacga	aacagaaatt	tcatgttgca	cccttgtttc	tacacctgtg	240
ggttatgaca	aagacaactg	caaagaatc	ttcaagaagg	aggactgcaa	gtatatcgtg	300
gtggagaaga	aggacccaaa	aaagacctgt	tctgtcagtg	aatggataat	ctaattgtgt	360
tctagtaggc	acagggctcc	caggccaggc	ctcattctcc	tctggcctct	aatagtcaat	420
gattgtgtag	ccatgcctat	cagtaaaaag	atntttgagc	aaacacttt		469

&lt;210&gt; 165

&lt;211&gt; 195

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(195)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 165

acagtttttt	atanatatcg	acattgcccg	cacttgtgtt	cagtttcata	aagctgggtg	60
atccgctgtc	atccactatt	ccttggttag	agtaaaaatt	attcttatag	cccatgtccc	120
tgcaggccgc	ccgcccgtag	ttctcggtcc	agtcgtcttg	gcacacaggg	tgccaggact	180
tcctctgaga	tgagtt					195

&lt;210&gt; 166

&lt;211&gt; 383

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(383)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 166

acatcttagt	agtgtggcac	atcagggggc	catcaggggc	acagtcactc	atagcctcgc	60
cgaggtcgga	gtccacacca	ccggtgtagg	tgtgctcaat	cttgggcttg	gcgcccacct	120
ttggagaagg	gatatgctgc	acacacatgt	ccacaaagcc	tgtgaactcg	ccaaagaatt	180
tttgacagac	agcctgagca	aggggcccga	gttcagcttc	agctcctcct	tcgtcagggtg	240
gatgccaacc	tcgtctangg	tcggtgggaa	gctggtgtcc	acntcaccta	caacctgggc	300
gangatctta	taaagaggct	ccnagataaa	ctccacgaaa	cttctctggg	agctgctagt	360
nggggccttt	ttggtgaact	ttc				383

&lt;210&gt; 167

&lt;211&gt; 247

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(247)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 167

acagagccag	accttgccca	taaatgaanc	agagattaag	actaaacccc	aagtcganat	60
tggagcagaa	actggagcaa	gaagtggggc	tggggctgaa	gtagagacca	aggccactgc	120

```
tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac 180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac 240
tganctc                                     247
```

<210> 168

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(273)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

```
acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa 60
aatccctcan ccttgttctt cacnactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatggt tccacaaagg 120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag taggggtgggc 180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggctttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg 240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccttgg gca                                     273
```

<210> 169

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

```
acagccttgg cttccccaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc 60
agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tgggttcaga acaggttcta 120
ctactgtcaa atgacccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacagggtgag 180
ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac 240
cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tctactgctgg gcaccagctc 300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcc aactttcatac atccaactgg 360
aaagtgatct gatactggat tottaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc 420
tcgaacactg a                                     431
```

<210> 170

<211> 266

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(266)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

```
acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagttca gaggtggagc 60
tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat ttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact 120
ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat 180
```



gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240  
tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171

<211> 1248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(1248)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171

```

ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgcact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca 60
ctgggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtccttg tgcattccgca gtgggtgctg 120
tcagcccgac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
cggcaccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300
gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
gcgggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggcggagggg aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccaggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
actgagtgga tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacccatgaa 720
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agccctcct 780
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggcccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
cccagccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccctcc tccctcagac 900
ccaggagtcc agccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag cccctcctcc 960
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctctcctcc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
ccaaccntc attccccaga cccagaggtc caggtccag cccctcntcc ctcagaccca 1080
gcggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc ccctgtggc acgttgaccc 1140
aaccttacca gttggttttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 1248

```

<210> 172

<211> 159

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(159)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172

```

Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
1           5           10           15
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
20           25           30
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
35           40           45
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
50           55           60

```

Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu  
 65 70 75 80  
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe  
 85 90 95  
 Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe  
 115 120 125  
 Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser  
 145 150 155

<210> 173

<211> 1265

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(1265)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

ggcagccccgc	actcgcagcc	ctggcaggcg	gcactgggtca	tggaaaacga	attgttctgc	60
tcgggcgctcc	tgggtcatcc	gcagtgggtg	ctgtcagccg	cacactgttt	ccagaactcc	120
tacaccatcg	ggctgggcct	gcacagtctt	gaggccgacc	aagagccagg	gagccagatg	180
gtggaggcca	gcctctccgt	acggcaccca	gagtacaaca	gaccttgct	cqctaacgac	240
ctcatgctca	tcaagttgga	cgaatccgtg	tccgagtctg	acaccatccg	gagcatcagc	300
attgcttcgc	agtgcctac	cgcggggaac	tcttgccctg	tttctggctg	gggtctgctg	360
gcgaacgggtg	agctcacggg	tgtgtgtctg	ccctcttcaa	ggaggtcctc	tgcccagtcg	420
cgggggctga	cccagagctc	tgctccccag	gcagaatgcc	taccgtgctg	cagtgcgtga	480
acgtgtcggg	ggtgtctgag	gaggctctgca	gtaagctcta	tgacccgctg	taccaccca	540
gcatgttctg	cgccggcgga	gggcaagacc	agaaggactc	ctgcaacggg	gactctgggg	600
ggccccctgat	ctgcaacggg	tacttgacagg	gccttggtgtc	tttcggaaaa	gccccgtgtg	660
gccaaagtgg	cgtgccagg	gtctacacca	acctctgcaa	attcactgag	tggatagaga	720
aaaccgtcca	ggccagttaa	ctctggggac	tgggaaccca	tgaaattgac	ccccaaatac	780
atcctgcgga	aggaattcag	gaatatctgt	tcccagcccc	tcctccctca	ggcccaggag	840
tccaggcccc	cagccccctc	tcctcaaac	caagggtaca	gatccccagc	ccctcctccc	900
tcagaccag	gagtcagac	ccccagccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagga	gtccagcccc	960
tcctccntca	gaccagagg	tccagacccc	ccagccctc	ctcctcaga	cccaggggtt	1020
gaggccccca	accctcctc	cttcagagtc	agagggtcaa	gcccccaacc	cctcggtccc	1080
cagaccacaga	ggttnagggtc	ccagccctc	ttccntcaga	cccagnggtc	caatgccacc	1140
tagattttcc	ctgnacacag	tgcccccttg	tggngangttg	acccaacctt	accagttggt	1200
ttttcatttt	tngtcccttt	cccttagatc	cagaaataaa	gtttaagaga	ngngcaaaaa	1260
aaaaa						1265

<210> 174

<211> 1459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

ggtcagccgc	acactgtttc	cagaagtgag	tgcagagctc	ctacaccatc	gggctgggcc	60
tgcacagtct	tgaggccgac	caagagccag	ggagccagat	ggtggaggcc	agcctctccg	120
tacggcacc	agagtacaac	agacccttgc	tcgctaacga	cctcatgctc	atcaagttgg	180
acgaatccgt	gtccgagtct	gacaccatcc	ggagcatcag	cattgcttcg	cagtgcctta	240
ccgcggggaa	ctcttgctc	gtttctggct	ggggtctgct	ggcgaacggg	gagctcacgg	300
gtgtgtgtct	gccctcttca	aggaggtcct	ctgcccagtc	gcgggggctg	acccagagct	360
ctgctccca	ggcagaatgc	ctaccgtgct	gcagtgcgtg	aacgtgtcgg	tgggtgtctga	420
ngaggtctgc	antaagctct	atgacccgct	gtaccacccc	ancatgttct	gcgccggcgg	480
agggcaagac	cagaaggact	cctgcaacgt	gagagagggg	aaaggggagg	gcaggcgact	540
cagggaaagg	tggagaagg	ggagacagag	acacacagg	ccgcatggcg	agatgcagag	600
atggagagac	acacagggag	acagtgacaa	ctagagagag	aaactgagag	aaacagagaa	660
ataaacacag	gaataaagag	aagcaaaagg	agagagaaac	agaaacagac	atggggaggc	720
agaaacacac	acacatagaa	atgcagttga	ccttccaaca	gcatggggcc	tgagggcggg	780
gacctccacc	caatagaaaa	tcctcttata	acttttgact	ccccaaaaac	ctgactagaa	840
atagcctact	gttgacgggg	agccttacca	ataacataaa	tagtcgattt	atgcatacgt	900
tttatgcatt	catgatatac	ctttgttgga	attttttgat	atttctaagc	tacacagttc	960
gtctgtgaat	ttttttaaat	tgttgcaact	ctcctaaaat	ttttctgatg	tgtttattga	1020
aaaaatccaa	gtataagtgg	acttgtgcat	tcaaaccagg	gttgttcaag	ggtcaactgt	1080
gtacccagag	ggaaacagtg	acacagattc	atagaggtga	aacacgaaga	gaaacaggaa	1140
aatcaagac	tctacaaaga	ggctgggcag	ggtggctcat	gcctgtaatc	ccagcacttt	1200
gggaggcgag	gcaggcagat	cacttgaggt	aaggagttca	agaccagcct	ggccaaaatg	1260
gtgaaatcct	gtctgtacta	aaaatacaaa	agttagctgg	atatggtggc	aggcgccctgt	1320
aatcccagct	acttgggagg	ctgaggcagg	agaattgctt	gaatatggga	ggcagaggtt	1380
gaagtgaagt	gagatcacac	cactatactc	cagctggggc	aacagagtaa	gactctgtct	1440
caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa					1459

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

gcgcagccct	ggcaggcggc	actggctcatg	gaaaacgaat	tgttctgctc	gggcgtcctg	60
gtgcatccgc	agtgggtgct	gtcagccgca	cactgtttcc	agaactccta	caccatcggg	120
ctgggcctgc	acagtcttga	ggccgaccaa	gagccaggga	gccagatggt	ggaggccagc	180
ctctccgtac	ggcaccacaga	gtacaacaga	ctcttgctcg	ctaacgacct	catgctcatc	240
aagttggacg	aatccgtgtc	cgagtctgac	accatccgga	gcatcagcat	tgcttcgcag	300
tgcctaccg	cggggaactc	ttgcctcgtn	tctggctggg	gtctgctggc	gaacggcaga	360
atgcctaccg	tgctgactg	cgtgaacgtg	tcggtggtgt	ctgaggangt	ctgcagtaag	420
ctctatgacc	cgctgtacca	ccccagcatg	ttctgcgccg	gcggagggca	agaccagaag	480
gactcctgca	acggtgactc	tggggggccc	ctgacttgca	acgggtactt	gcagggcctt	540
gtgtctttcg	gaaaagcccc	gtgtggccaa	cttggcgtgc	caggtgtcta	caccaacctc	600
tgcaaatcca	ctgagtggat	agagaaaacc	gtccagncca	gttaactctg	gggactggga	660
acccatgaaa	ttgaccccc	aatacatcct	gcggaangaa	ttcaggaata	tctgttccca	720
gcccctcctc	cctcaggccc	aggagtccag	gccccagcc	cctcctccct	caaaccaagg	780
gtacagatcc	ccagcccctc	ctccctcaga	cccaggagtc	cagaccccc	agcccctcnt	840
ccntcagacc	caggagtcca	gcccctcctc	cntcagacgc	aggagtccag	accccccagc	900

```

centcntcgg tcagacccag ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tentcentca gagtcagagg      960
tccaagcccc caaccctcgg ttccccagac ccagaggtncc aggtcccagc ccttcctccc      1020
tcagacccag cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntcctgtta cacagtggcc ccttggtggca      1080
ngttgaccca accttaccag ttgggtttttc attttttgtc cctttcccct agatccagaa      1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa                                1167

```

&lt;210&gt; 176

&lt;211&gt; 205

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; VARIANT

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(205)

&lt;223&gt; Xaa = Any Amino Acid

&lt;400&gt; 176

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1      5      10      15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
      20      25      30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
      35      40      45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
      50      55      60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
      65      70      75      80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
      85      90      95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
      100      105      110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
      115      120      125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
      130      135      140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
      145      150      155      160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
      165      170      175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
      180      185      190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
      195      200      205

```

&lt;210&gt; 177

&lt;211&gt; 1119

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 177

```

gcgcactcgc agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc      60
gtcctgggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttccagaa ctccctacacc      120
atcgggctgg gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatgggtggag      180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtag aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg      240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct      300

```

```

tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctggggtct gctggcgaaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caaccctggc agggttgtac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcaccggaa cactgtgatc aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttctc ctggtttagt gaaagggtgcg ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcathtagt gtatgtgtgc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgtaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1119

```

&lt;210&gt; 178

&lt;211&gt; 164

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; VARIANT

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (164)

&lt;223&gt; Xaa = Any Amino Acid

&lt;400&gt; 178

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
          20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
          35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
          50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
          85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
          100          105          110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
          115          120          125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
          130          135          140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
145          150          155          160
Pro Gly Thr Leu

```

&lt;210&gt; 179

&lt;211&gt; 250

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 179

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagccccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct	60
ccagctgccc ccggccgggg gatgagagc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct	120
gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga	180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggc cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa	240
aaaaaaaaa	250

&lt;210&gt; 180

&lt;211&gt; 202

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 180

actagtcag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca	60
tcacccagac ccgcccctg ccggtgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta	120
ctctgtact cggaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttggt tataaatgcc	180
tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa	202

&lt;210&gt; 181

&lt;211&gt; 558

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(558)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 181

tccytgtgkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg	60
aatgtttagg cagtgctagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct	120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa	180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtg cagatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca	240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaa	300
ctactctgtt ccttggttag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa	360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagtgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw	420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatctt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt	480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc	540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa	558

&lt;210&gt; 182

&lt;211&gt; 479

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(479)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 182

acagggttk grggatgcta agsccccrga rwtygtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc	60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcgmg gcacccctgg	120
cstcacacag astcccagat agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg	180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca	240
ctaagggttaa actttccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca	300

tactmttcta	agtcctcttc	cagcctcact	kkgagtcctm	cytggggggt	gataggaant	360
ntctcttggc	tttctcaata	aartctctat	ycatctcatg	tttaatttgg	tacgcatara	420
awtgstgara	aaattaaaaa	gttctgggty	macttttaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	479

&lt;210&gt; 183

&lt;211&gt; 384

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 183

aggcgggagc	agaagctaaa	gccaaagccc	aagaagagtg	gcagtgccag	cactgggtgcc	60
agtaccagta	ccaataacag	tgccagtgcc	agtgccagca	ccagtgggtg	cttcagtgtc	120
gggtgccagcc	tgaccgccac	tctcacattt	gggtctcttc	ctggccttgg	tggagctggg	180
gccagcacca	gtggcagctc	tggtgcctgt	ggtttctcct	acaagtgaga	ttttagatat	240
tgttaatcct	gccagtcttt	ctcttcaagc	cagggtgcat	cctcagaaac	ctactcaaca	300
cagcactcta	ggcagccact	atcaatcaat	tgaagttgac	actctgcatt	aratctattt	360
gccatttcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa				384

&lt;210&gt; 184

&lt;211&gt; 496

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (496)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 184

accgaattgg	gaccgctggc	ttataagcga	tcatgtyynt	ccrgtatcac	ctcaacgagc	60
agggagatcg	agtctatacg	ctgaagaaat	ttgacccgat	gggacaacag	acctgctcag	120
cccatcctgc	tgggttctcc	ccagatgaca	aatactctsg	acaccgaatc	accatcaaga	180
aacgcttcaa	gggtgctcatg	accagcaaac	cgcgcctgt	cctctgaggg	tcccttaaac	240
tgatgtcttt	tctgccaact	gttacccttc	ggagactccg	taaccaaact	cttcggactg	300
tgagccctga	tgcctttttg	ccagccatac	tctttggcat	ccagtctctc	gtggcgattg	360
attatgcttg	tgtgaggcaa	tcatggtggc	atcacccata	aagggaacac	atttgacttt	420
tttttctcat	attttaaatt	actacmagaw	tattwmagaw	waaatgawtt	gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa	aaaaaa					496

&lt;210&gt; 185

&lt;211&gt; 384

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 185

gctggtagcc	tatggcgkkg	cccacggagg	ggctcctgag	gccacggrac	agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt	gcgcsgcgtc	ttctaccgtc	cctacctgca	gatcttcggg	cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat	ggacgtggcc	ctcatggagc	acagcaactg	ytctgcggag	cccggcttct	180
gggcacaccc	tcctggggcc	caggcgggca	cctgcgtctc	ccagtatgcc	aactggctgg	240
tggtgctgct	cctcgtcata	ttcctgctcg	tggccaacat	cctgctggtc	aacttgctca	300
ttgccatgtt	cagttacaca	ttcggcaaa	tacagggcaa	cagcgatctc	tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcgtt	accgcctcat	ccgg				384

&lt;210&gt; 186

&lt;211&gt; 577

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (577)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 186

gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaaacctgt	gggctgggtc	tgtcttcgcg	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagt	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtaggag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mcgtgccgaa	garcaccgag	ccttggtgtg	gggkkgaggt	360
ctcaccacga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctcttc	gtcmgttggt	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

&lt;210&gt; 187

&lt;211&gt; 534

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (534)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 187

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctggtattaa	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtaaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtcctggg	aakaagggtg	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaaggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtatac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatattgag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatattg	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgtttctg	480
aggatctccc	agtttattta	ccacttgcac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttcctc	aggc	534

&lt;210&gt; 188

&lt;211&gt; 761

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (761)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 188

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggt	gacctaat	ttgtgtgcgtg	60
tggtgtgtgc	cgcatattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctctttggg	atctatatct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180



ttgtcttctg	tgtaaatggt	actagagaaa	acacctatnt	tatgagtcaa	tctagttngt	240
tttattcgac	atgaaggaaa	tttccagatn	acaacactna	caaactctcc	ctkgackarg	300
ggggacaaag	aaaagcaaaa	ctgamcataa	raaacaatwa	cctggtgaga	arttgcataa	360
acagaaatwr	ggtagtatat	tgaarnacag	catcattaaa	rmgttwtktt	wttctccctt	420
gcaaaaaaca	tgtaacngact	tcccgttgag	taatgccaa	ttgttttttt	tatnataaaa	480
cttgcccttc	attacatggt	tnaaagtggg	gtgggtgggc	aaaatattga	aatgatggaa	540
ctgactgata	aagctgtaca	aataagcagt	gtgcctaaca	agcaacacag	taatgttgac	600
atgcttaatt	cacaaatgct	aatttcatta	taaatgtttg	ctaaaataca	ctttgaacta	660
tttttctgtn	ttcccagagc	tgagatntta	gattttatgt	agtatnaagt	gaaaaantac	720
gaaaataata	acattgaaga	aaaananaaa	aaanaaaaaa	a		761

&lt;210&gt; 189

&lt;211&gt; 482

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(482)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 189

tttttttttt	tttgccgatn	ctactatntt	attgcaggan	gtgggggtgt	atgcaccgca	60
caccggggct	atnagaagca	agaaggaagg	agggagggga	cagccccttg	ctgagcaaca	120
aagccgcctg	ctgcctttct	tgtctgtctc	ctgggtgcagg	cacatgggga	gaccttcccc	180
aaggcagggg	ccaccagtcc	aggggtggga	atacaggggg	tgggangtgt	gcataagaag	240
tgataggcac	aggccacccg	gtacagaccc	ctcggtctct	gacaggtnga	tttcgaccag	300
gtcattgtgc	cctgcccagg	cacagcgtn	atctggaaaa	gacagaatgc	tttccctttc	360
aaatttggtc	ngtcatngaa	ngggcanttt	tccaanttng	gctnggtctt	ggtacncttg	420
gttcggccca	gtccnccgct	caaaaantat	tcacccnct	ccnaattgct	tgcnngnccc	480
cc						482

&lt;210&gt; 190

&lt;211&gt; 471

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(471)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 190

tttttttttt	ttttaaaaca	gtttttcaca	acaaaattta	ttagaagaat	agtggttttg	60
aaaactctcg	catccagtga	gaactaccat	acaccacatt	acagctngga	atgtnctcca	120
aatgtctggg	caaatgatac	aatggaacca	ttcaatctta	cacatgcacg	aaagaacaag	180
cgtttttgac	atacaatgca	caaaaaaaaa	aggggggggg	gaccacatgg	attaaaattt	240
taagtactca	tcacatacat	taagacacag	ttctagtcca	gtcnaaaatc	agaactgcnt	300
tgaaaaattt	catgtatgca	atccaaccaa	agaacttnat	tggtgatcat	gantnctcta	360
ctacatcnac	cttgatcatt	gccaggaacn	aaaagttnaa	ancacncngt	acaaaaanaa	420
tctgtaattn	anttcaacct	ccgtacngaa	aaatnttnnt	tatacactcc	c	471

&lt;210&gt; 191

&lt;211&gt; 402

&lt;212&gt; DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga aggtctgttc tastgtcggm ctgttcagcc accaactcta acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact cactgtctgt aagcttttta acccagacwg tatcttcata aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc agtcacatct tctaggacct ttttggttc agttagtata agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt taagacttca tctggtaaag tcttaagttt tgtagaaagg aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct aacaatgtcc tctccttgaa gtatttggct gaacaacca cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat ccattttaaa tatacttaat agggcattgk tncactaggt taaattctgc	360
aagagtcacg tgtctgcaaa agttgcgtta gtatatctgc ca	402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggctattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt gaytaccgtg tgccaagtgc tgggtattct yaacacacyt ccatcccggt	180
cttttgtgga aaaactggca cttktctgga actagcarga catcacttac aaattcacc	240
acgagacact tgaaagggtg aacaaagcga ytcttgcatt gctttttgtc cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa tactaaccg ctggtttgcc tccatcacat ttgtgatctg tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct gacagtactg aagaacttct tcttttgttt caaaagcacc tcttggtgcc	420
tggtggatca gggtcccat tcccagtcyg aatgttcaca tggcatattt wacttccac	480
aaaacattgc gatattgagg tcagcaacag caaatcctgt tccggcattg gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta gccggccagc gccaaaggcag gcgccgtgag cccaccagc agcagaagca	600
g	601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca nateccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact	60
gggtccgctg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcytt	120
cccaacgcag gcagmagcgg gscgggtcaa tgaactccay tctgtggttg gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag gaagaggctg accacctcgc ggtccaccag gatgcccagc tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa actcctcgat ggatcatgagc gggaaagcgaa tgaggcccag ggccttgccc	300

agaaccttcc	gcctgttctc	tggcgtcacc	tgcagctgct	gccgctgaca	ctcggcctcg	360
gaccagcgga	caaacggcrt	tgaacagccg	cacctcacgg	atgcccagtg	tgtcgcgctc	420
caggammgsc	accagcgtgt	ccagggtcaat	gtcgggtgaag	ccctccgcgg	gtratggcgt	480
ctgcagtgtt	tttgtcgtg	ttctccaggc	acaggctggc	cagctgcggg	tcatacgaaga	540
gtcgcgcctg	cgtgagcagc	atgaaggcgt	tgtcggctcg	cagttcttct	tcagggaactc	600
cacgcaat						608

&lt;210&gt; 194

&lt;211&gt; 392

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(392)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 194

gaacggctgg	accttgctc	gcattgtgct	tgtctggcagg	gaataccttg	gcaagcagyt	60
ccagtccgag	cagccccaga	ccgctgccgc	ccgaagctaa	gcctgcctct	ggccttcccc	120
tccgcctcaa	tgcagaacca	gtagtgggag	caactgtgtt	agagttaaga	gtgaacactg	180
tttgatttta	cttggaatt	tcctctgtta	tatagctttt	cccaatgcta	atttccaaac	240
aacaacaaca	aaataacatg	tttgctgtt	aagttgtata	aaagtaggtg	attctgtatt	300
taaagaaaat	attactgtta	catatactgc	ttgcaatttc	tgtatttatt	gktnctstgg	360
aaataaatat	agttattaaa	ggttgtcant	cc			392

&lt;210&gt; 195

&lt;211&gt; 502

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(502)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 195

ccsttkgagg	ggtkaggkyc	cagttyccga	gtggaagaaa	caggccagga	gaagtgcgtg	60
ccgagctgag	gcagatgttc	ccacagtgc	ccccagagcc	stgggstata	gtytctgacc	120
cctcncaagg	aaagaccacs	ttctggggac	atgggctgga	gggcaggacc	tagaggcacc	180
aagggaaggc	cccattccgg	ggstgttccc	cgaggaggaa	gggaaggggc	tctgtgtgcc	240
ccccasgagg	aagaggccct	gagtcctggg	atcagacacc	ccttcacgtg	tatccccaca	300
caaatgcaag	ctcaccaagg	tccccctc	gtcccccttc	stacaccctg	amcgccact	360
gscscacacc	cacccagagc	acgccacccg	ccatggggar	tgtgctcaag	gartcgcnng	420
gcaregtgga	catctngtcc	cagaaggggg	cagaatctcc	aatagangga	ctgarcmstt	480
gctnanaaaa	aaaaanaaaa	aa				502

&lt;210&gt; 196

&lt;211&gt; 665

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196

```

ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc    60
cctctggaag ccttgcgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt    120
wagctgtttk gagttgatts gcaccactgc acccacaact tcaatatgaa aacyawttga    180
actwatttat tatcttgtga aaagtataac aatgaaaatt ttgttcatac tgtattkac    240
aagtatgatg aaaagcaawa gatatatatt cttttattat gttaaattat gattgccatt    300
attaatcggc aaaatgtgga gtgtatgttc ttttcacagt aatatatgcc ttttgtaact    360
tcacttgggt attttattgt aaatgartta caaaattctt aatttaagar aatgggatgt    420
watatttatt tcattaatatt ctttcctkgt ttacgtwaat tttgaaaaga wtgcatgatt    480
tcttgacaga aatcgatctt gatgctgtgg aagtagtttg acccacatcc ctatgagttt    540
ttcttagaat gtataaagggt tgtagcccat cnaacttcaa agaaaaaaat gaccacatac    600
tttgcaatca ggctgaaatg tggcatgctn ttctaattcc aactttataa actagcaaan    660
aagtg                                           665

```

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(492)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197

```

tttntttttt ttttttttgc aggaaggatt ccatttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat    60
atgtttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg    120
aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtana gatnacagag    180
aatttatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa    240
caaaattcta ccttgaaact tactccatcc aaatattgga ataanagtca gcagtgatac    300
attctcttct gaactttaga ttttctagaa aaatatgtaa tagtgatcag gaagagctct    360
tgttcaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc    420
catttcactc ccatcacggg agtcaatgct acctggggaca cttgtatttt gttcatnctg    480
ancntggctt aa                                           492

```

<210> 198

<211> 478

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(478)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198

```

tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa    60
tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacntnagt aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac    120
tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagttttaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt    180
tatacatggc ttgattgata tttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaanaaat    240
natatatgtc aatcngatth aagatacaaa acagatccta tggtagatan catcntgtag    300
gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtca atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta    360
agcattctag tacctctact ccatgggtta gaatcgtaca cttatgttta catatgtnc    420

```

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agagggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199

agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc tgctacttat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga	180
agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatacctca tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga	300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggccttngg ctggggacca tcccattgaa ccttctctta	360
anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg	420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgaacngn tcttgaactt gtcctctctgc	480
ga	482

<210> 200

<211> 270

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(270)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200

cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggccg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg cagggtgcagc gcgggcgccct ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc tgacgcccga gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac agagcccggg gaangcggga ggcctcgggg agcccctcgg gaagggcggc	240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc	270

<210> 201

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201

tttttttttt ttttgaatc tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg taacagggtg gggcatgggt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca	180
tggagtgggt gcaccctccc tgtagaacct gggtacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg	240

tctgtgaccg	tcattttctt	gacatcaatg	ttattagaag	tcaggatata	ttttagagag	300
tccactgtnt	ctggaggag	attagggttt	cttgccaana	tccaancaa	atccacntga	360
aaaagttgga	tgatncangt	acngaatacc	ganggcatan	ttctcatant	cggtggcca	419

&lt;210&gt; 202

&lt;211&gt; 509

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (509)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 202

ttnttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tggcacttaa	tccattttta	tttcaaaatg	tctacaaant	ttnaatncnc	cattatacng	120
gtnattttnc	aaaatctaaa	nntttattcaa	atntnagcca	aantcettac	ncaaatnnaa	180
tacncncaa	aatcaaaaat	atacntntct	ttcagcaaac	ttngttacat	aaattaaaaa	240
aatatatacg	gctgggtgtt	tcaaagtaca	attatcttaa	cactgcaaac	atntttnnaa	300
ggaactaaaa	taaaaaaaaa	cactnccgca	aagggttaaag	ggaacaacaa	attcntttta	360
caacancnnc	nattataaaa	atcatatctc	aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacng	420
ggatcttaac	ttttactnca	ctttgtttat	ttttttanaa	ccattgtntt	gggcccaaca	480
caatggnaat	nccnccncc	tggaactagt				509

&lt;210&gt; 203

&lt;211&gt; 583

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (583)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 203

tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgccataaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccttattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagana	atggcacaca	aaacaaacat	tttatattca	tattttctacc	420
tacgttaata	aaatagcatt	ttgtgaagcc	agctcaaaaag	aaggcttaga	tcctttttatg	480
tccatttttag	tcactaaacg	atatchnaag	tgccagaatg	caaaagggtt	gtgaacattt	540
attcaaaagc	taatataaga	tatttcacat	actcatcttt	ctg		583

&lt;210&gt; 204

&lt;211&gt; 589

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt	tttttttttt	tttttttctc	ttcttttttt	ttganaatga	ggatcgagtt	60
tttactcttc	tagatagggc	atgaagaaaa	ctcatctttc	cagctttaaa	ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat	gctatatcat	attttaagtt	aaactaatga	gtcactggct	tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat	ctgttcattc	ttctcattca	tatagttata	tcaagtacta	ccttgcatat	240
tgagagggtt	ttcttctcta	tttacacata	tatttccatg	tgaatttgta	tcaaaccttt	300
attttcatgc	aaactagaaa	ataatgtntt	cttttgcata	agagaagaga	acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa	ctgctcaaat	tgtttggtta	gnttatccat	tataattagt	tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa	tcacattttac	ngacnagcaa	taataaaact	gaagtaccag	ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta	aaggaacatt	tttagcctgg	gtataattag	ctaattcact	ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa	tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	ccntagccca	acacaatgg		589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

ttttnttttt	ttttttcagt	aataatcaga	acaatattta	tttttatatt	taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc	cttacattta	ataaaagttt	gtttctcaaa	gtgatcagag	gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa	caccaatatt	aatttgagga	aaatacacca	aaatacatta	agtaaattat	180
ttaagatcat	agagcttgta	agtgaaga	taaaatttga	cctcagaaac	tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac	tattagcaaa	taaattacta	tggacttctt	gctttaattt	tgtgatgaat	300
atgggggtgc	actggtaaac	caacacattc	tgaaggatac	attacttagt	gatagattct	360
tatgtacttt	gctanatnac	gtggatatga	gttgacaagt	ttctctttct	tcaatctttt	420
aaggggcnga	ngaaatgagg	aagaaaagaa	aaggattacg	catactgttc	ttctatnng	480
aaggattaga	tatgtttcct	ttgccaatat	taaaaaaata	ataatgttta	ctactagtga	540
aacc						545

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagtttctna	tttttattat	aattaaagtc	ttggtcattt	60
cattttattag	ctctgcaact	tacatattta	aattaaagaa	acgttnttag	acaactgtna	120
caatttataa	atgtaagggtg	ccattattga	gtanatatat	tcctccaaga	gtggatgtgt	180
cccttctccc	accaactaat	gaancagcaa	cattagttta	attttattag	tagatnatac	240
actgctgcaa	acgctaattc	tcttctccat	ccccatgtng	atattgtgta	tatgtgtgag	300
ttggtnagaa	tgcatacanca	atctnacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gcntgggctt	360
tcggtgaaaa	tagactgtgt	ctgtctgaat	caaagtatct	gacctatcct	cgggtggcaag	420
aactcttcga	accgcttcct	caaaggcngc	tgccacattt	gtggcntctn	ttgcacttgt	480

ttcaaaa

487

&lt;210&gt; 207

&lt;211&gt; 332

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(332)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 207

tgaattggct	aaaagactgc	atTTTTanaa	ctagcaactc	ttatttcttt	cctttaaaaa	60
tacatagcat	taaattcccaa	atcctattta	aagacctgac	agcttgagaa	ggtcactact	120
gcatttatag	gaccttctgg	tggttctgct	gttacntttg	aantctgaca	atccttgana	180
atcctttgcat	gcagaggagg	taaaaggtat	tggattttca	cagaggaana	acacagcgca	240
gaaatgaagg	ggccaggctt	actgagcttg	tccactggag	ggctcatggg	tgggacatgg	300
aaaagaaggc	agcctaggcc	ctggggagcc	ca			332

&lt;210&gt; 208

&lt;211&gt; 524

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(524)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 208

agggcgtgg	gcgaggggcg	ttactgtttt	gtctcagtaa	caataaatac	aaaaagactg	60
gttggtgtcc	ggccccatcc	aaccacgaag	ttgatttctc	ttgtgtgcag	agtgactgat	120
tttaaaggac	atggagcttg	tcacaatgtc	acaatgtcac	agtgtgaagg	gcacactcac	180
tcccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgcaga	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgtcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

&lt;210&gt; 209

&lt;211&gt; 159

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 209

gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gccatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgtccttg	60
tggcctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

&lt;210&gt; 210

&lt;211&gt; 256

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien



<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(256)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210  
 actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60  
 actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120  
 tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180  
 ttgcaggggtg naaatgggan ggctggtttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240  
 ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211  
 <211> 264  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(264)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211  
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60  
 actggaacac ataccacat cttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120  
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattatc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180  
 ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240  
 aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212  
 <211> 328  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(328)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212  
 acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggct tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60  
 ggatttaaat ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagtaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120  
 gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccgccag 180  
 ttnaatttca ttcccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240  
 cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtgggtg tagctataag cttggccaca 300  
 ttttttttct cttttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213  
 <211> 250  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213

acattatgagc	agagcgacat	atccnagtgt	agactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acattttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataanc	catgttaana	aacaaatata	tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt						250

<210> 214

<211> 444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (444)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214

acccagaatc	caatgctgaa	tatttggtct	cattattccc	agattccttg	attgtcaaag	60
gatttaattg	tgtctcagct	tgggcacttc	agttaggacc	taaggatgcc	agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg	cagcaacaat	attcaagcgc	gacaacaggt	tattgaactt	gcccgccagt	180
tgaatttcat	tcccattgac	ttgggatcct	tatcatcagc	canagagatt	gaaaattttac	240
ccctacgact	ctttactctc	tggagagggc	cagtgggtgt	agctataagc	ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc	tttattcctt	tgtcagagat	gcgattcatc	catatgctan	aaaccaacag	360
agtgactttt	acaaaattcc	tataganatt	gtgaataaaa	ccttacctat	agttgcccatt	420
actttgctct	ccctaataata	cctc				444

<210> 215

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215

acttatgagc	agagcgacat	atccaagtgt	anactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acattttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttcctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataagc	catgttgaga	aacaaatata	tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt	aagcagaggg	tgtaggcaac	atggaccata	gcgaanaaaa	aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt	tttctacact	gtaaccagggt	ttccaaccaa	ggtggaaatc	tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc						366

<210> 216

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(260)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216

ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc	60
caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat	120
taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa	180
atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat	240
aattcttctt tccctccttt	260

<210> 217

<211> 262

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(262)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217

acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta	60
tcttgcttat aattttctat ttttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag	120
ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt	180
atgaataatc tgtagatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta	240
atataccttca tgcttgtaaa gt	262

<210> 218

<211> 205

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(205)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218

accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca	60
cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc	120
aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa	180
anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa	205

<210> 219

<211> 114

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 219

tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca	60
accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt tttaaaggaca tgga	114

<210> 220

<211> 93

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 220

actagccagc acaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta	60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtccctactg agt	93

&lt;210&gt; 221

&lt;211&gt; 167

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(167)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 221

actangtgca ggtgcgca aatatttgtc gatattccct tcattcttga ttccatgagg	60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc	120
ccccctac cttccctgac gtccccana aatcacccaa cctctgt	167

&lt;210&gt; 222

&lt;211&gt; 351

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 222

agggcggtggt gcgaggggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacc	60
gttcttcacc tgtccccca tctttaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa	120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa	180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gcttgtaggt tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaaggt ggtattattg tattgataag t	351

&lt;210&gt; 223

&lt;211&gt; 383

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(383)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 223

aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat	60
tggttaattat ggtcaattta atwrtttkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgtattt tatttggaga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg ttcccmcac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt tgatttcctg gaatgacaat tatattttta ctttgggtggg ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gttaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg	360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa	383

&lt;210&gt; 224

<211> 320  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 224

cccctgaagg	cttcttggtta	gaaaatagta	cagttacaac	caataggaac	aacaaaaaga	60
aaaagtttgt	gacattgtag	tagggagtg	gtacccctta	ctccccatca	aaaaaaaaat	120
ggatacatgg	ttaaaggata	raagggaat	atcttatcat	atgttctaaa	agagaaggaa	180
gagaaaatac	tactttctcr	aaatggaagc	ccttaaagg	gctttgatac	tgaaggacac	240
aaatgtggcc	gtccatcctc	ctttaragtt	gcatgacttg	gacacggtaa	ctgttgagc	300
tttaractcm	gcattgtgac					320

<210> 225  
 <211> 1214  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 225

gaggactgca	gcccgcactc	gcagccctgg	caggcgccac	tggctcatgga	aaacgaattg	60
ttctgctcgg	gcgtcctggt	gcacccgcag	tgggtgctgt	cagccgcaca	ctgtttccag	120
aactcctaca	ccatcgggct	gggcctgcac	agtcttgagg	ccgaccaaga	gccagggagc	180
cagatgggtg	aggccagcct	ctccgtacgg	caccagaggt	acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	240
aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttggacgaa	tccgtgtccg	agtctgacac	catccggagc	300
atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	gcctcgtttc	tggctggggg	360
ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	tgaacgtgtc	ggtgggtgtc	420
gaggagggtc	gcagtaagct	ctatgacccg	ctgtaccacc	ccagcatgtt	ctgcgccggc	480
ggaggggcaag	accagaagga	ctcctgcaac	ggtgactctg	gggggcccc	gatctgcaac	540
gggtacttgc	agggccttgt	gtctttcgga	aaagccccgt	gtggccaagt	tggcgtgcca	600
ggtgtctaca	ccaacctctg	caaattcact	gagtggatag	agaaaaccgt	ccaggccagt	660
taactctggg	gactgggaac	ccatgaaatt	gacccccaaa	tacatcctgc	ggaaggaatt	720
caggaatatc	tgttcccagc	ccctcctccc	tcaggccccag	gagtcacagg	ccccagcccc	780
tcctccctca	aaccaagggt	acagatcccc	agccccctct	ccctcagacc	caggagtcca	840
gacccccag	cccctcctcc	ctcagaccca	ggagtccagc	ccctcctccc	tcagaccag	900
gagtcacag	ccccagccc	ctcctccctc	agaccaggg	gtccaggccc	ccaaccctc	960
ctccctcaga	ctcagaggtc	caagccccc	acccctcctt	ccccagacc	agaggtccag	1020
gtcccagccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagcg	gtccaatgcc	acctagactc	tcctgtaca	1080
cagtgcctcc	ttgtggcacg	ttgacccaac	cttaccagtt	ggtttttcat	ttttgtccc	1140
tttcccttag	atccagaaat	aaagtctaag	agaagcgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1200
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa					1214

<210> 226  
 <211> 119  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 226

accagtatg	tgcagggaga	cggaacccca	tgtgacagcc	cactccacca	gggttcccaa	60
agaacctggc	ccagtcataa	tcattcatcc	tgacagtggc	aataatcacg	ataaccagt	119

<210> 227  
 <211> 818  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactggggt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt	cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc	ctctggagga	aaggtgggtg	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgctccc	ttccaatcag	ccactttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttcct	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaaggggtg	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggctcgt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttggtg	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcatgagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggtc	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	agggtttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

&lt;210&gt; 228

&lt;211&gt; 744

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 228

actggagaca	ctgttgaact	tgatcaagac	ccagaccacc	ccaggtctcc	ttcgtgggat	60
gtcatgacgt	ttgacatacc	tttggaaacga	gcctcctcct	tggaaagatgg	aagaccgtgt	120
tcgtggccga	cctggcctct	cctggcctgt	ttcttaagat	gcggagtcac	atttcaatgg	180
taggaaaagt	ggcttcgtaa	aatagaagag	cagtcactgt	ggaactacca	aatggcgaga	240
tgctcgggtc	acattggggg	gctttgggat	aaaagattta	tgagccaact	attctctggc	300
accagattct	aggccagttt	gttccactga	agcttttccc	acagcagtc	acctctgcag	360
gctggcagct	gaatggcttg	ccggtggctc	tgtggcaaga	tcacactgag	atcgatgggt	420
gagaaggcta	ggatgcttgt	ctagtgttct	tagctgtcac	gttggctcct	tccaggttgg	480
ccagacggtg	ttggccactc	ccttctaaaa	cacaggcgcc	ctcctggtga	cagtgacccg	540
ccgtgggtatg	ccttggccca	ttccagcagt	cccagttatg	catttcaagt	ttggggtttg	600
ttcttttctg	taatgttcct	ctgtgttctc	agctgtcttc	atttctctgg	ctaagcagca	660
ttgggagatg	tggaccagag	atccactcct	taagaaccag	tggcgaaaga	cactttcttt	720
cttactctctg	aagtagctgg	tggt				744

&lt;210&gt; 229

&lt;211&gt; 300

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 229

cgagtctggg	ttttgtctat	aaagtgtgat	ccctcctttt	ctcatccaaa	tcatgtgaac	60
cattacacat	cgaaataaaa	gaaaggtggc	agacttgccc	aacgccaggc	tgacatgtgc	120
tgcaggggtg	ttgtttttta	attattattg	ttagaaacgt	caccacagc	ccctgttaat	180
ttgtatgtga	cagccaactc	tgagaaggtc	ctatttttcc	acctgcagag	gatccagtct	240
cactaggctc	ctccttgccc	tcacactgga	gtctccgcca	gtgtgggtgc	ccactgacat	300

&lt;210&gt; 230

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 230

cagcagaaca	aatacaata	tgaagagtgc	aaagatctca	taaaatctat	gctgaggaat	60
gagcgacagt	tcaaggagga	gaagcttgca	gagcagctca	agcaagctga	ggagctcagg	120

caatataaag	tcctggttca	cactcaggaa	cgagagctga	cccagttaag	ggagaagttg	180
cggaagggga	gagatgcctc	cctctcattg	aatgagcatc	tccaggccct	cctcactccg	240
gatgaaccgg	acaagtccca	ggggcaggac	ctccaagaaa	cagacctcgg	ccgcgaccac	300
g						301

&lt;210&gt; 231

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 231

gcaagcacgc	tggcaaatct	ctgtcaggtc	agctccagag	aagccattag	tcatttttagc	60
caggaactcc	aagtccacat	ccttggaac	tggggacttg	cgcaggttag	ccttgaggat	120
ggcaacacgg	gactttctcat	caggaagtgg	gatgtagatg	agctgatcaa	gacggccagg	180
tctgaggatg	gcaggatcaa	tgatgtcagg	ccggttggtg	ccgccaatga	tgaacacatt	240
tttttttgtg	gacatgccat	ccattttctgt	caggatctgg	ttgatgactc	ggtcagcagc	300
c						301

&lt;210&gt; 232

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 232

agtaggtatt	tcgtgagaag	ttcaacacca	aaactggaac	atagttctcc	ttcaagtgtt	60
ggcgacagcg	gggcttcctg	attctggaat	ataactttgt	gtaaattaac	agccacctat	120
agaagagtcc	atctgctgtg	aaggagagac	agagaactct	gggttccgtc	gtcctgtcca	180
cgtgctgtac	caagtgtctg	tgccagcctg	ttacctgttc	tcactgaaaa	tctggctaatt	240
gctctctgtg	atcactttctg	attctgacaa	tcaatcaatc	aatggcctag	agcactgact	300
g						301

&lt;210&gt; 233

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 233

atgactgact	tcccagtaag	gctctctaag	gggtaagtag	gaggatccac	aggatttgag	60
atgctaaggc	cccagagatc	gtttgatcca	accctcttat	tttcagaggg	gaaaatgggg	120
cctagaagtt	acagagcatc	tagctggtgc	gctggcacc	ctggcctcac	acagactccc	180
gagtagctgg	gactacaggg	acacagtcac	tgaagcaggc	cctgttagca	attctatgcg	240
tacaaattaa	catgagatga	gtagagactt	tattgagaaa	gcaagagaaa	atcctatcaa	300
c						301

&lt;210&gt; 234

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 234

aggtectaca	catcgagact	catccatgat	tgatatgaat	ttaaaaatta	caagcaaaga	60
cattttattc	atcatgatgc	tttcttttgt	ttcttctttt	cgttttcttc	tttttctttt	120
tcaatttcag	caacatactt	ctcaafttct	tcaggattta	aaatcttgag	ggattgatct	180
cgctcatga	cagcaagttc	aatgtttttg	ccacctgact	gaaccacttc	caggagtgcc	240
ttgatcacca	gcttaatggg	cagatcatct	gcttcaatgg	cttcgtcagt	atagttcttc	300

t 301

<210> 235  
 <211> 283  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235  
 tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg 60  
 aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg 120  
 tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180  
 atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca 240  
 ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca 283

<210> 236  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236  
 aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggg taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata 60  
 aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120  
 tcggagcagc atcathtaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatag 180  
 tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtgggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240  
 aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300  
 a 301

<210> 237  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 237  
 cagtggtagt ggtgggtggac gtggcggttg tegtgggtgcc ttttttggtg cccgtcacaa 60  
 actcaatttt tgttcgctcc tttttggcct tttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg 120  
 ccttggctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatatact 180  
 ttgggtagtt ggtgccaaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatcta 240  
 gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagttca tatccattcc ctcttttate 300  
 t 301

<210> 238  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238  
 gggcagggtt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt 60  
 gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctccagaaaac caacgggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca 120  
 ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggtctctca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc 180  
 accccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca 240  
 gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aattttctta 300  
 t 301

<210> 239  
 <211> 239



&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 239

ataagcagct aggggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagttc acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaaccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac	180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgccg gcatacacag tatacaggtc cttcagga	239

&lt;210&gt; 240

&lt;211&gt; 300

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 240

ggtcctaatag aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacgggtgat actgtccttt	60
gggagtctgcc ctccagtggg accttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttccct ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg	180
ctgccaggtt tttaaaatca tgcttcatct tgaagcacac ggtcacttca cctcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc	300

&lt;210&gt; 241

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 241

gaggtctggt gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggagtt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctct gagggaatgc aacaaggctg	120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaaactg gactcaactg gaaggaagtg ctgctgccag	180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct	240
tcctcctct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga	300
g	301

&lt;210&gt; 242

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 242

ccgaggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cttttttcac tagaaccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta	240
taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaatagata accattttta gaattcaatc	300
a	301

&lt;210&gt; 243

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 243

aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggtatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat	60
ggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg ctcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg	120

tgacgtgcag tcggactctg tggcccaagg gtatggctct ctcggcata tgaccagcgt 180  
 gctggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagaggct gccacggga ctgtaaccgc 240  
 tcactaccgc atgttccaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatcccattg cttccatttt 300  
 t 301

<210> 244  
 <211> 300  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 244  
 gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60  
 gtcattgcaat cccatttgca ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120  
 ccaggggacct tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tccccaaagac acatccctaaa 180  
 aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgce cttctttatt tatgtgaaca 240  
 actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaaa ctgtaaagtt caattgtgaa aatgaatatc 300

<210> 245  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 245  
 gtctgagtat taaaatggtt attgaaatta tccccaacca atgttagaaa agaaagaggt 60  
 tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120  
 aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca ctagagtata gcagccctat 180  
 gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgttttagca tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240  
 agctaataaa atgaaagacc taatttctaa agcaattctt tataattttac aaagttttta 300  
 g 301

<210> 246  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 246  
 ggtctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60  
 acctgggctt attttaaaga actatttgta gtcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120  
 agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180  
 taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240  
 caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgttcctaac aaggatgtgt ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300  
 c 301

<210> 247  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 247  
 aggtcctttg gcagggtcga tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60  
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aagggtgttt ccccccagct 120  
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtgcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180  
 ccttgatgat caagggtggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg gggtccttgc 240  
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300  
 a 301

<210> 248  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248  
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60  
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120  
 acaggaagaa agtggtttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180  
 gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gatTTtaatc ccgaatttag 240  
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300  
 c 301

<210> 249  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249  
 gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60  
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgccccgcc 120  
 ccagggagac acagcagtga ctcagagctg gtcgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180  
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240  
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga rgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300  
 a 301

<210> 250  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250  
 ggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60  
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120  
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa cttaaagtatg gtacatctac 180  
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240  
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300  
 a 301

<210> 251  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251  
 gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcacccct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60  
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg ggcaggggga ctgtctggat 120  
 ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180  
 cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240  
 cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300  
 c 301

<210> 252  
 <211> 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 252

```
gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttcctca    60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata    120
tcattccttt ttcactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa    180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag tacccaaagt    240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc    300
a                                                                    301
```

&lt;210&gt; 253

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 253

```
ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttggggt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc    60
caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcccttagct    120
tggctcgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttgttt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg    180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt    240
tccatagtgc ccacagggta ttcttcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag    300
g                                                                    301
```

&lt;210&gt; 254

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 254

```
cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggagggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg    60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc    120
ccaaatctct tcattctacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa    180
gaaaaaaata aagctttgga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc    240
acttaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc    300
t                                                                    301
```

&lt;210&gt; 255

&lt;211&gt; 302

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 255

```
agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtct tttattataa    60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagt tgaacttgat    120
tgggattttg ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg    180
aggaaaaagg actggaggtg gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta    240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaatatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac    300
aa                                                                    302
```

&lt;210&gt; 256

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256  
gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggatacc cctctagcct 60  
aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120  
acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcctctctat 180  
aggcaaata gctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240  
gtggcctctc ggctgggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300  
t 301

<210> 257  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257  
gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttcactat cccctgaatt 60  
tccccactta tttttgtctt tcaactatcg aggccttaga agaggctctac ctgcctccag 120  
tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180  
gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga 240  
tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300  
c 301

<210> 258  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258  
cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60  
agggggccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120  
cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180  
atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtgggtgtcat 240  
tggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttgggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300  
t 301

<210> 259  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

```

tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg      60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttgga cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa      120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtggggccag gaaggctctgt      180
tccâgctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgcccaactgg gtcttggctt      240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatecttgg ctccagggtg      300
c                                                                           301

```

&lt;210&gt; 260

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 260

```

ttttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaaat aagcaatggt      60
aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tctctggttt acaagttata attgaatgaa      120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaacia caggattaac      180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgattc      240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca      300
c                                                                           301

```

&lt;210&gt; 261

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 261

```

aaatattcga gcaaatcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga      60
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggt      120
agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaataaaa ggctcttcag aagggttcaat      180
ggtgacatcc aattttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag      240
ggcatgatga tcatccaaag ccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc      300
a                                                                           301

```

&lt;210&gt; 262

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 262

```

gaggagagcc tggtacagca ttgtgaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc      120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tcctctgggg ctggaaacctg gcaactctgca ttgtaatga      180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtgtcc      240
catcattacc ccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat      300
c                                                                           301

```

&lt;210&gt; 263

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 263

tttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gatttttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg 60  
aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg 120  
ttcttagtat tatttatggg aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat 180  
taatgactga cttcccagta aggctctcta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg 240  
agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caaccctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg 300  
g 301

&lt;210&gt; 264

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 264

aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaaacc 60  
aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atatttacat ttaatggttt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag 120  
gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacattttta gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaag 180  
ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac 240  
acccttcata taaattcact atcttggtt gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcat 300  
a 301

&lt;210&gt; 265

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 265

tgcccaagtt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcattcttctgt 60  
cttcttctga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctcta 120  
catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gtccatttg tttcatttct tcaggaggga 180  
ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaaca cacttgccca tttctgtaaa gaatccaaag 240  
cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg 300  
c 301

&lt;210&gt; 266

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 266

taccgtctgc ccttctctcc atccaggcca tctgccaatc tacatgggtc ctctattctg 60  
acaccagatc actctttcct ctaccacag gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct 120  
ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttctgtt ctcccaccc cttaagttct attcctgggg 180  
atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataacca ggggtgcacag 240  
cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctacagctg gctgtgcctg 300  
a 301

&lt;210&gt; 267

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 267

aaagagcaca ggccagctca gcctgccctg gccatctaga ctacgcctgg ctccatgggg 60

```

gtttctcagtg ctgagtcctat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ccttctgagg ctgaatcttc      120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggctt ggagtaaagc      180
ctcattctga ttctctcctt tcttttcttt caagttggct ttctcacat ccctctgttc      240
aattcgcttc agcttgctg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc      300
t                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 268
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta      60
gatcttggga gagctgggtc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc      120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacgggtc ttgtttagac tcttgggaata      180
tgctgggtgg ctcagtggag ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca      240
cttcccattg ttctactttc taccatcatc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact      300
a                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 269
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 269
taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat      60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact      120
atagtccacg accttaaata ttacattgtt ttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta      180
ctttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca ccccaatta      240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc      300
t                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 270
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 270
cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgcct ataaaattaa ttaagcctta      60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga      120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa      180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggtggtgca cgatatactg cactagataa      240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggcct aacagaaaac      300
a                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 271
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```



&lt;400&gt; 271

```

aaaagggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt      60
tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gttcatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca      120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt ggggtccaagg      180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt      240
tctctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca      300
c                                                                                   301

```

&lt;210&gt; 272

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 272

```

taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcaactgtc ttcaaatgtc      60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga      120
tccaataatt ccctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacctctcc tgcattccaca      180
gcattctctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgc aatctatgtt ctttgttttc      240
ctaaggactt ccattgcatt tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag      300
g                                                                                   301

```

&lt;210&gt; 273

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 273

```

acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaan aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg      60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa ttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa      120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatattcct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc      180
ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgc ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggt      240
gggacttnty ttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgcctctg makcngantt ccgcsananc      300
t                                                                                   301

```

&lt;210&gt; 274

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 274

```

cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg      60
aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa      120
tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca      180
tctaggtatg gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtgc ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc      240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggatcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc      300

```

c

301

<210> 275  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275  
tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60  
gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120  
tggtcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag 180  
tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccggggcgc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240  
agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgccttat 300  
a 301

<210> 276  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 276  
tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtgggtat tattactata ctgattatat 60  
ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120  
taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180  
caatacathtt aaacattttg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaattttgtg 240  
aaaactattc agtatgtttc ctttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300  
g 301

<210> 277  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277  
tttggtgatg tcagtathtt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60  
atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120  
gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgccccca ccctcgtcct 180  
caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgcctt angtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240  
gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcctntccg ttcaatcttg 300  
c 301

<210> 278  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278  
 taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60  
 aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca 120  
 cagtctctac tggtattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180  
 aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatggt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacagggtt 240  
 tatgtgttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300  
 c 301

<210> 279  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279  
 aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60  
 gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaatat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120  
 ttagaccttt accttccagc caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattgggt 180  
 atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240  
 catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300  
 a 301

<210> 280  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280  
 ggtactggag ttttctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60  
 tagaaagggt gtggaaccaa attgtggtea atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120  
 tgagaaaaaa acctaaagatt agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgcctgg 180  
 gtttgatata gtttaggggt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240  
 cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300  
 t 301

<210> 281  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281  
 aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatatcc 60  
 gccgagcaat ccaaatcctg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120  
 atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180  
 tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatttt gtgtgtcatg tttgcatttc 240

tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300  
g 301

<210> 282

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282

cagggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60  
tccagaacctt aaaaattaaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120  
agcgacagaag caaagccag gcagaacctt gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180  
cgcagaagca aagccaggc agaacctatg taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240  
cagaagcaaa gccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300  
a 301

<210> 283

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283

atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60  
cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120  
gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgc ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180  
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atgggtgatat gcatctttta 240  
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300  
g 301

<210> 284

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284

cagggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggccttaga atttgaacat ttgtggtctt tattttacttt 60  
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc cttaaataat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120  
gcagattagg tttttgacaa acaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180  
ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tggtgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240  
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300  
a 301

<210> 285

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285

acatcacat gatcggtacc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60  
aatgatcatt agtgttttta aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120

caggaaagca aatgctatTT acagacCTgc aagccCTccc tcaaacnaaa ctatTTctgg 180  
attaaatag tctgacttct tttgaggTca cacgactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240  
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagccccca tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300  
t 301

<210> 286

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 286

taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaactttgct 60  
tgtatattat ttttgCtta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120  
atcaaaatgt gtcatgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180  
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240  
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt ttttccttg 300  
t 301

<210> 287

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 287

tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60  
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatatg 120  
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttagg gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180  
ccgtgggttat ctccctccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtatc cattttgttt 240  
gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300  
t 301

<210> 288

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 288

gtacaccta ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60  
agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcaagtctg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120  
gatcttttaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatac 180  
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga tttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240  
tctgccttaa ttttggatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300  
a 301

<210> 289

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289

ggtagactgt ttccatgtta tgtttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgtcc tggaaactta 60  
gcttttgatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatctttg 120  
ccaagtaaga gtggtggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa 180  
cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggt ggcggcgaan aagagaaaga 240  
tgtgttttgt tttggactct ctgtgggtccc ttccaatgct gtgggtttcc aaccagnnga 300  
a 301

<210> 290

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 290

acactgagct cttcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac 60  
tgactgatct gttcatttct ctcacagctc ttaccccaa aagcttttcc accctaagtg 120  
ttctgacctc cttttctaata cacagtaggg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg 180  
gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctacagtgct 240  
tgcttgaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct cattttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtgag 300  
a 301

<210> 291

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 291

caggtacca tttcttctat cctagaaaca tttcatttta tgttgttgaa acataacaac 60  
tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttt acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc 120  
tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcacia aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagtccaat 180  
agccatggct gtttacttca ttttaatttt ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa 240  
acatgagctt cacttcccca ctaactaatt agcatctggt atttcttaac cgtaatgcct 300  
a 301

<210> 292

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 292

accttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc 60  
tgtattaaat aatttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat catttttaaat gttggtattc 120  
aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg 180  
ggaaatatag tasttyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatatagg ctacacactc 240  
tcactacaca cacagacccc acagtcctat atgccacaaa cacattttcca taacttgaaa 300  
a 301

<210> 293  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 293  
ggtaccaagt gctggtgccg gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaattgctc 60  
ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactgtt 120  
aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180  
gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240  
ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300  
g 301

<210> 294  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294  
tgacccataa caatatacac tagctatctt ttttaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60  
attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120  
tttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaattatt acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180  
ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240  
cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300  
t 301

<210> 295  
<211> 305  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 295  
gtactctttc tctccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60  
cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120  
ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180  
actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatggt 240  
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttttaataaat tagtttgggt 300  
tctct 305

<210> 296  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 296  
aggtagctatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtagttaa tgtgctatct 60  
cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120  
attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180  
tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300  
c 301

<210> 297

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttctgcta 60  
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120  
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180  
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc 240  
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc ccctcccgcg 60  
ggcatctgag agacctggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120  
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaaggcc ctggcggtgg tggccacctg gaaccacctt 180  
gtcctgtctg tttacatttc actaycaggt tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240  
caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcagggtggc ctcagcgagg 300  
t 301

<210> 299

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttggtgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca ggggtctctgc 60  
tcactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct ccaggttagc 120  
tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180  
gagtttcgcc atgttggtcca gctgggtctc aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240  
cggcctccca aagtgtctga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatatatt 300  
t 301

<210> 300

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien



&lt;400&gt; 300

attcagttttt atttgctgcc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga 60  
tatgtccccc acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttcctctatc agctgggtca 120  
gctgcattcc acaagggtct cagcctaata agtttacta cctgccagtc tcaaaactta 180  
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttggtac 240  
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtccttgctt cttcacacca atcccgagcg catcccccat 300  
g 301

&lt;210&gt; 301

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 301

ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtctgc 60  
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagtgggt 120  
gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga caccacaaac agtgggagct cacaagacc 180  
ctcagagctg agacacccac aacagtggga gctcacaag accctcagag ctgagacacc 240  
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt 300  
t 301

&lt;210&gt; 302

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 302

aggtaacacat ttagcttggt gtaaatagact cacaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg 60  
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaatcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac 120  
ttgagttgggt tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg 180  
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca 240  
caggatttga gatgctaagg ccccagagat cgtttgatcc aacctcttta ttttcagagg 300  
g 301

&lt;210&gt; 303

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 303

aggtaaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat cattttttct tcccatatca actaagttgt 60  
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac 120  
tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcattgtaa aaatgggtgt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc 180  
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc 240  
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac 300  
c 301

&lt;210&gt; 304

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 304

acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta ttgcttgac attgcctaatt 60

```

tattagtttc agtttcagct taccactttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc      120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggt ttgtgccatta ctggtgcagt      180
gactttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga      240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct      300
c                                                                           301

```

&lt;210&gt; 305

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 305

```

gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag      60
cagggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggag      120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag      180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa      240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag      300
a                                                                           301

```

&lt;210&gt; 306

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 306

```

Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu
1           5

```

&lt;210&gt; 307

&lt;211&gt; 637

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 307

```

acaggggatg aagggaag gagaggatga ggaagcccc ctggggattt ggtttggtcc      60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa ataggggcac      120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt      180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctggggttat gaagatggtt gaacacccca      240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga      300
gcaggaggac gcttgcacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattgggtgtg      360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacggtgggg caaactctga      420
tttcctgagg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagtga      480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccca sctgatagag gaagtagcca      540
ggtgggagcc tttcccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agattttgtg gcactcctgg      600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaaactg aatcttg                                     637

```

&lt;210&gt; 308

&lt;211&gt; 647

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(647)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308  
 acgattttca ttatcatgta aatcgggtca ctcaaggggc caaccacagc tgggagccac 60  
 tgctcagggg aaggttcata tgggactttc tactgcccac gggtctatac aggatataaa 120  
 ggngcctcac agtatagatc tggtagcaaa gaagaagaaa caaacactga tctctttctg 180  
 ccacccctct gaccctttgg aactcctctg acccttttaga acaagcctac ctaatatctg 240  
 ctagagaaaa gaccaacaac ggccctcaaag gatctcttac catgaaggtc tcagctaatt 300  
 cttggctaag atgtgggttc cacattaggt tctgaatatg gggggaagg tcaatttgct 360  
 cattttgtgt gtggataaag tcaggatgcc cagggggccag agcagggggc tgcttgcttt 420  
 gggaacaatg gctgagcata taaccatagg ttatggggaa caaaacaaca tcaaagtcac 480  
 tgtatcaatt gccatgaaga cttgagggac ctgaatctac cgattcatct taaggcagca 540  
 ggaccagttt gagtggcaac aatgcagcag cagaatcaat ggaaacaaca gaatgattgc 600  
 aatgtccttt tttttctcct gcttctgact tgataaaaagg ggaccgt 647

<210> 309  
 <211> 460  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 309  
 actttatagt ttaggctgga cattggaaaa aaaaaaagc cagaacaaca tgtgatagat 60  
 aatatgattg gctgcacact tccagactga tgaatgatga acgtgatgga ctattgtatg 120  
 gagcacatct tcagcaagag ggggaaatac tcatcatttt tggccagcag ttgtttgatc 180  
 accaaacatc atgccagaat actcagcaaa ccttcttagc tcttgagaag tcaaagtccg 240  
 ggggaattta ttcctggcaa ttttaattgg actccttatg tgagagcagc ggctaccag 300  
 ctgggggtggg ggagcgaacc cgtcactagt ggacatgcag tggcagagct cctggtaacc 360  
 acctagagga atacacaggc acatgtgtga tgccaagcgt gacacctgta gcactcaaat 420  
 ttgtcttggt tttgtctttc ggtgtgtaag attcttaagt 460

<210> 310  
 <211> 539  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 310  
 acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg 60  
 ctaaaggttt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt 120  
 taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa 180  
 gtcagacagt aagatttgtg ggaaatgggt tggtttgttg tatggtatgt attttagcaa 240  
 taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgatc acttgctgaa 300  
 ttcctcaagg taggcatgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac 360  
 ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc acactgtgac 420  
 atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaaggaa aacttatggc 480  
 atattttcac cccacaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga 539

<210> 311  
 <211> 526  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(526)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311  
caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc 60  
ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta 120  
catttacagc atttaaaatg tggtcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa 180  
attaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccctaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg 240  
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa 300  
aaaatgggga aactctgaag ggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc 360  
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc 420  
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaacccttcc cctttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa 480  
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atccccaaag cacagt 526

<210> 312  
<211> 500  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(500)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312  
cctctctctc cccaccccct gactctagag aactgggttt tctcccagta ctccagcaat 60  
tcatttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct 120  
ccatttctct ttcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgct atgagtgtaa 180  
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg 240  
gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atcccctctt 300  
tgcagatgct tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct 360  
tgctaattg gtttcccttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctggtatag aatatcagct 420  
ctgaacgtgt ggttaaagatt tttgtgttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt 480  
tagtcttaat tatctattgg 500

<210> 313  
<211> 718  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(718)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313  
ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgaggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc 60  
tgatgataca gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat 120  
ctgctgaaat ggagataatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa 180  
gtagtgcacat gtttttgac atttccagcc cttttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac 240  
aaaaggaaagc acagagatcc ctgggagaaa tgcccgcccg ccattctggg tcatcgatga 300  
gcctcgccct gtgcctgntc ccgcttgta gggaaggaca ttagaaaatg aattgatgtg 360  
ttccttaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgtgtggat atttatttga acgggattac 420

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaat	480
cttgatgggt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca atcatttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaataatc tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc ccntcntttt aannttantic caaantgt	718

&lt;210&gt; 314

&lt;211&gt; 358

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 314

gtttattttac attacagaaa aaacatcaag acaatgtata ctattttcaaa tatatccata	60
cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattgggtg agattaccac aaatgcaagg	120
caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggtg gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgattt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgct	300
tctggggcat ttccttgta tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt	358

&lt;210&gt; 315

&lt;211&gt; 341

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 315

taccacctcc ccgctggcac tgatgagccg catcaccatg gtcaccagca ccatgaaggc	60
ataggtgatg atgaggacat ggaatgggcc cccaaggatg gtctgtccaa agaagcgagt	120
gaccccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag ccccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatata gtccttaggg gtcattgtagg cttcctgaag	240
tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tggtgtcccg ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tcttgggctt	300
gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatggtgaa gcagatgatg t	341

&lt;210&gt; 316

&lt;211&gt; 151

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 316

agactgggca agactcttac gccccacact gcaatttggt cttgttgccg tatccattta	60
tgtggggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact	120
cattcaggga gctctgggtg caatattagt t	151

&lt;210&gt; 317

&lt;211&gt; 151

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 317

agaactagtg gatcctaatt aaataacctga aacatatatt ggcatttatc aatgggtcaa	60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaacctggg ctctcgaggg tgcggccagc agatcccagg	120
ccagggtctt gttcttgcca cacctgcttg a	151

&lt;210&gt; 318

&lt;211&gt; 151

&lt;212&gt; DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

```
actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt ttccagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct    60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg    120
tgggggcggg ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t                                151
```

<210> 319

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319

```
aactagtggg tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta    60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg    120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a                                151
```

<210> 320

<211> 150

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320

```
aactagtggg tccactagtc cagtgtgggt gaattccatt gtgttggggg tctagatcgc    60
gagcggctgc cttttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt    120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat                                150
```

<210> 321

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321

```
agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatatt aggcttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt    60
taggggtggc ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg    120
tgctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t                                151
```

<210> 322

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322

```
atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgcttc cttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg    60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggtt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc    120
attgtgcagg gctcgttca nacttccagt t                                151
```

<210> 323

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg tktttctttt ctttattttt aatcctctta ckttgtaa	atattgccta	60
nagactcant tactaccag tttgtggtt twtgggagaa atgtaactgg	acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa aaagacactt ancccatgtg g		151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg aatttcagct ttctcatgc aaaaggattt tgtatccccg	gcctacttga	60
agaagtggtc agctaaagga atccagggtt ttgggtggac tgttaatacc	tttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta cgaatcccat cttggttcca gctatatcac tgacagcatg	gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca cttctagact ttccacggtg gacgaaacgg gtccagaaac	tgccaggggc	240
ctcatacagg gatatacaaaa taccctttgt gctacccagg ccctggggaa	tcaggtgact	300
cacacaaatg caatagtttg tcaactgcatt tttacctgaa ccaaagctaa	acccgggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc accatggcat gccagagttc aacactgttg ctcttgaaaa	ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac aagagccct gccctgccct agctgangca c		461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc catgttatgt ttctacacat tgctacctca gtgctcctgg	aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct ccaagtagtc caccttcatt taactctttg aaactgtatc	atctttgcca	120
agtaagagtg gtggcctatt tcagctgctt tgacaaaatg actggctcct	gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg aatgtgctga agcaaatg ccattggtggc ggcgaagaag	agaaagatgt	240
gttttgtttt ggactctctg tggcccttc caatgctgtg ggtttccaac	caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg cattgccaag tgccataacc atgagcacta cgctaccatg	gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc aggctggtt gcaagaatga aatgaatgat		400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc agcccgact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca ctggtcatgg	aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcatacgca gtgggtgctg tcagccgcac	actgtttcca	120
gaactcctac accatcgggc tgggcctgca cagtcttgag gccgaccaag	agccagggag	180

```

ccagatggtg gaggccagcc tctccgtacg gcaccagag tacaacagac ccttgctcgc      240
taacgacctc atgctcatca agttggacga atccgtgtcc gagtctgaca ccatccggag      300
catcagcatt gcttcgcagt gccctaccgc ggggaactct tgccctcggtt ctggctgggg      360
tctgctggcg aacggcagaa tgcctaccgt gctgcagtgc gtgaacgtgt cggtggtgtc      420
tgaggagggtc tgcagtaagc tctatgacct gctgtaccac cccagcatgt tctgcgccgg      480
cggaggggcaa gaccagaagg actcctgcaa cggtgactct gggggggccc tgatctgcaa      540
cgggtacttg cagggccttg tgtctttcgg aaaagccccg tgtggccaag ttggcggtgcc      600
aggtgtctac accaacctct gcaaattcac tgagtggata gagaaaaccg tccaggccag      660
ttaactctgg ggactgggaa cccatgaaat tgacccccaa atacatcctg cggaagggaat      720
tcaggaatat ctgttcccag cccctcctcc ctcaggccca ggagtccagg cccccagccc      780
ctcctccctc aaaccaaggg tacagatccc cagccctccc tccctcagac ccaggagtcc      840
agacccccca gccctcctc cctcagacct aggagtccag cccctcctcc ctcagaccca      900
ggagtccaga cccccagcc cctcctccct cagaccaggg ggtccaggcc cccaaccct      960
cctccctcag actcagaggt ccaagcccc aaccctcct tccccagacc cagaggtcca      1020
ggtcccagcc cctcctccct cagaccagc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctcctgtac      1080
acagtgcccc cttgtggcac gttgacccaa ccttaccagt tggtttttca tttttgtcc      1140
ctttccccta gatccagaaa taaagtctaa gagaagcgca aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa      1200
aaaaaaaaa aaaaaa                                     1215

```

&lt;210&gt; 327

&lt;211&gt; 220

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 327

```

Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
 1             5             10             15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
 20             25             30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
 35             40             45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
 50             55             60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
 65             70             75             80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
 85             90             95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
 100            105            110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
 115            120            125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
 130            135            140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
 145            150            155            160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
 165            170            175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
 180            185            190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
 195            200            205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 210            215            220

```

&lt;210&gt; 328



<211> 234  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 328  
 cgctcgtctc tggtagctgc agccaaatca taaacggcga ggactgcagc ccgcactcgc 60  
 agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattggt ctgctcgggc gtccctgggtgc 120  
 atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttccagaa ctctacacc atcgggctgg 180  
 gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc caggagacca gatggtggag gcca 234

<210> 329  
 <211> 77  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 329  
 Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr  
 35 40 45  
 His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala  
 65 70 75

<210> 330  
 <211> 70  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 330  
 cccaacacaa tggcccgatc ccattccctga ctccgccctc aggatcgctc gtctctggta 60  
 gctgcagcca 70

<210> 331  
 <211> 22  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 331  
 Gln His Asn Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser  
 20

<210> 332  
 <211> 2507  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 332  
 tgggtgccgt gcagccggca gagatgggtg agtcatggt cccgctgttg ctctccttc 60  
 tgccttctct tctgtatatg gctgcgcccc aaatcaggaa aatgctgtcc agtgggggtg 120

gtacatcaac	tggttcagctt	cctgggaaaag	tagttgtggt	cacaggagct	aatacaggta	180
tcgggaagga	gacagccaaa	gagctggctc	agagaggagc	tcgagtatat	ttagcttgcc	240
gggatgtgga	aaagggggaa	ttggtggcca	aagagatcca	gaccacgaca	gggaaccagc	300
aggtgttgg	gcggaaaactg	gacctgtctg	atactaagtc	tattcgagct	tttgctaagg	360
gcttcttagc	tgaggaaaag	cacctccacg	ttttgatcaa	caatgcagga	gtgatgatgt	420
gtccgtactc	gaagacagca	gatggctttg	agatgcacat	aggagtcaac	cacttgggtc	480
acttccctct	aacctatctg	ctgctagaga	aactaaagga	atcagcccca	tcaaggatag	540
taaatgtgtc	ttccctcgca	catcacctgg	gaaggatcca	cttccataac	ctgcagggag	600
agaaattcta	caatgcaggc	ctggcctact	gtcacagcaa	gctagccaac	atcctcttca	660
cccaggaact	ggcccggaga	ctaaaaggct	ctggcggttac	gacgtattct	gtacaccctg	720
gcacagtcca	atctgaactg	gttcggcact	catctttcat	gagatggatg	tggtggcttt	780
tctccttttt	catcaagact	cctcagcagg	gagcccagac	cagcctgcac	tgtgccttaa	840
cagaaggtct	tgagattcta	agtgggaatc	atttcagtga	ctgtcatgtg	gcatgggtct	900
ctgcccagc	tcgtaatgag	actatagcaa	ggcggctgtg	ggacgtcagt	tgtgacctgc	960
tgggctctcc	aatagactaa	caggcagtg	cagttggacc	caagagaaga	ctgcagcaga	1020
ctacacagta	cttcttgtca	aaatgattct	ccttcaagg	tttcaaaacc	tttagcaca	1080
agagagcaaa	accttccagc	cttgctgtct	tggtgtccag	ttaaaactca	gtgtactgcc	1140
agattcgtct	aaatgtctgt	catgtccaga	tttactttgc	ttctgttact	gccagagtta	1200
ctagagatat	cataatagga	taagaagacc	ctcatatgac	ctgcacagct	cattttcctt	1260
ctgaaagaaa	ctactaccta	ggagaatcta	agctatagca	gggatgattt	atgcaaattt	1320
gaactagctt	ctttgttcac	aattcagttc	ctcccaacca	accagtcttc	acttcaagag	1380
ggccacactg	caacctcagc	ttaacatgaa	taacaaagac	tggtctagga	gcagggcttg	1440
cccaggcatg	gtggatcacc	ggaggtcagt	agttcaagac	cagcctggcc	aacatggtga	1500
aacccccact	ctactaaaaa	ttgtgtatat	ctttgtgtgt	cttctgtttt	atgtgtgcca	1560
agggagtatt	ttcacaagt	tcaaaacagc	cacaataatc	agagatggag	caaaccagt	1620
ccatccagtc	tttatgcaaa	tgaaatgctg	caaagggaag	cagattctgt	atatgttgg	1680
aactaccac	caagagcaca	tgggtagcag	ggaagaagta	aaaaaagaga	aggagaatac	1740
tggaagataa	tgcacaaaat	gaagggacta	gttaaggatt	aactagccct	ttaaggatta	1800
actagttaag	gattaatagc	aaaagayatt	aaatatgcta	acatagctat	ggaggaattg	1860
agggcaagca	cccaggactg	atgaggtctt	aacaaaaacc	agtgtggcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1920
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaatccta	aaaacaaaca	aacaaaaaaa	acaattcttc	attcagaaaa	1980
attatcttag	ggactgatat	tggtaatatt	ggtcaattta	ataatatatt	ggggcatttc	2040
cttacattgt	cttgacaaga	ttaaaatgtc	tgtgccaaaa	ttttgtattt	tatttgagga	2100
cttcttatca	aaagtaatgc	tgccaaagga	agtctaagga	attagtagtg	ttcccatcac	2160
ttgtttggag	tgtgctattc	taaaagattt	tgatttctctg	gaatgacaat	tatattttaa	2220
ctttgggtggg	ggaaagagtt	ataggaccac	agctcttact	tctgatactt	gtaaattaat	2280
cttttattgc	acttgttttg	accattaagc	tatatgttta	gaaatggcca	ttttacggaa	2340
aaattagaaa	aattctgata	atagtcgaga	ataaatgaat	taatgtttta	cttaatttat	2400
attgaactgt	caatgacaaa	taaaaattct	ttttgattat	ttttgtttt	catttaccag	2460
aataaaaaacg	taagaattaa	aagtttgatt	acaaaaaaa	aaaaaaa		2507

&lt;210&gt; 333

&lt;211&gt; 3030

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 333

gcaggcgact	tgcgagctgg	gagcgattta	aaacgctttg	gattcccccg	gcctgggtgg	60
ggagagcgag	ctgggtgccc	cctagattcc	ccgccccgc	acctcatgag	ccgacctctg	120
gctccatgga	gcccggcaat	tatgccacct	tggatggagc	caaggatata	gaaggcttgc	180
tgggagcggg	agggggggcg	aatctggtcg	ccactcccc	tctgaccagc	caccagcgg	240
cgcttacgct	gatgcctgct	gtcaactatg	cccccttggg	tctgccaggc	tcggcgagag	300
cgccaaagca	atgccaccca	tgccctgggg	tgccccagg	gacgtcccca	gctcccgtgc	360
cttatggtta	ctttggaggc	gggtactact	cctgccgagt	gtcccggagc	tcgctgaaac	420
cctgtgcccc	ggcagccacc	ctggccgcgt	accccgcgga	gactcccacg	gccggggaag	480

```

agtacccag ycgcccact gagtttgct tctatccggg atatccggga acctaccagc 540
ctatggccag ttacctggac gtgtctgtgg tgcagactct ggggtgctcct ggagaaccgc 600
gacatgactc cctgttgctt gtggacagtt accagtcttg ggctctcgtc ggtggctgga 660
acagccagat gtgttgccag ggagaacaga acccaccagg tcccttttgg aaggcagcat 720
ttgcagactc cagcgggcag caccctcctg acgcctgcgc ctttcgtcgc ggccgcaaga 780
aacgcattcc gtacagcaag gggcagttgc gggagctgga gcgggagtat gcggctaaca 840
agttcatcac caaggacaag aggcgcaaga tctcggcagc caccagcctc tcggagcgcc 900
agattacatc ctggtttcag aaccgcccgg tcaaagagaa gaaggttctc gccaaagtga 960
agaacagcgc tacccttaa gagatctcct tgcctgggtg ggaggagcga aagtgggggt 1020
gtcctgggga gaccaggaac ctgccaagcc caggctgggg ccaaggactc tgctgagagg 1080
cccctagaga caacaccctt cccaggccac tggctgctgg actgttctc aggagcggcc 1140
tgggtaccca gtatgtgcag ggagacggaa ccccatgtga cagccactc caccaggggt 1200
cccaaagaac ctggcccagt cataatcatt catcctgaca gtggcaataa tcacgataac 1260
cagtactagc tgccatgac gttagcctca tattttctat ctagagctct gtagagcact 1320
ttagaaaccg ctttcatgaa ttgagctaata tatgaataaa tttggaaggc gatcccttg 1380
cagggaaagt tctctcaga ccccttcca ttacacctc caccctggta acagcaggaa 1440
gactgaggag aggggaacgg gcagattcgt tgtgtggctg tgatgtccgt ttagcatttt 1500
tctcagctga cagctgggta ggtggacaat tgtagaggct gtctcttct cctccttgt 1560
ccacccata ggggtgtacc actggtcttg gaagcaccca tccttaatac gatgattttt 1620
ctgtcgtgtg aaaatgaagc cagcaggctg cccctagtca gtccctcctt ccagagaaaa 1680
agagatttga gaaagtgcct gggtaattca ccattaattt cctcccccac actctctgag 1740
tcttccctta atatttctgg tggttctgac caaagcagg catggtttgt tgagcatttg 1800
ggatcccagt gaagtagatg tttgtagcct tgcatactta gcccttcca ggcaaaacg 1860
gagtggcaga gtgggtgcaa cctgttttcc cagtcacac tagacagatt cacagtgcg 1920
aattctggaa gctggagaca gacgggctct ttgcagagcc gggactctga gagggacatg 1980
agggcctctg cctctgtgtt cattctctga tgtcctgtac ctgggctcag tgcccgttg 2040
gactcatctc ctggccgcgc agcaaagcca gcgggttcgt gctggctcct cctgcacctt 2100
aggctggggg tggggggcct gccggcgcat tctccacgat tgagcgaca ggctgaagt 2160
ctggacaacc cgcagaaccg aagctccgag cagcgggtcg gtggcgagta gtggggtcgg 2220
tggcgagcag ttggtggtgg gccggcgccg ccactacctc gaggacattt cctcccga 2280
gccagctctc ctagaaaccc cgcggcgccg gccgcagcca agtgtttatg gcccgcggtc 2340
gggtgggac ctagccctgt ctcctctcct gggaaggagt gagggtggga cgtgacttag 2400
acacctaaa atctatttac caaagaggag cccgggactg agggaaaagg ccaaagagt 2460
tgagtgcag cggactgggg gttcagggga agaggacgag gaggaggaag atgaggtcga 2520
tttctgatt taaaaaatcg tccaagcccc gtggtccagc ttaaggtcct cggttacatg 2580
cgccgctcag agcaggctac tttctgcctt ccacgtcct cttcaaggaa gcccatgtg 2640
ggtagctttt aatatcgag gttcttact ctcctgcctt ataagctcaa accaccaac 2700
gatcgggcaa gtaaaccccc tccctcgccg acttcggaac tggcgagagt tcagcgaga 2760
tgggcctgtg gggagggggc aagatagatg agggggagcg gcatggtgcg ggggtacccc 2820
ttggagagag gaaaaaggcc acaagagggg ctgccaccgc cactaacgga gatggccctg 2880
gtagagacct ttgggggtct ggaacctctg gactccccat gctctaact ccacactctg 2940
ctatcagaaa cttaaacttg aggattttct ctgtttttca ctcgcaataa aytcagagca 3000
aacaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaactcgag 3030

```

&lt;210&gt; 334

&lt;211&gt; 2417

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 334

```

ggcggccgct ctgagctag tgggatcccc cgggctgcac gaattcggca cgagtgaagt 60
ggagttttac ctgtattgtt ttaatttcaa caagcctgag gactagccac aaatgtaccc 120
agtttacaaa tgaggaaaca ggtgcaaaaa ggttggtacc tgtcaaaggc cgtatgtggc 180
agagccaaga tttgagccca gttatgtctg atgaacttag cctatgctct ttaaacttct 240
gaatgctgac cattgaggat atctaaactt agatcaattg cattttccct ccaagactat 300

```

ttactttatca	atacaataat	accaccttta	ccaatctatt	gttttgatac	gagactcaaa	360
tatgccagat	atatgtaaaa	gcaacctaca	agctctctaa	tcatgctcac	ctaaaagatt	420
cccgggatct	aataggctca	aagaaacttc	ttctagaaat	ataaaagaga	aaattggatt	480
atgcaaaaat	tcattattaa	tttttttcat	ccatccttta	attcagcaaa	catttatctg	540
ttgttgactt	tatgcagtat	ggccttttaa	ggattggggg	acaggtgaag	aacgggggtgc	600
cagaatgcat	cctcctacta	atgaggtcag	tacacatttg	cattttaaaa	tgccctgtcc	660
agctgggcat	ggtggatcat	gcctgtaatc	tcaacatttg	aaggccaagg	caggaggatt	720
gcttcagccc	aggagttaa	gaccagcctg	ggcaacatag	aaagaccca	tctctcaatc	780
aatcaatcaa	tgccctgtct	ttgaaaataa	aactccttaa	gaaaggttta	atgggcaggg	840
tgtggtagct	cctgcctata	atacagcact	ttgggaggct	gaggcaggag	gatcacttta	900
gccagaaagt	tcaagaccag	cctgggcaac	aagtgcacc	tcctctcaat	tttttaataa	960
aatgaataca	tacataagga	aagataaaaa	gaaaagttta	atgaaagaat	acagtataaa	1020
acaaatctct	tggacctaaa	agtatttttg	ttcaagccaa	atattgtgaa	tcacctctct	1080
gtgttgagga	tacagaatat	ctaagcccag	gaaactgagc	agaaagtcca	tgtactaact	1140
aatcaacccg	aggcaaggca	aaaatgagac	taactaatca	atccgaggca	aggggcaaat	1200
tagacggaac	ctgactctgg	tctattaagc	gacaactttc	cctctgttgt	atttttcttt	1260
tattcaatgt	aaaaggataa	aaactctcta	aaactaaaaa	caatgtttgt	caggagttac	1320
aaaccatgac	caactaatta	tggggaatca	taaaatatga	ctgtatgaga	tcttgatggt	1380
ttacaaaagt	taccactgt	taatcacttt	aaacattaat	gaacttaaaa	atgaatttac	1440
ggagattgga	atgtttcttt	cctgttgtat	tagttggctc	aggctgccat	aacaaaatac	1500
cacagactgg	gaggcttaag	taacagaaat	tcatttctca	cagttctggg	ggctggaagt	1560
ccacgatcaa	ggtgcaggaa	aggcaggctt	cattctgagg	cccctctctt	ggctcacatg	1620
tggccaccct	cccactgcgt	gctcacatga	cctctttgtg	ctcctggaaa	gagggtgtgg	1680
gggacagagg	gaaagagaag	gagagggaac	tctctgggtg	ctcgtctttc	aaggacccta	1740
acctgggcca	ctttggccca	ggcactgtgg	ggtggggggt	tgtggctgct	ctgctctgag	1800
tggccaagat	aaagcaacag	aaaaatgtcc	aaagctgtgc	agcaaagaca	agccaccgaa	1860
cagggatctg	ctcatcagtg	tggggacctc	caagtcggcc	accctggagg	caagcccca	1920
cagagcccat	gcaaggtggc	agcagcagaa	gaagggaatt	gtccctgtcc	ttggcacatt	1980
cctcaccgac	ctggtgatgc	tggacactgc	gatgaatggt	aatgtggatg	agaatatgat	2040
ggactcccag	aaaaggagac	ccagctgctc	aggtggctgc	aaatcattac	agccttcac	2100
ctggggagga	actgggggccc	tggttctggg	tcagagagca	gcccagtgag	ggtgagagct	2160
acagcctgtc	ctgccagctg	gatccccagt	cccggccaac	cagtaatcaa	ggctgagcag	2220
atcaggcttc	ccggagctgg	tcttgggaag	ccagccctgg	ggtgagttgg	ctcctgctgt	2280
ggtactgaga	caatattgtc	ataaattcaa	tgcgcccttg	tatccctttt	tcttttttat	2340
ctgtctacat	ctataatcac	tatgcatact	agtctttgtt	agtgtttcta	ttcmacttaa	2400
tagagatatg	ttatact					2417

&lt;210&gt; 335

&lt;211&gt; 2984

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 335

atccctcctt	ccccactctc	ctttccagaa	ggcacttggg	gtcttatctg	ttggactctg	60
aaaacacttc	agggcgccctt	ccaaggcttc	cccaaaccct	taagcagccg	cagaagcgct	120
cccagactgc	cttctccac	actcaggtga	tcgagttgga	gaggaagttc	agccatcaga	180
agtacctgtc	ggccccctgaa	cgggcccacc	tggccaagaa	cctcaagctc	acggagaccc	240
aagtgaagat	atggtttccag	aacagacgct	ataagactaa	gcgaaagcag	ctctcctcgg	300
agctgggaga	cttgagagaag	cactcctctt	tgccggccct	gaaagaggag	gccttctccc	360
gggcctccct	ggtctccgtg	tataacagct	atccttacta	cccatacctg	tactgctggtg	420
gcagctggag	cccagctttt	tggtaatgcc	agctcaggtg	acaaccatta	tgatcaaaaa	480
ctgccttccc	cagggtgtct	ctatgaaaag	cacaaggggc	caaggtcagg	gagcaagagg	540
tgtgcacacc	aaagctattg	gagatttgctg	tggaaatctc	asattcttca	ctggtgagac	600
aatgaaacaa	cagagacagt	gaaagtttta	atacctaagt	cattcccca	gtgcatactg	660
taggtcattt	tttttgcttc	tggctacctg	tttgaagggg	agagagggaa	aatcaagtgg	720

```

tattttccag cactttgtat gattttggat gagctgtaca cccaaggatt ctgttctgca 780
actccatcct cctgtgtcac tgaatatcaa ctctgaaaga gcaaacctaa caggagaaaag 840
gacaaccagg atgaggatgt caccaactga attaaactta agtccagaag cctcctgttg 900
gccttggaat atggccaagg ctctctctgt ccctgtaaaa gagaggggca aatagagagt 960
ctccaagaga acgccctcat gctcagcaca tatttgcatt ggagggggag atgggtggga 1020
ggagatgaaa atatcagctt ttcttattcc tttttattcc ttttaaaatg gtatgccaac 1080
ttaagtattt acaggggtggc ccaaatagaa caagatgcac tcgctgtgat ttttaagacaa 1140
gctgtataaa cagaactcca ctgcaagagg gggggccggg ccaggagaat ctccgcttgt 1200
ccaagacagg ggcctaagga gggctctccac actgctgcta ggggctgttg catttttta 1260
ttagtagaaa gtggaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttgggctgga gaatttagaa 1320
tcagaagttt cctggagttt tcaggtatc atataactg tatcctgaaa ggcaacataa 1380
ttcttctctc cctcctttta aaattttgtg ttctttttg cagcaattac tactaaagg 1440
gcttcatttt agtccagatt tttagtctgg ctgcacctaa cttatgcctc gcttatttag 1500
cccagatctt ggtctttttt tttttttttt tttttccgtc tccccaaagc tttatctgtc 1560
ttgacttttt aaaaaagttt gggggcagat tctgaattgg ctaaaagaca tgcattttta 1620
aaactagcaa ctcttatttc tttcctttta aaatacatag cattaaatcc caaatcctat 1680
ttaaagacct gacagcttga gaaggctact actgcattta taggaccttc tgggtggtct 1740
gctgttacgt ttgaagtctg acaatccttg agaactcttg catgcagagg aggttaagg 1800
tattggattt tcacagagga agaacacagc gcagaatgaa gggccaggct tactgagctg 1860
tccagtggag ggctcatggg tgggacatgg aaaagaaggc agcctaggcc ctggggagcc 1920
cagtccactg agcaagcaag ggactgagtg agccttttgc aggaaaaggc taagaaaaag 1980
gaaaaccatt ctaaaacaca acaagaaact gtccaaatgc tttgggaact gtgtttattg 2040
cctataatgg gtcccaaaaa tgggtaacct agacttcaga gagaatgagc agagagcaaa 2100
ggagaaatct ggctgtcctt ccattttcat tctgttatct caggtagact ggtagagggg 2160
agacattaga aaaaaatgaa acaacaaaac aattactaat gaggtacgct gaggcctggg 2220
agtctcttga ctccactact taattccgtt tagtgagaaa cctttcaatt ttcttttatt 2280
agaagggcca gcttactgtt ggtggcaaaa ttgccaacat aagttaatag aaagtgggcc 2340
aatttcaccc cattttctgt ggtttgggct ccacattgca atgttcaatg ccacgtgctg 2400
ctgacaccga cggagtgact agccagcaca aaaggcaggg tagcctgaat tgctttctgc 2460
tctttacatt tcttttaaaa taagcattta gtgctcagtc cctactgagt actctttctc 2520
tcccctctc tgaatttaat tctttcaact tgcaatttgc aaggattaca catttctctg 2580
tgatgtatat tgtgttgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aagtgtcttt gtttaaaatt acttggtttg 2640
tgaatccatc ttgttttttc ccatttgga ctagtcatta acccatctct gaactggtag 2700
aaaaacatct gaagagctag tctatcagca tctgacaggt gaattggatg gttctcagaa 2760
ccatttcacc cagacagcct gtttctatcc tgtttaataa attagtttgg gttctctaca 2820
tgcataacaa accctgtctc aatctgtcac ataaaagtct gtgactrgaa gtttagtcag 2880
cacccccacc aaactttatt tttctatgtg ttttttgcaa catatgagtg ttttgaaaat 2940
aaagtaccca tgtctttatt agaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 2984

```

&lt;210&gt; 336

&lt;211&gt; 147

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 336

```

Pro Ser Phe Pro Thr Leu Leu Ser Arg Arg His Leu Gly Ser Tyr Leu
1           5           10          15
Leu Asp Ser Glu Asn Thr Ser Gly Ala Leu Pro Arg Leu Pro Gln Thr
20          25          30
Pro Lys Gln Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
35          40          45
Val Ile Glu Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
50          55          60
Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
65          70          75          80

```

Val Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln  
                             85                            90                            95  
 Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Gly Asp Leu Glu Lys His Ser Ser Leu Pro Ala  
                             100                            105                            110  
 Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn  
                             115                            120                            125  
 Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Val Gly Ser Trp Ser Pro  
                             130                            135                            140  
 Ala Phe Trp  
 145

<210> 337  
 <211> 9  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 337  
 Ala Leu Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala  
   1                            5

<210> 338  
 <211> 9  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 338  
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile  
   1                            5

<210> 339  
 <211> 318  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 339  
 Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu  
   1                            5                            10                            15  
 Leu Tyr Met Ala Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val  
                             20                            25                            30  
 Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly  
                             35                            40                            45  
 Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg  
                             50                            55                            60  
 Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu  
   65                            70                            75                            80  
 Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val  
                             85                            90                            95  
 Arg Lys Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys  
                             100                            105                            110  
 Gly Phe Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala  
                             115                            120                            125  
 Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met  
                             130                            135                            140  
 His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu

145                      150                      155                      160  
 Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg Ile Val Asn Val Ser  
                                  165                      170                      175  
 Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly  
                                  180                      185                      190  
 Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala  
                                  195                      200                      205  
 Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly  
                                  210                      215                      220  
 Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser Val His Pro Gly Thr Val Gln Ser Glu Leu Val  
 225                                   230                                   235                                   240  
 Arg His Ser Ser Phe Met Arg Trp Met Trp Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe Phe  
                                  245                                   250                                   255  
 Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu  
                                  260                                   265                                   270  
 Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His  
                                  275                                   280                                   285  
 Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg  
                                  290                                   295                                   300  
 Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp  
 305                                   310                                   315

<210> 340  
 <211> 483  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 340  
 gccgaggtct gccttcacac ggaggacacg agactgcttc ctcaagggct cctgcctgcc 60  
 tggacactgg tgggagggcg tgttttagttg gctgttttca gaggggtctt tcggagggac 120  
 ctctgtctgc aggtctggagt gtctttattc ctggcgggag accgcacatt ccactgctga 180  
 ggttggtggg gcggtttatc aggcagtgat aaacataaga tgtcatttcc ttgactccgg 240  
 ccttcaattt tctctttggc tgacgacgga gtccgtggtg tcccgatgta actgacccct 300  
 gctccaaacg tgacatcact gatgctcttc tcgggggtgc tgatggcccg cttggtcacg 360  
 tgctcaatct cgccattcga ctcttgctcc aaactgtatg aagacacctg actgcacgtt 420  
 ttttctgggc ttccagaatt taaagtgaag ggcagcactc ctaagctccg actccgatgc 480  
 ctg 483

<210> 341  
 <211> 344  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 341  
 ctgctgctga gtcacagatt tcattataaa tagcctccct aaggaaaata cactgaatgc 60  
 tatttttact aaccattcta tttttataga aatagctgag agtttctaaa ccaactctct 120  
 gctgccttac aagtattaaa tattttactt ctttccataa agagtagctc aaaatatgca 180  
 attaatttaa taatttctga tgatggtttt atctgcagta atatgtatat catctattag 240  
 aatttactta atgaaaaact gaagagaaca aaatttgtaa ccactagcac ttaagtactc 300  
 ctgattctta acattgtctt taatgaccac aagacaacca acag 344

<210> 342  
 <211> 592  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 342

acagcaaaaa	agaaactgag	aagcccaaty	tgctttcttg	ttaacatcca	cttatccaac	60
caatgtggaa	acttcttata	cttggttcca	ttatgaagt	ggacaattgc	tgctatcaca	120
cctggcaggt	aaaccaatgc	caagagagtg	atggaaacca	ttggcaagac	tttgttgatg	180
accaggattg	gaattttata	aaaatattgt	tgatgggaag	ttgctaaagg	gtgaattact	240
tccctcagaa	gagtgtaaag	aaaagtcaga	gatgctataa	tagcagctat	tttaattggc	300
aagtgccact	gtggaaagag	ttcctgtgtg	tgctgaagtt	ctgaagggca	gtcaaattca	360
tcagcatggg	ctgtttgggtg	caaagcaaaa	agcacaggtc	tttttagcat	gctgggtctct	420
cccgtgtcct	tatgcaaata	atcgtcttct	tctaaatttc	tcctaggctt	cattttccaa	480
agttcttctt	ggtttgtgat	gtcttttctg	ctttccatta	attctataaa	atagtatggc	540
ttcagccacc	cactcttcgc	cttagcttga	ccgtgagctc	cggctgccgc	tg	592

&lt;210&gt; 343

&lt;211&gt; 382

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 343

ttcttgacct	cctcctcctt	caagctcaaa	caccacctcc	cttattcagg	accggcactt	60
cttaatgttt	gtggctttct	ctccagcctc	tcttaggagg	ggtaatgggtg	gagttggcat	120
cttgtaactc	tcctttctcc	tttcttcccc	tttctctgcc	cgcttttccc	atctgtctgt	180
agactttctt	attgtcagtc	tgtgtcacat	ccagtgattg	ttttggtttc	tgttcccttt	240
ctgactgccc	aagggggtca	gaacccccagc	aatcccttcc	tttactacc	ttcttttttg	300
ggggtagttg	gaagggactg	aaattgtggg	gggaaggtag	gaggcacatc	aataaagagg	360
aaaccaccaa	gctgaaaaaa	aa				382

&lt;210&gt; 344

&lt;211&gt; 536

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 344

ctgggcctga	agctgtaggg	taaatcagag	gcaggcttct	gagtgatgag	agtcctgaga	60
caataggcca	cataaacttg	gctggatgga	acctcacaat	aagggtgggtca	cctcttgttt	120
gttttagggg	atgccaagga	taaggccagc	tcagttatat	gaagagaagc	agaacaaaca	180
agtctttcag	agaaatggat	gcaatcagag	tgggatcccc	gtcacatcaa	ggtcacactc	240
caccttcatt	tgcttgaatg	gttgccaggt	cagaaaaatc	caccttctac	gagtgcggct	300
tcgaccctat	atcccccgcc	cgcgtccctt	tctccataaa	attcttctta	gtagctatta	360
ccttcttatt	atttgatcta	gaaattgccc	tccttttacc	cctaccatga	gccctacaaa	420
caactaacct	gccactaata	gttatgtcat	ccctcttatt	aatcatcatc	ctagccctaa	480
gtctggccta	tgagtgacta	caaaaaggat	tagactgagc	cgaataacaa	aaaaaa	536

&lt;210&gt; 345

&lt;211&gt; 251

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 345

accttttgag	gtctctctca	ccacctccac	agccaccgtc	accgtgggat	gtgctggatg	60
tgaatgaagc	ccccatcttt	gtgcctcctg	aaaagagagt	ggaagtgtcc	gaggactttg	120
gcgtgggcca	ggaaatcaca	tcctacactg	cccaggagcc	agacacattt	atggaacaga	180
aaataacata	tcggatttgg	agagacactg	ccaactggct	ggagattaat	ccggacactg	240
gtgccatttc	c					251



<210> 346  
 <211> 282  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(282)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346  
 cgcgtctctg acactgtgat catgacaggg gttcaaacag aaagtgcctg ggccctcctt 60  
 ctaagtcttg ttaccaaaaa aaggaaaaag aaaagatctt ctcagttaca aattctggga 120  
 agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagaggtct tccctcccgc accaaaaaat 180  
 agaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccaggt agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240  
 ggtctcattt cccaaggtgc cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

<210> 347  
 <211> 201  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(201)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347  
 acacacataa tattataaaa tgccatctaa ttggaaggag ctttctatca ttgcaagtca 60  
 taaatataac ttttaaaaana ntactancag cttttaccta ngctccataa tgcttgtaaa 120  
 tctgagactg actggaccca cccagaccca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180  
 tataaagaat ttttttttgt c 201

<210> 348  
 <211> 251  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348  
 ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcataccttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60  
 agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgcccttg ggcaggcaga 120  
 aggagacact cccagcatgg aggagggttt atcttttcat cctaggtcag gtctacaatg 180  
 ggggaagggt ttattataga actccaaca gccacactca ctctgccac ccacccgatg 240  
 gccctgcctc c 251

<210> 349  
 <211> 251  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349  
 taaaaatcaa gccatttaat tgtatctttg aaggtaaaca atatatggga gctggatcac 60  
 aacccctgag gatgccagag ctatgggtcc agaacatggg gtggtattat caacagagtt 120  
 cagaagggtc tgaactctac gtgttaccag agaacataat gcaattcatg cattccactt 180  
 agcaattttg taaaatacca gaaacagacc ccaagagtct ttcaagatga ggaaaattca 240

actcctgggtt t

251

&lt;210&gt; 350

&lt;211&gt; 908

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 350

ctggacactt	tgcgagggct	tttgctggct	gctgctgctg	cccgtcatgc	tactcatcgt	60
agcccccccg	gtgaagctcg	ctgctttccc	tacctcctta	agtgactgcc	aaacgcccac	120
cggctggaat	tgctctgggt	atgatgacag	agaaaatgat	ctcttcctct	gtgacaccaa	180
cacctgtaaa	tttgatgggg	aatgtttaag	aattggagac	actgtgactt	gcgtctgtca	240
gttcaagtgc	aacaatgact	atgtgcctgt	gtgtggctcc	aatggggaga	gctaccagaa	300
tgagtgttac	ctgcgacagg	ctgcatgcaa	acagcagagt	gagatacttg	tggtgtcaga	360
aggatcatgt	gccacagtcc	atgaaggctc	tggagaaact	agtcaaaagg	agacatccac	420
ctgtgatatt	tgccagtttg	gtgcagaatg	tgacgaagat	gccgaggatg	tctggtgtgt	480
gtgtaattatt	gactgtttct	aaaccaactt	caatccccct	tgcgtttctg	atgggaaatc	540
ttatgataat	gcatgccaaa	tcaaagaagc	atcgtgtcag	aaacaggaga	aaattgaagt	600
catgtctttg	ggtcgatgtc	aagataaacac	aactacaact	actaagtctg	aagatgggca	660
ttatgcaaga	acagattatg	cagagaatgc	taacaaatta	gaagaaagtg	ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct	tgtccggaac	attacaatgg	cttctgcatg	catgggaagt	gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgcagggt	tgatgctggt	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggctct	gtacgatttc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgacg						908

&lt;210&gt; 351

&lt;211&gt; 472

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 351

ccagttatatt	gcaagtggta	agagcctatt	taccataaat	aatactaaga	accaactcaa	60
gtcaaacctt	aatgccattg	ttattgtgaa	ttaggattaa	gtagtaattt	tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg	attttaaaat	cagwtttgyg	agtcattttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctgtt	tttctaaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaactgtt	240
atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgccct	tcaccatgct	ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaacctaa	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata	tttaggggaag	atgttgcttt	gccacacac	gaagcaaagt	aa	472

&lt;210&gt; 352

&lt;211&gt; 251

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 352

ctcaaagcta	atctctcggg	aatcaaacca	gaaaagggca	aggatcttag	gcatgggtgga	60
tgtggataag	gccagggtcaa	tggctgcaag	catgcagaga	aagaggtaca	tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaaccca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaate	ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

&lt;210&gt; 353

&lt;211&gt; 436

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 353

tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttacaa caatgcagtc atttatattat tgagtatgtg	60
cacattatgg tattattact atactgatta tttttatcat gtgacttcta attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa gcaaaacagc agatatacaa aattaaagag acagaagata gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa cttatacatt gacaatccaa atccaatata tttaaacatt tgggaaatga	240
ggggggacaaa tggaagccar atcaaatttg tgtaaaacta ttcagtatgt ttccttctgct	300
tcattgtctga raaggctctc ccttcaatgg ggatgacaaa ctccaaatgc cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat actagattca cactggaacg ggggtaaaaga agaaattatt ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa tgtagt	436

&lt;210&gt; 354

&lt;211&gt; 854

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 354

ccttttctag ttcaccagtt ttctgcaagg atgctgggta gggagtgtct gcaggaggag	60
caagtctgaa accaaatcta ggaacatag gaaacgagcc aggcacaggg ctgggtgggcc	120
atcagggacc accctttggg ttgatatttt gcttaatctg catcttttga gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag aagctgttct ccaggtagat ttctctagct catgtacaaa aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt caggtgcctt gctaaaagcc agatgcgttc ggcacttcct tggctgagg	300
ttaattgcac acctacaggc actgggctca tgctttcaag tatcttctgct tcaacttagg	360
gtgagtgaat gatccccatt ataggagcac ttgggagaga tcatataaaa gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc agtaatgggg tagatgtgtg ttggtgtgtct tcattcctgc aagggtgctt	480
gttagggagt gtttccagga ggaacaagtc tgaaaccaat catgaaataa atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa aactaattca aaagagagat cgtgatatca gtgtgggtga tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa ggctctaatt tgcccatatt tgaaataata attcagcttt ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa ggattgagaa tcatgggtgc taatgtataa aagacccagg aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg cataaatgta aaatgcatgt gacccaagaa ggccccaag tggcagacaa	780
cattgtaccc attttccctt ccaaaatgtg agcggcgggc ctgctgcttt caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg tcag	854

&lt;210&gt; 355

&lt;211&gt; 676

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 355

gaaattaagt atgagctaaa ttcctgttta aaacctctag gggtgacaga tctcttcaac	60
caggtcaaaag ctgatctttc tggaatgtca ccaaccaagg gcctatatatt atcaaaaagcc	120
atccacaagt catacctgga tgtcagcgaa gagggcacgg aggcagcagc agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg ctgtaaaaag cctaccaatg agagctcagt tcaaggcgaa ccacctctt	240
ctgttcttta taaggcacac tcataccaac acgatccctat tctgtggcaa gcttgccctt	300
ccctaattcag atgggggtga gtaaggctca gagtgcaga tgagggtgcag agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc cacggccaaa aagctgttca cacctcacgc acctctgtgc ctgagtttgc	420
tcattctgaa aataggtcta ggatttcttc caacctttc atgagttgtg aagctaaggc	480
tttgtaatc atggaaaaag gtagacttat gcagaaagcc tttctggctt tcttatctgt	540
ggtgtctcat ttgagtgtg tccagtgaac tgatcaagtc aatgagtaaa attttaaggg	600
attagatttt ctgacttgt atgtatctgt gagatcttga ataagtgacc tgacatctct	660
gcttaaaagaa aaccag	676

&lt;210&gt; 356

&lt;211&gt; 574

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 356

tttttttttt	tttttcagga	aaacattctc	ttactttatt	tgcattctcag	caaaggttct	60
catgtggcac	ctgactggca	tcaaaccaaa	gttcgtaggc	caacaaagat	gggccactca	120
caagcttccc	attttagat	ctcagtgcct	atgagtatct	gacacctgtt	cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg	gaggcttaaa	tctgtctcag	gtgtgctaag	agtgccagcc	caaggkgttc	240
aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtgc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acaggggaagg	420
agatacaagc	tcgtttacat	gtgatagatc	taacaaaggc	atctaccgaa	gtctggtctg	480
gatagacggc	acagggagct	cttaggtcag	cgctgctggg	tggaggacat	tcctgagtcc	540
agctttgcag	cctttgtgca	acagtacttt	ccca			574

&lt;210&gt; 357

&lt;211&gt; 393

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 357

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tcactgkact	60
taatattgkg	kcttggtcac	tatacttaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaaccctt	aaatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa	ttattccagt	ttttttaaaa	cttaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaara	240
araarataag	tggttatatg	aaagaagggc	attcaagcac	actaaaraaa	cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

&lt;210&gt; 358

&lt;211&gt; 630

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 358

acagggtaaa	caggaggatc	cttgctctca	cggagcttac	attctagcag	gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta	taggaaaatg	atgagtttat	gacaaaggaa	gtagatagtg	ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta	gggaagctaa	tccagcacag	ggaggtcaca	gagacatccc	taaggaagtg	180
gagtttaaac	tgagagaagc	aagtgcctaa	actgaaggat	gtgttgaaga	agaagggaga	240
gtagaacaat	ttgggcagag	ggaaccttat	agaccctaag	gtgggaagg	tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc	tagaacagct	ggagccgttc	tccggtgtaa	agaggagtca	aagagataag	360
attaaagatg	tgaagattaa	gatcttggtg	gcattcaggg	attggcactt	ctacaagaaa	420
tcactgaagg	gagtaatgtg	acattacttt	tcatttcagg	atggccattc	taactccagg	480
gggtagactg	gactaggtaa	gactggaggc	aggtagacct	cttctaaggc	ctgcgatagt	540
gaaagacaaa	aataagtggg	gaaattcagg	ggatagtga	aatcagtagg	acttaatgag	600
caagccagag	gttcctccac	aacaaccagt				630

&lt;210&gt; 359

&lt;211&gt; 620

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 359

acagcattcc	aaaatatata	tctagagact	aarrgtaaat	gctctatagt	gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa	atgctactaa	tatagaaaat	ttataatcag	aaaaataaat	attcagggag	120

ctcaccagaa	gaataaagtg	ctctgccagt	tattaaagga	ttactgctgg	tgaattaaat	180
atggcattcc	ccaagggaaa	tagagagatt	cttctggatt	atgttcaata	tttatttcac	240
aggattaact	gttttaggaa	cagatataaa	gcttcgccac	ggaagagatg	gacaaagcac	300
aaagacaaca	tgatacctta	ggaagcaaca	ctaccctttc	aggcataaaa	tttgagaaa	360
tgcaacatta	tgcttcatga	ataatatgta	gaaagaagg	ctgatgaaa	tgacatcctt	420
aatgtaagat	aactttataa	gaattctggg	tcaaataaaa	ttctttgaag	aaaacatcca	480
aatgtcattg	acttatcaaa	tactatcttg	gcataatacc	tatgaaggca	aaactaaaca	540
aacaaaaagc	tcacaccaa	caaaaccatc	aacttatttt	gtattctata	acatacgaga	600
ctgtaaagat	gtgacagtgt					620

&lt;210&gt; 360

&lt;211&gt; 431

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 360

aaaaaaaaa	agccagaaca	acatgtgata	gataatatga	ttggctgcac	acttccagac	60
tgatgaatga	tgaacgtgat	ggactattgt	atggagcaca	tcttcagcaa	gagggggaaa	120
tactcatcat	ttttggccag	cagttgtttg	atcaccaaac	atcatgccag	aatactcagc	180
aaaccttctt	agctcttgag	aagtcaaagt	ccgggggaat	ttattcctgg	caattttaat	240
tggactcctt	atgtgagagc	agcggctacc	cagctggggt	ggtggagcga	accgcgcact	300
agtggacatg	cagtggcaga	gctcctggta	accacctaga	ggaatacaca	ggcacatgtg	360
tgatgccaag	cgtgacacct	gtagcactca	aatttgtctt	gtttttgtct	ttcgggtgtg	420
agattcttag	t					431

&lt;210&gt; 361

&lt;211&gt; 351

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 361

acactgattt	ccgatcaaaa	gaatcatcat	ctttaccttg	acttttcagg	gaattactga	60
actttcttct	cagaagatag	ggcacagcca	ttgccttggc	ctcacttgaa	gggtctgcat	120
ttgggtctct	tgggtctctg	ccaagtttcc	cagccactcg	agggagaaat	atcgggaggt	180
ttgacttcct	ccggggcttt	cccaggggct	tcaccgtgag	ccctgcggcc	ctcagggctg	240
caatcctgga	ttcaatgtct	gaaacctcgc	tctctgcctg	ctggacttct	gaggccgtca	300
ctgccactct	gtcctccagc	tctgacagct	cctcatctgt	ggtcctgttg	t	351

&lt;210&gt; 362

&lt;211&gt; 463

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 362

acttcatcag	gccataatgg	gtgcctcccg	tgagaatcca	agcacctttg	gactgcgcga	60
tgtagatgag	ccggctgaag	atcttgcgca	tgcgcggctt	cagggcgaag	ttcttggcgc	120
ccccggctac	agaaatgacc	aggttgggtg	ttttcagggtg	ccagtgtctg	gtcagcagct	180
cgtaaaggat	ttccgcgtcc	gtgtcgcagg	acagacgtat	atactccct	ttcttcccca	240
gtgtctcaaa	ctgaatatcc	ccaaaggcgt	cggtaggaaa	ttccttgggtg	tggttcttgt	300
agttccattt	ctcacttttg	ttgatctggg	tgccttccat	gtgctggctc	tgggcatagc	360
cacacttgca	cacattctcc	ctgataagca	cgatgggtgtg	gacaggaagg	aaggatttca	420
ttgagcctgc	ttatggaaac	tggtattgtt	agcttaata	gac		463

&lt;210&gt; 363

&lt;211&gt; 653

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(653)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 363

```

acccccgagt ncctgnctgg catactgnga acgaccaacg acacacccaa gctcggcctc      60
ctcttgngga ttctgggtga catcttcatg aatggcaacc gtgccagwga ggctgtcctc      120
tgaggaggcac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt cctgggggtga gacatcctct ccttggagat      180
ctaacgaaac ttctcaccta tgagttgtaa agcagaaata cctgnactac agacgagtgc      240
ccaacagcaa ccccccgaa gtatgagttc ctctrgggcc tccgttccta ccatgagasc      300
tagcaagatg naagtgttga gantcattgc agaggttcag aaaagagacc cntcgtgact      360
ggtctgcaca gttcatggag gctgcagatg aggccttggg tgctctggat gctgctgcag      420
ctgaggccga agcccgggct gaagcaagaa cccgcctggg aattggagat gaggctgtgt      480
ntgggccctg gagctgggat gacattgagt ttgagctgct gacctgggat gaggaaggag      540
atcttgagga tccttggtcc agaattccat ttaccttctg ggccagatac caccagaatg      600
cccgctccag attccctcag acctttgccg gtcccattat tggctctggt ggt          653

```

&lt;210&gt; 364

&lt;211&gt; 401

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 364

```

actagaggaa agacgttaaa ccactctact accacttgtg gaactctcaa agggtaaattg      60
acaaagccaa tgaatgactc taaaaacaat atttacattt aatggtttgt agacaataaa      120
aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga      180
tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata      240
catttcacac cttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggcactccat aaaatgtatc      300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac      360
aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g          401

```

&lt;210&gt; 365

&lt;211&gt; 356

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 365

```

ccagtgtcat atttgggctt aaaatttcaa gaagggcact tcaaattggct ttgcatttgc      60
atgtttcagt gctagagcgt aggaatagac cctggcgctc actgtgagat gttcttcagc      120
taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggtc attcttgggt aaagaaatga cttccacaaa      180
ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttcg gcatcatctc cgtaaatggt      240
gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga      300
acattcggca atgtccctt tgtagccagt ttcttcttcg agctcccgga gagcag          356

```

&lt;210&gt; 366

&lt;211&gt; 1851

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 366

```

tcataccat tgccagcagc ggcaccgtta gtcaggtttt ctgggaatcc cacatgagta      60

```

```

cttccgtgtt cttcattctt cttcaatagc cataaatctt ctagctctgg ctggctgttt 120
tcacttcctt taagcctttg tgactcttcc tctgatgtca gctttaagtc ttgttctgga 180
ttgctgtttt cagaagagat ttttaacatc tgtttttctt tgtagtcaga aagtaactgg 240
caaattacat gatgatgact agaaacagca tactctctgg ccgtctttcc agatcttgag 300
aagatacatc aacattttgc tcaagtagag ggctgactat acttgctgat ccacaacata 360
cagcaagtat gagagcagtt cttccatata tatccagcgc atttaaattc gcttttttct 420
tgattaaaaa tttcaccact tgctgttttt gctcatgtat accaagtagc agtgggtgtga 480
ggccatgctt gttttttgat tcatatcag caccgtataa gagcagtgtt ttggccatta 540
atztatcttc attgtagaca gcatagtgtg gagtgggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat 600
ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta acgcacattc atcttcttgg cattgtacgg 660
cctttgtcag agctgtcctc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagttgacat cgtctgtcca 720
gcacgagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga gcagtcctct 780
tttgcctgtc cctctgttcc acatccgtgt ccttgagcat gacgatgaga tcttttctgg 840
ggactttacc ccaccaggca gctctgtgga gcttgtccag atcttctcca tggacgtggt 900
acctgggacg catgaaggcg ctgtcatcgt agtctcccca agcgaccacg ttgctcttgc 960
cgctcccctg cagcagggga agcagtggca gcaccacttg cacctcttgc tcccaagcgt 1020
cttcacagag gagtctgtgt ggtctccaga agtgcccacg ttgctcttgc cgctcccctt 1080
gtccatccag ggaggaagaa atgcaggaaa tgaaagatgc atgcacgatg gtatactcct 1140
cagccatcaa acttctggac agcaggtcac tttccagcaag gtggagaaaag ctgtccacc 1200
acagaggatg agatccagaa accacaatat ccattcacia acaaacactt ttcagccaga 1260
cacaggtact gaaatcatgt catctgcygc aacatgggtg aacctaccca atcacacatc 1320
aagagatgaa gacactgcag tatatctgca caacgtataa ctcttcatcc ataacaaaat 1380
aatataatth tctcttgag ccataatggat gaactatgaa ggaagaactc ccgaagaag 1440
ccagtcgcag agaagccaca ctgaagctct gtccctcagcc atcagcgcca cggacaggat 1500
tgtgtttctt cccagtgat gcagcctcaa gttatcccga agctgcgcga gcacacgggtg 1560
gtccttgaga aacaccccag ctcttccggt ctaacacagg caagtcaata aatgtgataa 1620
tcacataaac agaattaaaa gcaaagtcac ataagcatct caacagacac agaaaaggca 1680
tttgacaaaa tccagcatcc ttgtattht tggtgcagtt ctgagaggaa atgcttctaa 1740
cttttcccca tttagtatta tggtgggtgt gggctgttca taggtggttt ttattacttt 1800
aaggtatgtc ctttctatgc ctgttttgct gaggggtttta attctcgtgc c 1851

```

&lt;210&gt; 367

&lt;211&gt; 668

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 367

```

cttgagcttc caaataygga agactgcccc ttacacasgt caatgttaaa atgaatgcat 60
ttcagtatth tgaagataaa attrgtagat ctataccttg ttttttgatt cgatatcagc 120
accrtataag agcagtgtt tggccattaa tttatcttcc attrtagaca gortagtgya 180
gagtgggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta 240
acgcacattc atcttccctgg cattgtacgg cctgtcagta ttagacccaa aaacaaatta 300
catatcttag gaattcaaaa taacattcca cagctttcac caactagtta tatttaaagg 360
agaaaactca tttttatgcc atgtattgaa atcaaaccce cctcatgctg atatagtthg 420
ctactgcata cctttatcag agctgtcctc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagttgacat 480
cgtctgtcca gcaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga 540
gcagtcctat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 600
gcaatgattc atgtaactgc aaacactgaa tagcctgcta ttactctgcc tccaaaaaaa 660
aaaaaaaa

```

&lt;210&gt; 368

&lt;211&gt; 1512

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 368

ggggtcgccca	gggggsgcgt	gggctttcct	cgggtgggtg	tgggttttcc	ctgggtgggg	60
tgggctgggc	trgaatcccc	tgctgggggt	ggcagggtttt	ggctgggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggg	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgtaaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgctttctc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgctttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
gacgaytctg	ctatgaagac	actcaggaac	aagatgggca	agtgggtgctg	ccactgcttc	540
ccctgctgca	gggggagcrg	caagagcaag	gtgggcgctt	ggggagacta	cgatgacagt	600
gccttcatgg	agcccaggta	ccacgtccgt	ggagaagatc	tggacaagct	ccacagagct	660
gcctgggtggg	gtaaagtccc	cagaaaggat	ctcatcgcca	tgctcaggga	cactgacgtg	720
aacaagaagg	acaagcaaaa	gaggactgct	ctacatctgg	cctctgccaa	tgggaattca	780
gaagtagtaa	aactcstgct	ggacagacga	tgtcaactta	atgtccttga	caacaaaaag	840
aggacagctc	tgayaaaggc	cgtacaatgc	caggaagatg	aatgtgcgtt	aatgttgctg	900
gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactaygct	960
rtctayaatg	aagataaatt	aatggccaaa	gcactgctct	tatayggtgc	tgatatcgaa	1020
tcaaaaaaca	aggtatagat	ctactaattt	tatcttcaaa	atactgaaat	gcattcattt	1080
taacattgac	gtgtgtaagg	gccagtcttc	cgtatttggg	agctcaagca	taacttgaat	1140
gaaaatattt	tgaaatgacc	taattatctm	agactttatt	ttaaatattg	ttattttcaa	1200
agaagcatta	gagggtacag	tttttttttt	ttaaatgcac	ttctggtaaa	tacttttgtt	1260
gaaaacactg	aatttgtaaa	aggtaatact	tactattttt	caatttttcc	ctcctaggat	1320
ttttttcccc	taatgaatgt	aagatggcaa	aatttgccct	gaaatagggt	ttacatgaaa	1380
actccaagaa	aagttaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aatagagatc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagttcc	1440
taaaaaacag	taatagatac	gaggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaagggtt	aagatatttc	1500
tgatctcgtg	cc					1512

&lt;210&gt; 369

&lt;211&gt; 1853

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 369

ggggtcgccca	gggggsgcgt	gggctttcct	cgggtgggtg	tgggttttcc	ctgggtgggg	60
tgggctgggc	trgaatcccc	tgctgggggt	ggcagggtttt	ggctgggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggg	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgtaaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgctttctc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgctttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtggtgccgc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
gacgaytctg	ctatgaagac	actcaggaac	aagatgggca	agtgggtgctg	ccactgcttc	540
ccctgctgca	gggggagcrg	caagagcaag	gtgggcgctt	ggggagacta	cgatgacagy	600
gccttcatgg	akcccaggta	ccacgtccrt	ggagaagatc	tggacaagct	ccacagagct	660
gcctgggtggg	gtaaagtccc	cagaaaggat	ctcatcgcca	tgctcaggga	cackgaygtg	720
aacaagargg	acaagcaaaa	gaggactgct	ctacatctgg	cctctgccaa	tgggaattca	780
gaagtagtaa	aactcstgct	ggacagacga	tgtcaactta	atgtccttga	caacaaaaag	840
aggacagctc	tgayaaaggc	cgtacaatgc	caggaagatg	aatgtgcgtt	aatgttgctg	900
gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactaygct	960
rtctayaatg	aagataaatt	aatggccaaa	gcactgctct	tatayggtgc	tgatatcgaa	1020
tcaaaaaaca	agcatggcct	cacaccactg	ytacttggtt	tacatgagca	aaaacagcaa	1080
gtsgtgaaat	ttttaatyaa	gaaaaaagcg	aattttaaata	gcrctggata	gatatggaag	1140
ractgctctc	atacttgctg	tatgttggg	atcagcaagt	atagtcagcc	ytctacttga	1200
gcaaaatrtt	gatgtatctt	ctcaagatct	ggaaagacgg	ccagagagta	tgctgtttct	1260



agtcacatc	atgtaatttg	ccagttactt	tctgactaca	aagaaaaaca	gatgttaaaa	1320
atctcttctg	aaaacagcaa	tccagaacaa	gacttaaagc	tgacatcaga	ggaagagtca	1380
caaaggctta	aaggaagtga	aaacagccag	ccagaggcat	ggaaactttt	aaatttaaac	1440
tttttggtta	atgttttttt	tttttgcctt	aataatatta	gatagtccca	aatgaaatwa	1500
cctatgagac	taggctttga	gaatcaatag	attctttttt	taagaatctt	ttggctagga	1560
gcggtgtctc	acgcctgtaa	ttccagcacc	ttgagaggct	gaggtgggca	gatcacgaga	1620
tcaggagatc	gagaccatcc	tggctaacac	ggtgaaaccc	catctctact	aaaaatacaa	1680
aaacttagct	gggtgtggtg	gcgggtgcct	gtagtccag	ctactcagga	rgctgaggca	1740
ggagaatggc	atgaaccccg	gaggtggagg	ttgcagttag	ccgagatccg	ccactacact	1800
ccagcctggg	tgacagagca	agactctgtc	tcaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaa	1853

&lt;210&gt; 370

&lt;211&gt; 2184

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 370

ggcacgagaa	ttaaaaccct	cagcaaaaaca	ggcatagaag	ggacatacct	ttaaagtaata	60
aaaaccacct	atgacaagcc	cacagccaac	ataataactaa	atggggaaaa	gttagaagca	120
tttctcttga	gaactgcaac	aataaaatata	aggatgctgg	attttgtcaa	atgccttttc	180
tgtgtctgtt	gagatgctta	tgtgactttg	cttttaattc	tgtttatgtg	attatcacat	240
ttattgactt	gctgtgttta	gaccggaaga	gctgggggtg	ttctcaggag	ccaccgtgtg	300
ctgcggcagc	ttcgggataa	cttgaggctg	catcactggg	gaagaaacac	aytctctgcc	360
gtggcgctga	tggctgagga	cagagcttca	gtgtggcttc	tctgugactg	gcttcttcgg	420
ggagtctctc	cttcatagtt	catccatagt	gctccagagg	aaaattatac	tattttgtta	480
tggatgaaga	gtattacgtt	gtgcagatat	actgcagtgt	cttcatctct	tgatgtgtga	540
ttgggtaggt	tccaccatgt	tgccgcagat	gacatgattt	cagtacctgt	gtctggctga	600
aaagtgtttg	tttgtgaatg	gatatttgtg	tttctggatc	tcctcctctg	tgggtggaca	660
gctttctcca	ccttgctgga	agtgcctgc	tgtccagaag	tttgatggct	gaggagtata	720
ccatcggtga	tgcacttttc	atttcctgca	tttcttcctc	cctggatgga	cagggggagc	780
ggcaagagca	acgtgggcac	ttctggagac	cacaacgact	cctctgtgaa	gacgcttggg	840
agcaagaggt	gcaagtgggtg	ctgccactgc	ttccctgct	gcaggggagc	ggcaagagca	900
acgtgggtcgc	ttgggagac	tacgatgaca	gcgccttcat	ggatcccagg	taccacgtcc	960
atggagaaga	tctggacaag	ctccacagag	ctgcctgggtg	gggtaaagtc	cccagaaagg	1020
atctcatcgt	catgctcagg	gacacggatg	tgaacaagag	ggacaagcaa	aagaggactg	1080
ctctacatct	ggcctctgcc	aatgggaatt	cagaagttagt	aaaactcgtg	ctggacagac	1140
gatgtcaact	taatgtcctt	gacaacaaaa	agaggacagc	tctgacaaag	gccgtacaat	1200
gccaggaaga	tgaatgtgcg	ttaatgttgc	tggacatgg	cactgatcca	aatattccag	1260
atgagtatgg	aaataccact	ctacactatg	ctgtctacaa	tgaagataaa	ttaatggcca	1320
aagcactgct	cttatacggg	gctgatatcg	aatcaaaaaa	caagcatggc	ctcacaccac	1380
tgctacttgg	tatacatgag	caaaaacagc	aagtggtgaa	atttttaatc	aagaaaaaag	1440
cgaattttaa	tgcgctggat	agatatggaa	gaactgctct	catacttgct	gtatgttgtg	1500
gatcagcaag	tatagtcagc	cctctacttg	agcaaaatgt	tgatgtatct	tctcaagatc	1560
tggaaaagacg	gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagtactt	1620
ttctgactac	aaagaaaaaac	agatgttaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	1680
agacttaaaag	ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaaaggctt	aaaggaagtg	aaaacagcca	1740
gccagaggca	tggaaactttt	taaattttaa	cttttgggtt	aatgtttttt	ttttttgcct	1800
taataatatt	agatagtccc	aaatgaaatw	acctatgaga	ctaggctttg	agaatcaata	1860
gattcttttt	ttaagaatct	tttggctagg	agcgggtgtct	cacgcctgta	attccagcac	1920
cttgagaggc	tgaggtgggc	agatcacgag	atcaggagat	cgagaccatc	ctggctaaca	1980
cgggtgaaacc	ccatctctac	taaaaatata	aaaacttagc	tgggtgtggt	ggcgggtgcc	2040
tgtagtccca	gctactcagg	argctgaggc	aggagaatgg	catgaacccg	ggaggtggag	2100
gttgagtgta	gccgagatcc	gccactacac	tccagcctgg	gtgacagagc	aagactctgt	2160
ctcaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa				2184

<210> 371  
 <211> 1855  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(1855)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371

tgacgcacgc	ggccagtgct	tgtgccacgt	acactgacgc	cccctgagat	gtgcacgcgc	60
cacgcgcacg	ttgcacgcgc	ggcagcggct	tggctggctt	gtaacggctt	gcacgcgcac	120
gccgcccccg	cataaccgct	agactggcct	gtaacggctt	gcaggcgcac	gccgcacgcg	180
cgtaacggct	tggctgccct	gtaacggctt	gcacgtgcat	gctgcacgcg	cgtaacggc	240
ttggctggca	tgtagccgct	tggcttggct	ttgcattt	tgctkggctk	ggcgttgkty	300
tcttggattg	acgcttcttc	cttggatkga	cgtttctctc	ttggatkga	gtttctyty	360
tcgcgttctt	ttgctggact	tgacctttty	tctgctgggt	ttggcattcc	tttgggggtg	420
gctgggtggt	ttctccgggg	gggkktgccc	ttcttgggg	gggcgtgggk	cgccccagg	480
gggcgtgggc	tttccccggg	tgggtgtggg	tttctctggg	gtgggggtggg	ctgtgctggg	540
atccccctgc	tgggggtggc	agggattgac	tttttcttc	aaacagattg	gaaacccgga	600
gtaacntgct	agttgggtgaa	actgggtggg	agacgcgac	tgctgggtact	actgtttctc	660
ctggctgtta	aaagcagatg	gtggctgagg	ttgattcaat	gccggctgct	tcttctgtga	720
agaagccatt	tggctctcagg	agcaagatgg	gcaagtgggt	cgccactgct	tccccctgctg	780
cagggggagc	ggcaagagca	acgtgggcac	ttctggagac	cacaacgact	cctctgtgaa	840
gacgcttggg	agcaagaggt	gcaagtgggt	ctgcccactg	cttccccctgc	tgcaggggag	900
cggcaagagc	aacgtggkcg	cttggggaga	ctacgatgac	agcgccttca	tggakcccag	960
gtaccacgct	crtggagaag	atctggacaa	gctccacaga	gctgcctggg	ggggtaaagt	1020
ccccagaaag	gatctcatcg	tcatgctcag	ggacactgay	gtgaacaaga	rggacaagca	1080
aaagaggact	gctctacatc	tggcctctgc	caatgggaat	tcagaagtag	taaaactcgt	1140
gctggacaga	cgatgtcaac	ttaatgtcct	tgacaacaaa	aagaggacag	ctctgacaaa	1200
ggccgtacaa	tgccaggaag	atgaatgtgc	gttaatgttg	ctggaacatg	gcactgatcc	1260
aaatatccca	gatgagtatg	gaaataccac	tctacactat	gctgtctaca	atgaagataa	1320
attaatggcc	aaagcactgc	tcttatacgg	tgctgatatc	gaatcaaaaa	acaaggata	1380
gatctactaa	ttttatcttc	aaaatactga	aatgcattca	ttttaacatt	gacgtgtgta	1440
agggccagtc	ttccgtatct	ggaagctcaa	gcataacttg	aatgaaaata	ttttgaaatg	1500
acctaattat	ctaagacttt	attttaata	ttgttatctt	caaagaagca	ttagagggtg	1560
cagttttttt	tttttaaatg	cacttctggg	aaatactttt	gttgaaaaca	ctgaatttgt	1620
aaaaggtaat	acttactatt	tttcaatttt	tccctcctag	gatttttttc	ccctaattgaa	1680
tgtaaagatg	caaaatttgc	cctgaaatag	gttttacatg	aaaactccaa	gaaaagttaa	1740
acatgtttca	gtgaatagag	atcctgctcc	tttggcaagt	tcctaaaaaa	cagtaataga	1800
tacgaggtga	tgcgctgtgc	agtggcaagg	tttaagatat	ttctgatctc	gtgcc	1855

<210> 372  
 <211> 1059  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 372

gcaacgtggg	cacttctgga	gaccacaacg	actcctctgt	gaagacgctt	gggagcaaga	60
ggtgcaagtg	gtgctgcccc	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	gagcggcaag	agcaacgtgg	120
gcgcttgrgg	agactmcgat	gacagygcct	tcatggagcc	caggtaccac	gtccgtggag	180
aagatctgga	caagctccac	agagctgccc	tgggtgggta	aagtccccag	aaaggatctc	240
atcgtcatgc	tcaggggacac	tgaygtgaac	aagarggaca	agcaaaagag	gactgctcta	300
catctggcct	ctgccaatgg	gaattcagaa	gtagtaaaac	tcctgctgga	cagacgatgt	360

caacttaatg	tccttgacaa	caaaaagagg	acagctctga	yaaaggccgt	acaatgccag	420
gaagatgaat	gtgctgtaat	gttgctggaa	catggcactg	atccaaatat	tccagatgag	480
tatggaaata	ccactctrca	ctaygctrct	tayaatgaag	ataaattaat	ggccaaagca	540
ctgctcttat	ayggtgctga	tatcgaatca	aaaaacaagg	tatagatcta	ctaattttat	600
cttcaaaata	ctgaaatgca	ttcatTTTTa	cattgacgtg	tgtaaaggcc	agtcctccgt	660
atttggaagc	tcaagcataa	cttgaatgaa	aatattttga	aatgacctaa	ttatctaaga	720
ctttatttta	aatattgtta	ttttcaaaga	agcattagag	ggtacagttt	ttttttttta	780
aatgcacttc	tggtaaatac	ttttgttgaa	aacactgaat	ttgtaaaagg	taatacttac	840
tatttttcaa	ttttccctc	ctaggatttt	tttcccttaa	tgaatgtaag	atggcaaaat	900
ttgccctgaa	ataggtttta	catgaaaact	ccaagaaaag	ttaaacatgt	ttcagtgaat	960
agagatcctg	ctcctttggc	aagttcctaa	aaaacagtaa	tagatacgag	gtgatgcgcc	1020
tgtcagtggc	aaggtttaag	atatttctga	tctcgtgcc			1059

&lt;210&gt; 373

&lt;211&gt; 1155

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 373

atggtggttg	aggttgattc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atttggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagtg	gtgctgccgt	tgcttcccc	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaaggt	gggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccaggtagc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctggtggggg	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tggtgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatggtgctg	atatacgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaattt	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcactat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaaa	tgtctcaaga	1140
accagaaata	aataa					1155

&lt;210&gt; 374

&lt;211&gt; 2000

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 374

atggtggttg	aggttgattc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atttggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagtg	gtgctgccgt	tgcttcccc	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaaggt	gggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccaggtagc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctggtggggg	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aaagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540

tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaattt	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcacatc	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggtgatagag	agggtgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260
aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	cactgctggc	1320
aatggtgata	atggattaat	tcctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380
cctgacaacg	aaagtgaaga	gtatcacaga	atttgcgaa	tagtttctga	ctacaaagaa	1440
aaacagatgc	caaaatactc	ttctgaaaac	agcaaccacg	aacaagactt	aaagctgaca	1500
tcagaggaag	agtcacaaa	gcttgagggc	agtgaaaatg	gccagccaga	gctagaaaaat	1560
tttatggcta	tcgaagaaat	gaagaagcac	ggaagtactc	atgtcggatt	cccagaaaaac	1620
ctgactaatg	gtgccactgc	tggcaatggt	gatgatggat	taattcctcc	aaggaagagc	1680
agaacacctg	aaagccagca	atttcctgac	actgagaatg	aagagtatca	cagtgcagaa	1740
caaaatgata	ctcagaagca	atcttctgaa	gaacagaaca	ctggaatatt	acacgatgag	1800
attctgattc	atgaagaaaa	gcagatagaa	gtgggtgaaa	aaatgaattc	tgagctttct	1860
cttagttgta	agaaagaaaa	agacatcttg	catgaaaata	gtacgttgcg	ggaagaaatt	1920
gccatgctaa	gactggagct	agacacaatg	aaacatcaga	gccagctaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1980
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa					2000

&lt;210&gt; 375

&lt;211&gt; 2040

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 375

atggtgggtg	agggtgatcc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atctgggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagtg	gtgctgccgt	tgcttcccc	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaaggt	gggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccagggtacc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctggtggggg	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgtcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaattt	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcacatc	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggtgatagag	agggtgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260
aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	cactgctggc	1320
aatggtgata	atggattaat	tcctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380

```

cctgacaacg aaagtgaaga gtatcacaga atttgcaaat tagtttctga ctacaaagaa 1440
aaacagatgc caaaatactc ttctgaaaac agcaaccag aacaagactt aaagctgaca 1500
tcagaggaag agtcacaaaag gcttgagggc agtgaaaatg gccagccaga gaaaagatct 1560
caagaaccag aaataaataa ggatgggtgat agagagctag aaaattttat ggctatcgaa 1620
gaaatgaaga agcacggaag tactcatgtc ggattcccag aaaacctgac taatgggtgcc 1680
actgctggca atgggtgatga tggattaatt cctccaagga agagcagaac acctgaaagc 1740
cagcaatttc ctgacactga gaatgaagag tatcacagt acgaacaaaa tgatactcag 1800
aagcaatttt gtgaagaaca gaacactgga atattacacg atgagattct gattcatgaa 1860
gaaaagcaga tagaagtggg tgaaaaaatg aattctgagc tttctcttag ttgtaagaaa 1920
gaaaaagaca tcttgcacga aaatagtagc ttgcgggaag aaattgccat gctaagactg 1980
gagctagaca caatgaaaca tcagagccag ctaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2040

```

```

<210> 376
<211> 329
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 376
Met Asp Ile Val Val Ser Gly Ser His Pro Leu Trp Val Asp Ser Phe
 1             5             10             15
Leu His Leu Ala Gly Ser Asp Leu Leu Ser Arg Ser Leu Met Ala Glu
      20             25             30
Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
      35             40             45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
      50             55             60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
      65             70             75             80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
      85             90             95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
      100            105            110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
      115            120            125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
      130            135            140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
      145            150            155            160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
      165            170            175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
      180            185            190
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
      195            200            205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
      210            215            220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
      225            230            235            240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
      245            250            255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
      260            265            270
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
      275            280            285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

```

290                      295                      300  
 Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu  
 305                      310                      315                      320  
 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met  
                          325

<210> 377

<211> 148

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1) ... (148)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 377

Met Thr Xaa Pro Ser Trp Ser Pro Gly Thr Thr Ser Val Glu Lys Ile  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Trp Thr Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Pro Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys  
                          20                      25                      30  
 Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Xaa Asp Lys  
                          35                      40                      45  
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu  
                          50                      55                      60  
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp  
                          85                      90                      95  
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro  
                          100                      105                      110  
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp  
                          115                      120                      125  
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser  
                          130                      135                      140  
 Lys Asn Lys Val  
 145

<210> 378

<211> 1719

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 378

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys  
 1                      5                      10                      15  
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe  
                          20                      25                      30  
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp  
                          35                      40                      45  
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp  
                          50                      55                      60  
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val  
 65                      70                      75                      80  
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn

[illegible]

Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp  
 530 535 540  
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln  
 545 550 555 560  
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val  
 565 570 575  
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn  
 580 585 590  
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu  
 595 600 605  
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp  
 610 615 620  
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys  
 625 630 635 640  
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys  
 645 650 655  
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys  
 660 665 670  
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala  
 675 680 685  
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly  
 690 695 700  
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser  
 705 710 715 720  
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser  
 725 730 735  
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln  
 740 745 750  
 Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys  
 755 760 765  
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser  
 770 775 780  
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp  
 785 790 795 800  
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly  
 805 810 815  
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn  
 820 825 830  
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe  
 835 840 845  
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser  
 850 855 860  
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn  
 865 870 875 880  
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu  
 885 890 895  
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile  
 900 905 910  
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn  
 915 920 925  
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro  
 930 935 940  
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu  
 945 950 955 960  
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe



					965					970					975				
Cys	Glu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His				
			980					985					990						
Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser				
		995					1000					1005							
Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu				
	1010					1015				1020									
Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ala	Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His				
1025					1030					1035				104					
Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met				
				1045					1050				1055						
Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met				
		1060						1065					1070						
Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys				
	1075						1080					1085							
Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr				
	1090					1095					1100								
Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys				
1105					1110					1115					112				
Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp				
				1125					1130					1135					
Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His				
		1140						1145					1150						
Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp				
	1155						1160					1165							
Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg				
	1170					1175					1180								
Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val				
1185					1190					1195					120				
Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys				
				1205					1210					1215					
Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly				
			1220					1225					1230						
Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn				
	1235						1240					1245							
Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys				</

Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu  
 1410 1415 1420  
 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly  
 1425 1430 1435 144  
 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn  
 1445 1450 1455  
 Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser  
 1460 1465 1470  
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly  
 1475 1480 1485  
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu  
 1490 1495 1500  
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys  
 1505 1510 1515 152  
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser  
 1525 1530 1535  
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu  
 1540 1545 1550  
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser  
 1555 1560 1565  
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe  
 1570 1575 1580  
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe  
 1585 1590 1595 160  
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly  
 1605 1610 1615  
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro  
 1620 1625 1630  
 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln  
 1635 1640 1645  
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile  
 1650 1655 1660  
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser  
 1665 1670 1675 168  
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn  
 1685 1690 1695  
 Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr  
 1700 1705 1710  
 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu  
 1715

&lt;210&gt; 379

&lt;211&gt; 656

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 379

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp  
 35 40 45  
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp  
 50 55 60

Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn  
 85 90 95  
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe  
 115 120 125  
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His  
 130 135 140  
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met  
 145 150 155 160  
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu  
 180 185 190  
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met  
 210 215 220  
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn  
 225 230 235 240  
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys  
 245 250 255  
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr  
 290 295 300  
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His Val  
 340 345 350  
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys  
 385 390 395 400  
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu  
 405 410 415  
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn  
 420 425 430  
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro  
 435 440 445  
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu  
 450 455 460  
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu  
 465 470 475 480  
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp  
 485 490 495  
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu

```

      500      505      510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
      515      520      525
Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
      530      535      540
Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
545      550      555      560
Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
      565      570      575
His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
      580      585      590
Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
      595      600      605
Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
      610      615      620
Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
625      630      635      640
Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
      645      650      655

```

```

<210> 380
<211> 671
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

      <400> 380
Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
  1      5      10      15
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
      20      25      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
      35      40      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
      50      55      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
      85      90      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
      100      105      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
      115      120      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
      130      135      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
      165      170      175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
      180      185      190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
      195      200      205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
      210      215      220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

```

225 230 235 240  
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys  
 245 250 255  
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr  
 290 295 300  
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val  
 340 345 350  
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu  
 370 375 380  
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys  
 385 390 395 400  
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu  
 405 410 415  
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn  
 420 425 430  
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro  
 435 440 445  
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu  
 450 455 460  
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu  
 465 470 475 480  
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp  
 485 490 495  
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu  
 500 505 510  
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp  
 515 520 525  
 Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys  
 530 535 540  
 His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala  
 545 550 555 560  
 Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg  
 565 570 575  
 Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His  
 580 585 590  
 Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn  
 595 600 605  
 Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile  
 610 615 620  
 Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys  
 625 630 635 640  
 Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala  
 645 650 655  
 Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu  
 660 665 670

<210> 381  
 <211> 251  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381

ggagaagcgt	ctgctggggc	aggaaggggt	ttccctgccc	tctcacctgt	ccctcaccaa	60
ggtaacatgc	ttcccctaag	ggtatcccaa	cccaggggcc	tcaccatgac	ctctgagggg	120
ccaatatccc	aggagaagca	ttggggaggt	gggggcaggt	gaaggacca	ggactcacac	180
atcctggggc	tccaaggcag	aggagagggg	cctcaagaag	gtcaggagga	aaatccgtaa	240
caagcagtca	g					251

<210> 382  
 <211> 3279  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382

cttcctgcag	cccccatgct	ggtgaggggc	acgggcagga	acagtggacc	caacatggaa	60
atgctggagg	gtgtcaggaa	gtgatcgggc	tctggggcag	ggaggagggg	tggggagtgt	120
cactgggagg	ggacatcctg	cagaaggtag	gagtgagcaa	acaccgctg	caggggaggg	180
gagagccctg	cggcacctgg	gggagcagag	ggagcagcac	ctgcccaggc	ctgggagggg	240
gggcctggag	ggcgtgagga	ggagcgaggg	ggctgcattg	ctggagttag	ggatcagggg	300
cagggcgcgga	gatggcctca	cacagggaag	agagggcccc	tcctgcaggg	cctcacctgg	360
gccacaggag	gacactgctt	ttcctctgag	gagtcaggag	ctgtggatgg	tgctggacag	420
aagaaggaca	gggcctggct	caggtgtcca	gaggctgtcg	ctggcttccc	tttgggatca	480
gactgcaggg	agggagggcg	gcaggggtgt	ggggggagtg	acgatgagga	tgacctgggg	540
gtggctccag	gccttgcccc	tgccctgggc	ctcaccacgc	ctccctcaca	gtctcctggc	600
cctcagctct	tcacctccac	tccatcctcc	atctggcctc	agtgggtcat	tctgatcact	660
gaactgacca	taccagcccc	tgcccacggc	cctccatggc	tcaccaatgc	cctggagagg	720
ggacatctag	tcagagagta	gtcctgaaga	ggtggcctct	gcgatgtgcc	tgtgggggca	780
gcacctcgca	gatggtcccc	gccctcatcc	tgctgacctg	tctgcaggga	ctgtcctcct	840
ggaccttgcc	ccttgctgag	gagctggacc	ctgaagtccc	ctccccatag	gccaaagactg	900
gagccttggt	ccctctgttg	gactccctgc	ccatattctt	gtgggagtgg	gttctggaga	960
cattctgtgc	tgctcctgag	agctgggaat	tgctctcagt	catctgcctg	cgcggttctg	1020
agagatggag	ttgcctaggc	agttattggg	gccaatcttt	ctcactgtgt	ctctcctcct	1080
ttacccttag	ggtgattctg	gggggtccact	tgtctgtaat	ggtgtgcttc	aaggatcac	1140
atcatggggc	cctgagccat	gtgccctgcc	tgaaaagcct	gctgtgtaca	ccaaggtggt	1200
gcattaccgg	aagtggatca	aggacaccat	cgcagccaac	ccctgagtgc	ccctgtccca	1260
cccctacctc	tagtaaat	aagtcacact	cacgttcttg	catcacttgg	cctttctgga	1320
tgctggacac	ctgaagcttg	gaactcacct	ggccgaagct	cgagcctcct	gagtcctact	1380
gacctgtgct	ttctgggtgtg	gagtcacagg	ctgctaggaa	aaggaatggg	cagacacagg	1440
tgtatgccaa	tgtttctgaa	atgggtataa	tttcgtcctc	tccttcggaa	cactggctgt	1500
ctctgaagac	ttctcgctca	gtttcagtga	ggacacacac	aaagacgtgg	gtgacctatg	1560
tgtttgtggg	gtgcagagat	gggaggggtg	gggcccaccc	tggaagagtg	gacagtgaca	1620
caaggtggac	actctctaca	gatcactgag	gataagctgg	agccacaatg	catgaggcac	1680
acacacagca	agggtgacgc	tgtaaacata	gcccacgctg	tcctgggggc	actgggaagc	1740
ctagataaag	ccgtgagcag	aaagaagggg	aggatcctcc	tatgttgttg	aaggagggac	1800
tagggggaga	aactgaaagc	tgattaatta	caggaggttt	gttcaggtcc	cccaaaccac	1860
cgtcagattt	gatgatttcc	tagcaggact	tacagaaata	aagagctatc	atgctgtggg	1920
ttattatggt	ttgttacatt	gataggatac	atactgaaat	cagcaaacia	aacagatgta	1980
tagattagag	tgtggagaaa	acagagggaa	acttgcaagt	acgaagactg	gcaacttggc	2040
tttactaagt	tttcagactg	gcaggaagtc	aaacctatta	ggctgaggac	cttgtggagt	2100
gtagctgata	cagctgatag	aggaactagc	caggtggggg	cctttccctt	tggatggggg	2160

```

gcatatccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
caaggatgta tgataatatg tacaaagtaa ttccaactga ggaagctcac ctgaccccta 2280
gtgtccaggg tttttactgg gggctctgtag gacgagtatg gactacttga ataattgacc 2340
tgaagtcctc agacctgagg ttccctagag ttcaaacaga tacagcatgg tccagagtcc 2400
cagatgtaca aaaacagggg ttcacacaaa atcccatctt tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
ggcccaaggc cccaagtata tcaaggcact tgggcagaac atgccaagga atcaaatgtc 2520
atctcccagg agttattcaa gggtagagccc ttacttggg atgtacaggc tttgagcagt 2580
gcagggctgc tgagtcaacc ttttattgta caggggatga gggaaagggg gaggatgagg 2640
aagccccctt ggggatttgg tttggtcttg tgatcagggt gtctatgggg ctatccctac 2700
aaagaagaat ccagaaatag gggcacattg aggaatgata ctgagcccaa agagcattca 2760
atcattgttt tatttgcctt cttttcacac cattgggtgag ggagggatta ccacctggg 2820
gttatgaaga tggttgaaca cccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
tagccataga gattcacagc ccagagcagg aggacgctgc acaccatgca ggatgacatg 2940
ggggatgcgc tcgggattgg tgtgaagaag caaggactgt tagaggcagg ctttatagta 3000
acaagacggt ggggcaaact ctgatttccg tgggggaatg tcatggtctt gctttactaa 3060
gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga accttggtga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaagta gccagggtgg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtttt 3279

```

&lt;210&gt; 383

&lt;211&gt; 155

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 383

```

Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
          5                      10                      15

```

```

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
          20                      25                      30

```

```

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
          85                      90                      95

```

```

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
          100                     105                     110

```

```

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
          115                     120                     125

```

```

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
          130                     135                     140

```

```

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
          145                     150

```

<210> 384  
<211> 557  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384  
ggatcctcta gagcgccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60  
aaagatgtgt tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120  
ggggaagggg cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggg 180  
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240  
acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300  
ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccaggacact tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360  
tccccaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420  
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaagt 480  
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540  
aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385  
<211> 337  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385  
ttcccagggt atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatggggct gatcccttta 60  
gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgaccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120  
tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180  
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240  
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctggtt ccctgctcgt gtctggatct 300  
ctttggccac caattcccc tttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386  
<211> 300  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386  
gggcccgtca ccggcccagg cccgcctcgc cgagtcctcc tccccgggtg cctgcccgca 60  
gcccgctcgg ccagaggggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120  
gcgaccttgg ccgaaggct ctacgaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcggcggc 180  
gcggactttg ccggtgtgt ggggcggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240  
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387  
<211> 537  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387  
gggcccagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttcc tctcggatc atcaaggctg 60  
ccccctcctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120  
tgaaccagga ccggttctg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180  
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagt ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240  
gagggggctt gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggct gtccctcttg 300



```
gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttcctgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc cccaagttc aagaccaa atccagctg ccccttcgt gtttcctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctcagcctgg ttagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 537
```

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

```
aggataattt ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa aaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgagggtaaa ccagtttgca tccccctaat gtggaaaaag taaggaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgccctctct acagcttctg agaattgtgt tatttcactt gccaaagtga 180
ggacccccct cccaacatgc cccagcccac ccctaagcat ggtcccttgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttggt gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggtt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatecc atactagact cataactaac tcaactaggc 360
tcataactca ttgatgggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atctttcttc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctggttg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tgggtgggtt ttttctggt 520
```

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

```
cggtgcccc gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagcgc agtggtgccct ctgctcccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ccttcctctg ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365
```

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

```
tgctctcca tcttgcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacgntt ctcatgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgcg tttcaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaa gctggatttc a 221
```

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(325)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391

```
tgagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
naanttn gat ntccanagcc ctaccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccagcg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325
```

<210> 392

<211> 277

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(277)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392

```
atattgttta actccttctt ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaag gttcacatct 60
agtctcactt nggcnagn gn ctcctacttg agtctcttcc cggcctgnn ccagtngnaa 120
antaccanga accgncatgn cttaanaacn ncctgggttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
tgacgtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggcgg 240
ctgaggatac agcgccgcgt cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277
```

<210> 393

<211> 566

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393

```
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttcgcgccg cgctcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga ttaaattcag cctaaacggt 120
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
gagaaggtct agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatatca ggactgggta cttgggtaag 240
gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttggga 300
gggtgggttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcctcctgta aacattttat 360
catttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttgtt tttgctagtt tgtgtgttg aaaaaaaaaa 480
cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566
```

<210> 394

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

```
gaacatacat gtcccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaattng gaccggggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccggttgg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt                                     384
```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

```
ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcattcatt cggaatttgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcagctct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggt 360
gcagcctggt gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac                                     399
```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

```
tggagttntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata ttttctctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gttttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt                                     403
```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 397

actagtnacg tgtggtggaa ttcgcggccg cgtcgacctt naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60  
tccatccccg ctccctggtg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

&lt;210&gt; 398

&lt;211&gt; 278

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(278)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 398

gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgcgccctg ggtggggatg tgctgcacgc 60  
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120  
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgagggtg actcatcatg 180  
ctccgggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240  
ctatggcccg ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

&lt;210&gt; 399

&lt;211&gt; 298

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(298)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 399

acggagggtg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60  
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctggggca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120  
ccgagatcga gcgcattggc ctgggtcatgg accgcattgg ctccgtggag cgcattggct 180  
ccggcattga gcgcattggc ccgctgggccc tcgaccacat ggctccanc attgancgca 240  
tgggcccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcatggg 298

&lt;210&gt; 400

&lt;211&gt; 548

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 400

acatcaacta ctctctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcateccctt ttctgcctt 60  
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa ttctcttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagg 120  
caaagaacca cagccttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180  
tgagtctctt ttttccacgt ttaaggggccc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240  
tgcagagggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatcccg 300  
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360  
gttggtccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420  
ctttccagtg atctcctacc atgggcccc ctctgggat caagccctc ccaggccctg 480  
tccccagccc ctctgcccc agcccacccg ctgtccttgg tgctcagccc tccattggg 540  
agcaggtt 548

<210> 401  
<211> 355  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(355)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401  
actgtttcca tggtatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gtccttgga acttagcttt 60  
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ccttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120  
taagagtggg ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180  
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgcc atggtggcgg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240  
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnngg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300  
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402  
<211> 407  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(407)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402  
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60  
tctcacatgc ggtggcatat ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa ttttcaagc 120  
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag cagggtgttg actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180  
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaagggtggc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240  
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgtctagg 300  
ttgtggagct tctccctgc agagagtcct tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360  
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403  
<211> 303  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(303)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403  
cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaatcc aggcacacaa 60  
tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atgggtgaaa tgcaaaagga gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120  
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180  
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacacaa 240  
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattattttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300  
gga 303

<210> 404  
<211> 225  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404  
aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60  
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagtgc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120  
acattttcca ctcgtgtttc catagtgtgt aagtgtatca gatgtgttgg gcatgtgaat 180  
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcac 225

<210> 405  
<211> 334  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(334)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405  
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaat ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60  
ttcaatacac ctccccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120  
tcattcccat cccatgccaa aggaagacct tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctaggc 180  
ttcccagtcg ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtgt 240  
ctggtgcggt tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300  
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatcccac ccct 334

<210> 406  
<211> 216  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(216)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406  
tttcatacct aatgaggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60  
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120  
acnaaacaca aattnnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180  
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407  
<211> 413  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407  
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60  
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120  
gtacaacatt gcacccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180  
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300  
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt ttctctgtca 360  
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atgggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408  
<211> 183  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(183)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408  
ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60  
tncttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcotta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120  
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttcttggtta cccatgtact 180  
ntt 183

<210> 409  
<211> 250  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(250)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409  
cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60  
gtgggttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120  
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180  
gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgcntcctt gctggggggg 240  
ggcctatgc 250

<210> 410  
<211> 306  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(306)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410  
ggctggttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60  
agtcttgcaa tcccatgtgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gagcagcatt 120  
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgctg ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180  
aagggtgttg aatggtgaaa accgcttctt tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240  
nactggttgg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300  
tcntgc 306

<210> 411  
<211> 261  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(261)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411  
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60  
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120  
tttaaattgc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180  
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240  
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412  
<211> 241  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(241)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412  
gttcaatgtt acctgacatt tctacaacac ccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgccagtg 60  
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgccagg aaatactacg 120  
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180  
ctgggagatt tcactgggta cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240  
a 241

<210> 413  
<211> 231  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(231)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413  
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc cttccactg tctcatctcc 60  
ctcatccaag tttctagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120  
aagtttactc tctctattg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tctgggtct gaggggtcca 180  
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414  
<211> 234  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens



&lt;400&gt; 414

```
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaacataaac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttcctttgg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggagggtg attgaagtcc tcca      234
```

&lt;210&gt; 415

&lt;211&gt; 217

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(217)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 415

```
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cacttttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc      217
```

&lt;210&gt; 416

&lt;211&gt; 213

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(213)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 416

```
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggngctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtggttaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag      213
```

&lt;210&gt; 417

&lt;211&gt; 303

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(303)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 417

```
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaatc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggtc 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt      303
```

<210> 418  
<211> 328  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(328)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418  
tttttggcgg tgggtggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60  
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgectcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120  
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180  
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240  
tcagnggtca ggctgggtct aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300  
aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419  
<211> 389  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(389)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419  
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatag 60  
accctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120  
cttgtttct ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagtgtgt gcaactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180  
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggg gtgccaggca 240  
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctactcgtc cccgcaaagt gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300  
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360  
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

<210> 420  
<211> 408  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420  
gttctccta actcctgcc gaaacagctc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60  
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gtttttttcc tggctagacc 120  
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180  
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgaccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240  
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300  
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360  
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgctatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

<210> 421  
<211> 352  
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggtct tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac acttgagtc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacaggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcattgc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352
```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcgggaggc tccaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtgggtcaagg 120
gcatagacaa ggtgccggcg atcgcgggcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggtc agccgtgac 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcgagg cataagggtc 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgagg attcaccgac 300
gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337
```

<210> 423

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(310)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggctggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
tccgagttta 310
```

<210> 424

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(370)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 424

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atagggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
cactgacaga acaggtcttt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
ccttcttgaa gattcttttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
cacgaagggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
tccgtcgacg                                     370
```

&lt;210&gt; 425

&lt;211&gt; 216

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(216)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 425

```
aattgctatn ntttattttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaata 60
taacaacnca acatcaagg n anaanaaca ggaatggntg acntgcata aatnggccga 120
anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc agntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccag 180
gagntntca ggaccgctcg atgtnttntg aggagg                                     216
```

&lt;210&gt; 426

&lt;211&gt; 596

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 426

```
cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgaggttc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gcccgaaggg tcgctggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatgggtga 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg cttcccagc acgactcga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcc ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcactgcc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattggtc tactgcctga 540
gtcccgtcgg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596
```

&lt;210&gt; 427

&lt;211&gt; 107

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(107)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 427

```
gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60
```

cccgaggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng

107

&lt;210&gt; 428

&lt;211&gt; 38

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(38)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 428

gaacttcena anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt

38

&lt;210&gt; 429

&lt;211&gt; 544

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 429

ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgaccto ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60  
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120  
atatccacga actccttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatcat cggttttcag 180  
tttggatggg ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240  
gccttccact tcagttacac ctcaatcacc atcctctcct gttggttctg tgctgcttca 300  
agataactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360  
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420  
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480  
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggtg gtaggagaga 540  
ttat 544

&lt;210&gt; 430

&lt;211&gt; 507

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(507)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 430

cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtggg aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60  
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccocgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120  
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgcn 180  
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgagggg gttccaggag 240  
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300  
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggg ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360  
tgtcagtgaa tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420  
cattctcttc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480  
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

&lt;210&gt; 431

&lt;211&gt; 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431

```
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtccctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgttagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392
```

<210> 432

<211> 387

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(387)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

```
ggtatcanta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcggn a gtccagccac tgngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca tttccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387
```

<210> 433

<211> 281

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(281)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433

```
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggn gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagnagg ntctctgtnt gccactgggt 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281
```

<210> 434

<211> 484

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 434

```
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtac tctttctctc cctcctctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatatgt 120
tggtgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtgaa tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacccat ttcacccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaacc 360
tgctccaatc tgctacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaaataag taccatgtc 480
ttaa 484
```

&lt;210&gt; 435

&lt;211&gt; 424

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 435

```
gcgcgcgtca gagcaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agcccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca gggtcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaaccct ctcctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgag 180
atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcattgtgc ggggtgacc 240
cttgagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagagg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaaacctc ggactcccca tgctctaact cccactctc 360
gctatcagaa acttaacctt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac 424
```

&lt;210&gt; 436

&lt;211&gt; 667

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(667)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 436

```
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataaggggtg 120
agcctcttct ggaattcttc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacaggggt 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cgggtcaacgt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatata tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcgggtctc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttggtc agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag 667
```

&lt;210&gt; 437

&lt;211&gt; 693

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 437

```

ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggctactcct ctattttcac cctctctgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
cattttccca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
at ttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctattttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693

```

&lt;210&gt; 438

&lt;211&gt; 360

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 438

```

ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgtttgtga tctttgccac ctctgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctgtgtg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccag ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360

```

&lt;210&gt; 439

&lt;211&gt; 431

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(431)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 439

```

gttcctnnta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcttcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tgccaggggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gcttttttcc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggg gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat ggtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t 431

```

&lt;210&gt; 440

&lt;211&gt; 523

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens



&lt;400&gt; 440

```
agagataaag cttaggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttacccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcctggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaac acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcactctga tgagaacaag cta 523
```

&lt;210&gt; 441

&lt;211&gt; 430

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 441

```
gttcctccta actcctgcc aacacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtc tcttggttct gcttttttcc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgacttttgt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccatatga cacttttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attccttgaat gagtccata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcgcccgcg 420
aathtagtag 430
```

&lt;210&gt; 442

&lt;211&gt; 362

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 442

```
ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaagctat 180
atgtttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaataat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362
```

&lt;210&gt; 443

&lt;211&gt; 624

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(624)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 443

```
ttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtag tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
```

```

cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaaacttg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaatgaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga ggggaagggtt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624

```

```

<210> 444
<211> 425
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(425)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 444
gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccg aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgggtg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcatectgt gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425

```

```

<210> 445
<211> 414
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(414)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 445
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaatacgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcattgtggc agattatttg atgtagtttc ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatagact aggccttctcc tcttgtattt tgaagcagtg 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tgcacgcggc cgcaatttta gtag 414

```

```

<210> 446
<211> 631
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(631)

```

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446

```
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcaggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttgttc 180
ccggctcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtgggtggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaaccttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatggt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccctg catttgtggg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatattg ttaagtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631
```

<210> 447

<211> 585

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(585)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

```
ccttgggaaa antntcacaa tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagttcttga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tggtgctgca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacagggctg 300
ccagggttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggtga gtacacttcg gtcta 585
```

<210> 448

<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(93)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448

```
tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nncgaaactg acctgcccag ccttgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag 93
```

<210> 449

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(706)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 449

```
ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
cctggagagg agtgtgtctag tcagagagta gtcctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggcg cgtcccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
gttgggaagg gcgatcgggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc cagggttttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcattgcacg 420
cgtacgtaag ctgggatcct ctagagcggc cgcctactac tactaaattc gcggccgcgt 480
cgacgtggga tcncactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
aacaggttga acctgggagg tggaggttgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncacca 660
gcatggatga cagagtgaaa ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706
```

&lt;210&gt; 450

&lt;211&gt; 493

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 450

```
gagacggagt gtcactctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatcct atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccaata tcaactgcatg 180
agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
caagtcagggt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
agagacactg tcagagagtt aaaaagttag ttctatccat gaggtgattc cacagtcttc 360
tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactggt caaactctgc 420
tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggg cgacgcggcc 480
gcgaatttag tag 493
```

&lt;210&gt; 451

&lt;211&gt; 501

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(501)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 451

```
gggcgcgtcc cattcgccat tcaggctgcg caactgttgg gaagggcgat cgggtcggggc 60
ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagtgggt 120
aacgccaggg ttttcccagt cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcggc cgcgtcgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300
tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360
cgcncacagc actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggccnctgcn ccccgacatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480
```

tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

501

<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacggtttc accnttaca cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c

51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60  
acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatggttc tcagaacctat 120  
ttcacccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180  
taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240  
cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300  
tacctatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcgaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcattaata 60  
taagccacgc cacgctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120  
agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180  
ccttcctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctcctc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggttc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60  
cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120  
gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcctttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180  
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtctcc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456

```
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaaccct gtctgtttac tgtaaccttt 120
tgcactcaaa ttcctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccttgactga cattgccaag t 231
```

<210> 457

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(231)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457

```
cgaggtaccc aggggtctga aaatctctnn tttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcatca 60
gcattcctta atatgatctt gctataatta gatTTTTctc cattagagtt catacagttt 120
tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231
```

<210> 458

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458

```
aggtctggtt cccccactt ccactccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctgggccaag 60
agaagagggg tggttaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccacctcta ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggctctgggt taggcatttt ggggggcccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231
```

<210> 459

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459

```
ggtaccgagg ctgctgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60
ccttcgcaaa acctgtggtg gccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agacagagca 120
gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231
```

<210> 460

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

```
gcagggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccggtgac atggggaggg 60
cctatcaccc tattcttggg ggtgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaaat 120
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtcacccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231
```

<210> 461

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

```
cgaggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcggcct agggaggggc 60
gctgtgctc cagaagagtg tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgcctg tgtgtcctgg 120
gtggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaattggt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231
```

<210> 462

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

```
aggtaccctc attgtagcca tgggaaaatt gatgttcagt ggggatcagt gaattaaatg 60
gggtcatgca agtataaaaa ttaaaaaaaaa aagacttcat gccaatctc atatgatgtg 120
gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttccagag tcttacattt 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231
```

<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

```
tactccagcc tggtagacaga gcgagaccct atcacccccc cccaccccac caaaaaaaaa 60
actgagtaga caggtgtcct cttggcatgg taagtcttaa gtcccctccc agatctgtga 120
catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cgggtgtccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
tggggagggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcggg atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231
```

<210> 464

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

```
gtactctaag attttatcta agttgccttt tctgggtggg aaagtttaac cttagtgact 60
aaggacatca catatgaaga atgtttaagt tggagggtggc aacgtgaatt gcaaacaggg 120
cctgtctcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
ggtgccagcg caccagctag atgctctgta acttctaggc cccattttcc c 231
```

<210> 465

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

```

catgttggtg tagctgtggt aatgctggct gcatctcaga cagggttaac ttcagctcct 60
gtggcaaat agcaacaaat tctgacatca tatttatggt ttctgtatct ttgttgatga 120
aggatggcac aatttttgct tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
taaactggag acatgcagga cattagggta gtgtttagc tctggtaatg a 231

```

&lt;210&gt; 466

&lt;211&gt; 231

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 466

```

cagggtacctc tttccattgg atactgtgct agcaagcatg ctctccgggg tttttttaat 60
ggccttcgaa cagaacttgc cacataccca ggtataatag tttctaacat ttgccagga 120
cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctagctggag aagtcacaaa gactataggc 180
aataatggag accagtccca caagatgaca accagtcgtt gtgtgaggct g 231

```

&lt;210&gt; 467

&lt;211&gt; 311

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 467

```

gtacaccctg gcacagtcca atctgaactg gttcggcact catctttcat gagatggatg 60
tggcggcttt tctccttttt catcaagact cctcagcagg gagccagac cagcctgcac 120
tgtgccttaa cagaaggctc tgagattcta agtggaatc atttcagtga ctgtcatgtg 180
gcatgggtct ctgcccaagc tcgtaatgag actatagcaa ggcggctgtg ggacgtcagt 240
tgtgacctgc tgggcctccc aatagactaa caggcagtgc cagttggacc caagagaaga 300
ctgcagcaga c 311

```

&lt;210&gt; 468

&lt;211&gt; 3112

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 468

```

cattgtgttg ggagaaaaac agaggggaga tttgtgtggc tgcagccgag ggagaccagg 60
aagatctgca tgggtggaag gacctgatga tacagagttt gataggagac aattaaaggc 120
tggaaggcac tggatgcctg atgatgaagt ggactttcaa actggggcac tactgaaacg 180
atgggatggc cagagacaca ggagatgagt tggagcaagc tcaataacaa agtggttcaa 240
cgaggacttg gaattgcatg gagctggagc tgaagtttag cccaattgtt tactagttga 300
gtgaatgttg atgattggat gatcatttct catctctgag cctcaggttc cccatccata 360
aaatgggata cacagtatga tctataaagt gggatatagt atgatctact tcaactgggtt 420
atttgaagga tgaattgaga taatttattt cagggtgccta gaacaatgcc cagattagta 480
catttggttg aactgagaaa tggcataaca ccaaatttaa tatatgtcag atgttactat 540
gattatcatt caatctcata gttttgtcat ggcccaattt atcctcactt gtgcctcaac 600
aaattgaact gttaacaaag gaatctctgg tcctgggttaa tggctgagca ccactgagca 660
tttccattcc agttggcttc ttgggtttgc tagctgcac actagtcac ttaaataaat 720
gaagttttaa catttctcca gtgatttttt tatctcacct ttgaagatac tatgttatgt 780
gattaaataa agaacttgag aagaacaggt ttcattaaac ataaaatcaa tgtagacgca 840
aattttctgg atgggcaata cttatgttca caggaaatgc tttaaaatat gcagaagata 900
attaaatggc aatggacaaa gtgaaaaact tagacttttt tttttttttt ggaagtatct 960
ggatgttcct tagtcactta aaggagaact gaaaaatagc agtgagttcc acataatcca 1020
acctgtgaga ttaaggctct ttgtggggaa ggacaaagat ctgtaaatct acagtttctc 1080
tccaaagcca acgtcgaatt ttgaaacata tcaaagctct tcttcaagac aaataatcta 1140
tagtacatct ttcttatggg atgcacttat gaaaaatggg ggctgtcaac atctagtcac 1200

```



```

tttagctctc aaaatgggtc attttaagag aaagtttttag aatctcatat ttattcctgt 1260
ggaaggacag cattgtggct tggactttat aaggctctta ttcaactaaa taggtgagaa 1320
ataagaaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat ctgctgaaat ggagataatt 1380
aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa gtagtgacat gtttttgcac 1440
atttccagcc cctttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac aaaaggaagc acagagatcc 1500
ctgggagaaa tggccggccg ccatcttggg tcatcgatga gcctcgccct gtgcctggtc 1560
ccgcttgtga ggggaaggaca ttagaaaatg aattgatgtg ttctttaaag gatgggcagg 1620
aaaacagatc ctgttgtgga tatttatttg aacgggatta cagatttgaa atgaagtcac 1680
aaagtgagca ttaccaatga gaggaaaaaca gacgagaaaa tcttgatggc ttcacaagac 1740
atgcaacaaa caaaatggaa tactgtgatg acatgaggca gccaaagctgg ggaggagata 1800
accacggggc agaggggtcag gattctggcc ctgctgccta aactgtgcgt tcataaccaa 1860
atcatttcat atttctaacc ctcaaaacaa agctgttgta atatctgatc tctacgggtc 1920
cttctggggc caacattctc catatatcca gccacactca tttttaatat ttagttccca 1980
gatctgtact gtgaccttct tacactgtag aataacatta ctcattttgt tcaaagacct 2040
ttcgtgttg cgcctaata gttagctgact gtttttctta aggagtgttc tggcccaggg 2100
gatctgtgaa caggctggga agcatctcaa gatctttcca gggttatact tactagcaca 2160
cagcatgatc attacggagt gaattatcta atcaacatca tcctcagtggt ctttggccat 2220
actgaaattc atttcccact tttgtgcccc ttctcaagac ctcaaaatgt cattccatta 2280
atatcacagg attaactttt ttttttaacc tggagaatt caatgttaca tgcagctatg 2340
ggaatttaat tacatatatt gttttccagt gcaaagatga ctaagtcctt tatccctccc 2400
ctttgtttga ttttttttcc agtataaagt taaaatgctt agccttgtac tgaggctgta 2460
tacagccaca gcctctcccc atccctccag ccttatctgt catcaccatc aaccctccc 2520
atgcacctaa acaaaatcta acttgtaatt ccttgaacat gtcaggcata cattattcct 2580
tctgctgag aagctcttcc ttgtctctta aatctagaat gatgtaaagt tttgaataag 2640
ttgactatct tacttcatgc aaagaaggga cacatatgag attcatcatc acatgagaca 2700
gcaaatacta aaagtgtaat ttgattataa gagttttagt aaatatatga aatgcaagag 2760
ccacagaggg aatgtttatg gggcacgttt gatagcctgg gatgtgaagc aaaggcaggg 2820
aacctcatag tatcttatat aatatacttc atttctctat ctctatcaca atatccaaca 2880
agcttttcac agaattcatg cagtgc aaat ccccaaaggt aacctttatc catttcatgg 2940
tgagtgcgct ttagaatttt ggcaaatcat actggctact tatctcaact ttgagatgtg 3000
tttgtccttg tagttaattg aaagaaatag ggcactcttg tgagccactt tagggttcac 3060
tcctggaat aaagaattta caaagagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 3112

```

&lt;210&gt; 469

&lt;211&gt; 2229

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 469

```

agctctttgt aaattcttta ttgccaggag tgaaccctaa agtggctcac aagagtggcc 60
tatttctttc aattaactac aaggacaaac acatctcaaa gttgagataa gtgaccagta 120
tgatttgcca aaattctaaa gcgcactcac catgaaatgg ataaaggtta cctttgggga 180
tttgactgct atgaattctg tgaaaagctt gttggatatt gtgatagaga tagagaaatg 240
aagtatatta tataagatac tatgagggtc cctgcctttg cttcacatcc caggcttaca 300
aacgtgcccc ataaacattc cctctgtggc tcttgcattt catatattta tctaaactct 360
tataatcaaa tacactttta gtatttgctg tctcatgtga tgatgaatct catatgtgtc 420
ccttctttgc atgaagtaag atagtcaact tattcaaaac ttacatcat tctagattta 480
agagacaagg aagagcttct caggcagaag gaataatgta tgcctgacat gttcaaggaa 540
ttacaagtta gattttgttt aggtgcatgg gaggggttga tggatgatgac agataaggct 600
ggagggatgg ggagaggctg tggctgtata cagcctcagt acaaggctaa gcattttaac 660
tttatactgg aaaaaaatc aaacaaaggg gagggataaa ggacttagtc atctttgcac 720
tggaatacaa aatatgtaat taaattccca tagctgcatg taacattgaa ttcttcagg 780
ttaaaaaaaaa agttaatcct gtgatattaa tggaaatgaca ttttgaggct ttgagaatgg 840
gcacaaaagt gggaaatgaa tttcagtatg ggcaagaca ctgaggatga tgttgattag 900
ataattcact ccgtaatgat catgctgtgt gctagtaagt ataaccctgg aaagatcttg 960

```

```

agatgcttcc cagcctgttc acagatcccc tgggccagaa cactccttag gaaaaacagt 1020
cagctacata ttaggcagca acacgaaggg tctttgaaca aaatgagtaa tgttattcta 1080
cagtgtagaa aggtcacagt acagatctgg gaactaaata ttaaaatga gtgtggctgg 1140
atatatggag aatggtgggc ccagaaggaa ccgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg 1200
ttttgagggg tagaaatatg aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttagg gcagcagggc 1260
cagaatcctg accctctgcc ccgtggttat ctctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgtcat 1320
cacagtattc cattttgttt gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt 1380
tttctctca ttggtaatgc tcactttgtg acttcatttc aaatctgtaa tcccgttcaa 1440
ataaatatcc acaacaggat ctgttttctt gccatcctt taaggaaacac atcaattcat 1500
tttctaattg ctttccctca caagcgggac caggcacagg gcgaggctca tcgatgacct 1560
aagatggcgg ccgggcattt ctcccagggg tctctgtgct tccttttgtg cttcctgtgt 1620
gtgtggatat ttaaaggggc tggaaatgtg caaaaacatg tcactactta gacattatat 1680
tgtcatcttg ctgtttctag tgatgttaat tatctccatt tcagcagatg tgtggcctca 1740
gatggtaaag tcagcagcct ttcttatttc tcacctggaa atacatacga ccatttgagg 1800
agacaaatgg caaggtgtca gcataccctg aacttgagtt gagagctaca cacaatatta 1860
ttggtttccg agcatcacia acacctctc tgtttcttca ctgggcacag aattttaata 1920
cttatttcag tgggctgttg gcaggaacaa atgaagcaat ctacataaag tcactagtgc 1980
agtgcctgac acacaccatt ctcttgaggt cccctctaga gatcccacag gtcatatgac 2040
ttcttgggga gcagtggctc acacctgtaa tcccagcact ttgggaggct gaggcaggtg 2100
ggtcacctga ggtcaggagt tcaagaccag cctggccaat atggtgaaac cccatctcta 2160
ctaaaaatc aaaaattagc tgggcgtgct ggtgcatgcc tgtaatccca gcccacacac 2220
aatggaatt
2229

```

&lt;210&gt; 470

&lt;211&gt; 2426

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 470

```

gtaaattctt tattgccagg agtgaaccct aaagtggctc acaagagtgc cctatttctt 60
tcaattaact acaaggacaa acacatctca aagttgagat aagtgaccag tatgatattgc 120
caaaattcta aagcgcactc accatgaaat ggataaaggt tacctttggg gatttgcact 180
gcatgaattc tgtgaaaagc ttgttgata ttgtgataga gatagagaaa tgaagtatat 240
tatataagat actatgaggt tccctgcctt tgcttcacat cccaggotta caaacgtgcc 300
ccataaacat tccctctgtg gctcttgcac ttcatatatt tatctaaact cttataatca 360
aattacactt ttagtatttg ctgtctcatg tgatgatgaa tctcatatgt gtcccttctt 420
tgcatgaaat aagatagtc aactttacat cattctagat ttaagagaca 480
aggaagagct tctcaggcag aaggaataat gtatgcctga catgttcaag gaattacaag 540
ttagattttg tttaggtgca tgggaggggt tgatggtgat gacagataag gctggaggga 600
tggggagagg ctgtggctgt atacagcctc agtacaaggc taagcatttt aactttatac 660
tggaaaaaaa atcaaacaaa ggggagggat aaaggactta gtcactcttg cactggaaaa 720
caaaatatgt aattaaattc ccatagctgc atgtaacatt gaattcttcc aggttaaaaa 780
aaaaagttaa tctgtgata ttaatggaat gacattttga ggtcttgaga atgggcacaa 840
aagtgggaaa tgaatttcag tatgggcaaa gacactgagg atgatgttga ttagataatt 900
cactccgtaa tgatcatgct gtgtgctagt aagtataacc ctggaaagat cttgagatgc 960
ttcccagcct gttcacagat cccctgggcc agaacactcc ttaggaaaaa cagtcagcta 1020
catattagga agcaacacga agggctcttg aacaaaatga gtaatgttat tctacagtgt 1080
agaaaggtca cagtacagat ctgggaacta aatattaaaa atgagtgtgg ctggatatat 1140
ggagaatgtt gggcccagaa ggaaccgtag agatcagata ttacaacagc ttgtttttga 1200
gggttagaaa tatgaaatga tttggttatg aacgcacagt ttaggcagca gggccagaat 1260
cctgaccttc tgccccgtgg ttatctcttc cccagcttgg ctgcctcatg tcatcacagt 1320
attccatttt gtttgttgca tgtcttctga agccatcaag attttctcgt ctgttttctt 1380
ctcattggta atgctcactt tgtgacttca tttcaaatct gtaatcccg tcaaataaat 1440
atccacaaca ggatctgttt tctgcccac cttttaagga acacatcaat tcattttcta 1500
atgtccttcc ctcaaacg ggaaccaggca cagggcgagg ctcatcgatg acccaagatg 1560

```

```
gcggccgggc atttctccca gggatctctg tgttctctt tgtgttctt gtgtgtgtgg 1620
atattttaaag gggctggaaa tgtgcaaaaa catgtcacta cttagacatt atattgtcat 1680
cttgctgttt ctagtgatgt taattatctc catttcagca gatgtgtggc ctcagatggg 1740
aaagttagca gcctttctta tttctcacct ggaaatacat acgaccattt gaggagacaa 1800
atggcaaggt gtcagcatac cctgaacttg agttgagagc tacacacaat attattgggt 1860
tccgagcatc acaaacaccc tctctgtttc ttcactgggc acagaatttt aatacttatt 1920
tcagtgggct gttggcagga acaaataag caatctacat aaagtcacta gtgcagtggc 1980
tgacacacac cattctcttg aggtcccctc tagagatccc acaggtcata tgacttcttg 2040
gggagcagtg gctcacacct gtaatcccag cactttggga ggctgaggca ggtgggtcac 2100
ctgaggtcag gagttcaaga ccagcctggc caatatgggt aaaccccatc tctactaaaa 2160
atacaaaaat tagctgggcg tgcctggtga tgcctgtaat cccagctact tgggaggctg 2220
aggcaggaga attgctggaa catgggaggc ggaggttgca gtgagctgta attgtgccat 2280
tgactcgaa cctgggagac agagtggaa cctgtttcca aaaaacaaac aaacaaaaaa 2340
ggcatagtca gatacaacgt ggggtgggat tgtaaataga agcaggatat aaagggcatg 2400
gggtgacggg tttgcccac acaatg                                     2426
```

<210> 471

<211> 812

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 471

```
gaacaaaatg agtaatgtta ttctacagtg tagaaaggtc acagtacaga tctgggaact 60
aaatattaaa aatgagtgtg gctggatata tggagaatgt tgggcccaga aggaaccgta 120
gagatcagat attacaacag ctttgttttg agggtagaa atatgaaatg atttggttat 180
gaacgcacag tttaggcagc agggccagaa tcctgaccct ctgcccctg gttatctcct 240
ccccagcttg gctgctcat gtcacacag tatccattt tgttgttg atgtcttg 300
aagccatcaa gattttctcg tctgttttcc tctcattggt aatgtcact ttgtgacttc 360
atttcaaadc tgtaatcccg ttcaaataaa tatccacaac aggatctgtt ttctgcccc 420
tcctttaagg aacacatcaa ttcatcttct aatgtccttc ctcacaagc gggaccaggc 480
acagggcgag gctcatcgat gaccacaagat ggcgggcggg catttctccc agggatctct 540
gtgttctctt ttgtgcttcc tgtgtgtgtg gatattttaa ggggctggaa atgtgcaaaa 600
acatgtcact acttagacat tatattgtca tcttgctgtt tctagtgtg ttaattatct 660
ccatttcagc agatgtgtgg ctcagatgg taaagtcagc agcctttctt atttctcacc 720
tctgtatcat caggtccttc ccaccatgca gatcttctcg gtctcctcgt gctgcagcca 780
cacaatctc ccctctgttt ttctgatgcc ag                                     812
```

<210> 472

<211> 515

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(515)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 472

```
acggagactt attttctgat attgtctgca tatgtatgtt tttaagagtc tggaaatagt 60
cttatgactt tcctatcatg cttattaata aataatacag cccagagaag atgaaaatgg 120
gttccagaat tattggctct tgcagcccgg tgaatctcag caagaggaa caccaactga 180
caatcaggat attgaacctg gacaagagag agaaggaaca cctccgatcg aagaacgtaa 240
agtagaaggt gattgccagg aaatggatct ggaaaagact cggagtggagc gtggagatgg 300
ctctgatgta aaagagaaga ctccacctaa tcctaagcat gctaagacta aagaagcagg 360
agatgggcag ccataagtta aaaagaagac aagctgaagc tacacacatg gctgatgtca 420
```

cattgaaaat gtgactgaaa atttgaaaat tctctcaata aagtttgagt tttctctgaa 480  
gaaaaaaaaa naaaaaaaaa aaanaaaan aaaaa 515